The Bee.

VOL. XVI. NO. 80. TOLEDO, OHIO, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 29, 1891. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

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We Save You from Ten to Twenty Per Cent in Living Expenses.

White Clover Honey, per 1 lb caps	20
Blooker's Dutch Cocoa, per ½ lb cans	50
Van Houten's Cocoa, per ½ lb can	45
Bensdorp's Cocoa, per ½ lb can	35
Baker's Premium Chocolate, per lb	40
25 lbs Extra C Sugar for	1 00
Highland Evaporated Cream, per can	18
C & B British Table Salt, per jar	18
Potted Ham, per ¼ lb cans	08

We Retail Cigars at Wholesale Prices.

Dunbar's Shrimps, per can	25
" " per doz cans	2 60
Salmon Steak, per can	20
" " per doz cans	2 25
Alaska Salmon, per can	14
" " per doz cans	1 50
Knox's Sparkling Gelatine, per pkg	10
" " per doz	1 00
Silver Soap, per box	3 75
Babbett's Best Soap, per box	4 25

We Retail Cigars at Wholesale Prices.

Dobbin's Electric Soap, per box	4 80
Scourene, 6 cakes for	25
Zomonia, per box 1 lb pkgs	4 00
Murray & Lanman's Florida Water, per bot	50
Oakley's Florida Water, per bot	35
Kirk's Shandon Bells Soap, per doz	2 50
" " " " per cake	25
Colgate's Cashmere Bouquet Soap, per doz	2 50
" " " per cke	21
Smith's India Pale Ale, per doz	1 40
Bass Ale, Dog Head, per doz	2 20
" " White Label, per doz	2 20

SILVER SOAP

Is the Laundry Staple in Toledo.

Buy the Best and Pay the Least

—AT—

ARMSTRONG & CLARKE'S.

RECIPROCITY.

Mr. Blaine is right. We believe in reciprocity and practice it as far as possible with our customers.

Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, &c., sold on Installments at cash prices. Baby Carriages and Refrigerators $1 down and $1 per week. Goods delivered free anywhere in Toledo.

Honorable and square dealing every time. Ask your friends about us. Come in and examine our goods and learn our prices.

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Which combine all the good qualities and all of the lesser ones are what we endeavor at all times to have. The designs are pretty, the material good, the finish most perfect, or less perfect, as the buyer may desire. By less perfect we mean less expensive. Some people do not want to pay as much as others. It's not every one who would buy a Mantel for $25, yet many would expect to pay more. You can choose which.

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Summit, Adams and Water Streets.

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Fine Funeral Furnishings!

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Naphtha, Gasoline, Linseed Oil and Paraffine Wax.

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CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES of our own manufacture, at low est prices; Wooden and Willow ware, Hammocks and Croquet Sets, Baskets of every variety, Rattan and Reed Rocking Chairs, Boys' Express Wagons, Velocipedes, etc., etc.

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Telephone in office. All calls promptly attended to, day or night.

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CIVIL ENGINEER

No. 326 Superior St., near Masonic Temple.

Is There a Crack in Your Wall?

Have your rooms papered while we are selling goods below cost.

ALLEN & PARKHURST,

IN THE BEE TO-DAY.

WEATHER.

Ohio forecast—Fair weather, except showers in northern portion; stationary temperature. Southerly winds.

Lower Michigan—Stationary temperature; showers. Southerly winds.

Local indications for the next 24 hours from 3 p. m.—Warmer, fair weather, followed by rain. Southwesterly winds.

LOCAL.

Big times at Presque Isle.
Schooner Itasca libeled.
Musicale at Sam T. Fisk's.
The Delta elopers return home.
Church robbed at Six Mile wood.
Candidates for the Reform school.
Paragraph's gleaned at the banks.
Last night's labor union meetings.
Accident to the Pastime last night.
Interesting budget of marine news.

UNITED STATES.

Corner in rubber.
Imports and exports.
News from Norwalk.
Fostoria happenings.
Bold daylight robbery.
F. C. Havemeyer dead.
Waterville happenings.
Johnstown flood lawsuits.
An anti-subtreasury call.
The Amalgamated's troubles.
Figures on the criminal classes.
Gossip from the city of Findlay.
Frank I. Frayne's death-bed secret.
Army fortification board meeting.
A scheme to pension the ex-slaves.
A new chapter in the Edgar mystery.
Harrison asked to unload Wanamaker.
The people's party talking of revolution.
Passaic, N. J. citizens hunting for a fiend.
Michigan's world's fair commissioners.
Gen. Beatty gives the republicans a pointer.
How Harrison's incubator turns out consular reports.

FOREIGN.

Brazilian affairs.
The French in Russia.
The commerce of Salvador.
The Utopia's hold full of dead people.
Grenedier guards return from their exile.
Another schooner sent back from the seal islands.
Attempt frustrated to blow up the capitol at Cordova.
Russian Jews waiting for favorable news before raiding the shores of the United States.

OWEN TO BE SQUELCHED.

Such is the Order from Secretary Foster.

The Foreign Contract Tin Plate Labor Opinion.

The Administration Finds that the Ruling is Unpopular and Immediately Abuses Owen for Rendering it.

Washington, July 29.—It was broadly at the Treasury Department to-day that immigration Commissioner Owen's opinion regarding the importation of tin plate workers would not be sustained by the department.

It was not said in as many words that Owen was to be overruled, but Assistant Secretary Nettleton said that Owen's opinion amounted to nothing until it was approved by the department, and he intimated rather bruskly that it would not be approved.

The Treasury officials are inclined to admit that Owen put his foot in it in his haste to answer Bro. Niedringhaus.

The Knight of Labor and other bodies of organized laborers are moving in the matter, and if Owen's opinion is permitted to stand as the ruling of the department, there will be trouble.

It is this that the Republican bosses fear, and it is said that McKinley has sent several urgent dispatches here to his friend Foster, requesting that the damage done by Owen should be remedied as soon as possible.

The responsible chiefs of the treasury department are calling Owen all kinds of a fool and saying other things of an extremely uncomplimentary nature concerning him.

This has made Owen angry, and it need not surprise you if he gives away the true inwardness of the whole operation in a short time.

There is no doubt but that Owen advised with somebody before he rendered his opinion. He did not advise with the secretary of the treasury or Assistant Secretary Nettleton, who has charge of that branch of the business.

The supposition is that Dudley, and Dudley alone, was taken into Owen's confidence. As a general rule Dudley has a good, substantial reason for everything that he does.

He is not living here in Washington for his health, and, being an old Indiana friend of Owen's, it is supposed that Dudley assisted him in preparing his now famous opinion.

What fee Lawyer Dudley received for his interest in the matter, of course, can not be surmised at this time. But the one thing evident now is that the treasury department is getting itself in readiness to sit down on Owen.

Maine's Prohibitory Law.

Augusta, Me., July 29.—Steps are being taken by the people's enforcement league for the prosecution of a case against the county attorney of Waldo county for the non-enforcement of the prohibitory law.

His removal will be asked for.

The league was chartered by the legislature last winter. Its projectors are hard at work perfecting its organization. The officers of the league say they will do some effective work in the matter of compelling the enforcement of the prohibition laws of the state.

Ground to Pieces.

Newark, O., July 29.—W. Cramarine, aged 40, a freight brakeman on the Baltimore & Ohio, fell off a train this side of Mt. Vernon and was ground to death. The remains were brought to this city, his home, at noon. He was married, but had no children.

THEY THRIVE HERE.

Russian Jews are Looking Toward the States.

Told that Christians are Their Servants.

A Feeling of Unrest Across the Deep.

It Only Needs the Torch to Cause a War.

Rioting Reported at Detmond on Account of the Unpopularity of a Premier—Foreign Gossip.

London, July 29.—Advices from Hamburg state that the Russian refuges throughout Germany are anxiously awaiting news of the reception of assisted Jewish emigrants in the United States. The Jews, almost without exception, would pefer to go to America, where they have been given to understand, they would have the same rights as everybody else and be exempt from military service, for which they have especial aversion.

Letters received from Russian and Polish Jews who have been sometime in America have greatly excited the ideas of refugees as to the prospects of getting rich there, writes a Hamburg correspondent, and they all want to go, especially since the British consul at Hamburg has given them notice that they are not wanted in England.

A former Russian Jew who arrived in Hamburg recently on a pleasure trip from America, where he has grown rich, said openly that in America the christians were servants of the Jews and the Jews were on top.

His extravagant remarks were circulated from Hamburg to the Russian frontier, and served to intensify the thirst for the promised land.

A Berlin dispatch says that the enthusiastic reception of the Fench fleet at Cronstadt is almost the sole topic of discussion in that city, and the occasion is viewed with seriousness very different from the ridicule which used to be heaped on the efforts of France to win the good-will of Russia.

Decidedly warlike aspects of everything connected with the affair has aroused no little anxiety, it is stated, in the highest quarters. Coupled with the Cronstadt fraternizing is the news of Russia's remarkable preparations in the strengthening of army and fleet, while new lines of railway are being rapidly constructed that, when completed, will enable Russia to mobilize within a fortnight half a million men on the Austrian and German frontiers. the general opinion, however, is that Russia would not attack either Germany or Austria, but will, when ready, march directly on Constantinople.

Disorders are reported at Detmond, in the principality of Lippe, owing to the dislike of the prince, who is virtually a despot as to his home government, for the socialists. The social democracy has of late been making many converts in Lippe, right under the nose of the prince, and this has excited his highness to severe measures of repression.

The police of the principality have been instructed to permit no meetings of socialists, and the law is severely enforced.

An attempt to hold a meeting of social democrats on Sunday evening was a failure, owing to the hostility of the police, who had come to the scene with the intention of preventing a gathering.

At first it appeared that there might be a collision between the socialists and the police, but the leaders of the former prevented any serious demonstration. Lippe Detmond is only one of several German states that are far behind the others in the amount of freedom granted to the subjects of the petty sovereigns who rule over them.

The Berlin police have done handsome detective work in the arrest of a gang of 12 burglars who had for some time been infesting that city. Stolen property to the amount of 20,000 marks was recovered at the same time.

Two nuns and a monk have been arrested at Casale, in the province of Saserta, Italy, for pretending to work miracles. The caused tremendous excitement by their supernatural claims, and drew people from all parts of Italy, the village being full of pilgrims who wanted to witness the miraculous occurrences, or themselves be treated for disease by the alleged miracle-workers. The authorities concluded to put a stop to the exhibition.

The Italian government is also taking harsh measures for the suppression of anarchism wherever found. Fifteen anarchists have been arrested at Faenza, and a wholesale raid on a'l haunts of anarchists in Rome is said to be in preparation.

The socialist organs in Germany express themselves as well satisfied with the evidence given by the Cassel election of the growing strength of the party, and with the fact that all other issues have to be discarded for the issue between social democracy and the poeple who claim that they are born to rule.

FROM WATERVILLE.

New Wheat Keeps the People Busy—Prominent Man Injured.

Waterville, July 29.—(Special)—Mr. E. Fancher will soon move on to his farm at Bailey Station.

Mr. G. Gschwend fractured the bones of his right leg Sunday morning by catching his heel in a defective walk on his own premises.

Wheat is being marketed rapidly. Messrs. Loyd and Quale are shipping large quantities. The yield is large, as many pieces run from 35 to 40 bushels to the acre.

The canal boat Pinkerton is kept busy transferring wheat to the city, and Uncle Wash Mallory, the captain, is correspondingly happy.

The Waterville Gas company are drilling one of their old wells deeper, and will soon put down a new one, as their present flow is insufficient.

FINE SWISS AND AMERICAN WATCHES

High Grades--Finely Cased

If you are contemplating the purchase of a Watch of any description, it will pay you to consult us.

J. J. FREEMAN, 313 SUMMIT ST

THE CRIMINAL CLASSES.

No Figures on Defaulting Republican Officeholders.

Washington, July 28.—The census office to-day issued a bulletin which shows that the number of prisoners in county jails during the census year was 19,538; the number reported in 1880 was 12,691, an increase in ten years of 9,837, or at the rate of 53.95 per cent.

The increase in the total population was 24.86 per cent. In 1880 the ratio of prisoners in county jails to the population was 253 in each million; in 1890 it was 312. The increase therefore has been 59 to the million. The largest increase has been in the north Atlantic division, where it was 95 to the million.

Following the tables is a list of counties in the United States reported as having no prisoners in their jails on June 1, 1890, and also a list of counties reported as having no jails.

Commerce of Salvador.

Washington, July 29.—The bureau of American republics has received the official returns of the commerce of Salvador for the last year (1890) when the imports were $2,405,201, and the exports $7,578,733. The custom house receipts were $2,612,226 and the total revenues of the government $4,415,417.

The public debt of Salvador on the first of January, 1891, was $5,247,199. The receipts from taxation for the year were $4,153,457.

The population of Salvador by the last census was 564,513 people, which shows 70 inhabitants to the square mile.

The Seized Fishermen.

Ottawa, Ont., July 29.—The Hon. C. H. Tupper, minister of fisheries, has referred to the department of justice for consideration the official report on the recent seizure of seven American fishing boats in British waters, near Eastport, Me.

The captain of the cruiser Dream has forwarded to Ottawa an American chart from which he traces the conclusion that the Americans were trespassing at the time he pounced upon them.

RUSSELL AND HIS PA,

Aided by Private Secretary Halford,

Are Responsible for the Stories About Blaine's Health and Resignation.

Washington, July 29.—The charge is reiterated here to-day with vim and vigor by the Gazette that the sensational articles about Blaine had their inspiration from the white house.

The Gazette's informant is said to be one of the closest of Blaine's friends, and considerable credence is placed in his story by many, though others take no stock in what he says in to-day's issue.

He says: "You may safely assert that Halford, private secretary, circulated through a correspondent of several western papers the story that Blaine had tendered his resignation on account of ill health; that Halford, private secretary, started the statement that it was Mr. Harrison who brought the Bering sea negotiations to a successful conclusion by agreeing to a close season, against the protest of Mr. Blaine; that Halford, private secretary, denied the statement that the reciprocity treaties were being negotiated under Mr. Blaine's instructions; that Russell Harrison, the president's son, started the story in Frank Leslie's that Blaine was not a candidate, and would shortly come out in favor of 'Pa;' that Russell Harrison, the president's son, claimed all the 'glory' of the reciprocity negotiations and the Bering sea matter as the work of 'Pa,' and, finally, that the Harrison journals have industriously done all they could to injure Blaine, by greedily publishing anything about his health, or Harrison's running the state department contrary to his wishes, that has been sent them by inspired correspondents.

I am ready with my proofs any day, only let the gentleman named or any one of them take the proper steps to reach a legal conclusion. I have spoken only from a deep conviction that it was about time Mr. Harrison should stop this bear baiting, and I believe he will."

Mr. Perry Heath, of the Indianapolis Journal, is the correspondent alleged to have sent out the Blaine reports. He is an able and conscientious correspondent, and it is not believed that he could be abased in the manner attributed, nor do those who know Mr. Halford best think for a moment that he would be guilty of such manners, even to re-elect Harrison. One thing is sure, and that is that bad feeling exists between the friends of the president and the secretary of state.

THE KEYSTONE BANK

Trying To Find Where the City's Millions Went.

Philadelphia, July 29.—The books of the Keystone bank show that the $945,000 represented by the due bills, actually went into that bank. This fact has been established beyond a doubt by Experts Heins and Wheeler, who have been working at the books for the council's committee.

The experts will not talk. The committeemen say that they hope to see where the cash went after it got into the bank.

HAD HIS NERVE WITH HIM.

A Bold Robbery in New Jersey Yesterday.

Bookkeeper of the New Jersey Oil Company Held Up in His Office in Daylight.

Newark, N. J., July 29.—One of the most daring robberies ever attempted in Newark, in broad day light, took place yester day afternoon, at the office of the New Jersey Oil company, on Liberty street.

While Bookkeepers Chichester and Parsons were in the office about 1:30 o'clock, a young man, neatly dressed, tall, well built and with a broad brimmed sombrero on the back of his head, walked up to the desk.

Suddenly he whipped out a pair of revolvers and levelled one at Parsons and the other at Chichester. At the same time he made known his mission here by saying in a commanding tone: "Give me all your money." The fellow then entered the private office. There was fortunately but little money in the office and he was told to help himself.

He opened several drawers, and, finding nothing, proceeded to search Chichester's pockets, securing only 40 cents.

While this was going on the bookkeepers attracted the attention of President Young, who was on the floor above. The robber heard him coming down stairs and with a bound cleared the counter and sprang through a window into the street. Mr. Young, Parsons and several passers-by started in pursuit of the fleeing highwayman.

The robber led them a lively chase for 12 blocks, when he suddenly turned and fired at his pursuers, who now numbered a score or more.

The bullet struck the sidewalk and caused the crowd to halt, but the hesitation was only momentary and the chase was again in full swing.

A flagman at the Elm street crossing of the Pennsylvania railroad grabbed the robber, but he was easily shaken off and the thief headed for the Newark meadows. He reached the swampy meadow in safety and disappeared. A description of the thief was sent to surrounding towns.

Had the fellow entered the Oil company's office half an hour earlier he would have found the cashier in the act of making up a bank deposit of about $4,000 in cash. He had barely left for the bank with the money when the affair occurred.

EXCITEMENT IN FREMONT

A Mob Talking About Tar and Feathers.

June Ignores an Order from the Council.

The City Without a Drop of Water—The City Repairing the Damage to the Broken Dam.

Fremont, July 29.—(Special)—There were high old times in this city last night. So great was the excitement that for a while it looked as if there would be a small-sized riot.

The city was without a drop of water last night and at the mercy of the fiery elements.

The water at this season of the year is taken almost entirely from the river a short distance from the dam. The dam and the water above it is owned by Messrs. June and French. A few weeks ago they tried to sell their right to the water to the city for $12,000.

To add to the seriousness of the situation many insurance companies ordered all their policies temporarily canceled.

Indignation meetings were held and many citizens waited upon Messrs. June and French and tried to prevail upon them to repair the damage.

This they refused to do, claiming that it was not their intention to repair the dam. They also ignored a notice which was sent them by the council.

To add to the excitement a gang of hoodlums organized a mob and declared their intention to tar and feather the men. There were several prominent business men in the crowd.

A special meeting of the council was held last night and an injunction was served upon the men from tearing up any more of the dam, and also ordered the street commissioner to immediately repair the break.

About 10 o'clock he, with a large gang of workmen, went to the dam and in a few hours completed the work.

Messrs. June and French had got wind of what was going on and entered a vigorous protest. A posse of policemen were sent along to protect the workmen.

THE MUD STICKS TO THEM.

The Stolen Property Haunts the Republican Party.

Preaching Morality and Practicing Robbery is a Plank that Should be in the Republican Platform.

Columbus, July 29.—The republican members of the state board of equalization having placed the party in the attitude of supporting illegal elections are now endeavoring to get some one to help them out of the way of the boomerang.

At the late session yesterday afternoon Mr. Hyatt, the beneficiary for seven months of the fraud in the third district perpetrated by republicans, arose to make a privileged statement which he prefaced by a few verbal remarks before submitting the following written document:

"The returns of the election of members of the board from the thirty-third district were transmitted according to law to the clerk of Lucas county, it being the most populous.

"I received from the clerk of Lucas county a certificate of my election and not doubting that I was duly elected I filed my credentials and took the official oath at the commencement of the session of the board and have to the best of my ability discharged the duties of the office to the present time.

"Up to the 17th day of this month no question as to my right was ever intimated by anyone so far as I know, at which time a resolution was introduced here charging that I and the secretary of state knowingly concealed the fact that an error in footing had occurred by which I was wrongfully counted in.

Under such a charge of course I would not yield any defense, but that being now disposed of, and it still being claimed that there was an error in the count, I now and hereby do waive notice of contest, which the law requires to be served on me in 30 days, and most cheerfully consent that the board shall allow the Hon. Foster R. Warren to make his contest for the seat without any notice on me and without any technical objection on the part of any one in my behalf, and if it be found that such error in footing did occur so as to change the result, I will at once retire the same as if a regular contest had been made and decided, as the law provides against me."

The statement, without debate worthy of mention, was laid on the table, but a motion will probably be made to take it up and refer it to a committee for investigation, a thing the Democrats wanted done two weeks ago.

The question as to Hyatt's right to resign an office to which he was never elected has been referred by Gov. Campbell to the attorney general.

The board took off the 5 per cent. added to the farm lands of Ashtabula county in committee of the whole and approved them as originally returned. The town of Ashtabula was changed from 30 per cent. increase to 20 per cent., Geneva was increased 10 per cent. and Sandusky city approved as reported from the committee.

Lake Erie and Western.

New York, July 29.—The statement of the Lake Erie & Western Railroad company for June shows gross earnings of $2,584,493, against $2,426,789 for the same month last year; increase, $157,704. The expenses for the month as compared with the same month of the preceding year show an increase of $21,564.

The net earnings for June, 1891, are $206,986, an increase of $31,510 over the same month last year.

THE MARCH OF PROGRESS.

Work on the Toledo & Western Bee Line.

Pioneer, O., Begins to Feel the Impetus to Business that This Enterprise Will Surely Produce.

Pioneer, O., July 29.—(Special)—Men, mules and implements for work on the Toledo & Western Bee Line railroad are now on hand here and ready for business.

The people are alive to the enterprise, and this beautiful and enterprising town will soon be a point on a direct and important road from Toledo to Chicago, through farms and towns of New England type, but richer in soil and up with the age.

The laborers will lodge in their own tents.

Several substantial houses are being built in town, and general improvement is the order.

BRAZILIAN AFFAIRS.

Latest Estimate on the Coffee Crop—Trade of the Country.

Washington, July 29.—The latest estimate places the Brazilian coffee crop for 1890-91, now coming into market, at 2,200,000 bags. Notwithstanding the high prices the daily receipts do not average over 3,000 bags. Should the present disorganization of labor continue it is believed the coffee crop for 1891-92 now placed at 8,000,000 or 9,000,000 bags will not exceed 6,000,000 or 7,000,000 bags.

The imports of British goods into Brazil for the first four months of 1891 show a general increase. The imports of cotton goods were $7,591,440 as compared to $3,702,215 during the similar period of 1890; linen $324,850 as compared with $242,365; woolen stuffs $745,195 as compared with $537,393; railroad materials and machinery $2,981,700 as compared with $2,095,990. A total of 67,829,800 yards of cotton piece goods was exported from Great Britain to Brazil during this period as compared with 57,172,700 a year ago.

Michigan's Commissioners.

Lansing, Mich., July 29.—Gov. Winans has appointed the following world's fair commissioners: Hon. I. M. Weston, Grand Rapids; Eugene A. Belding, Jackson; Hon. W. R. Burt, Saginaw; J. W. Flynn, Detroit; Hon. Mark W. Stevens, Flint, and two ladies—Mrs. Valentine and Mrs. Ball. The governor will be a member of the board, ex-officio.

BALMACEDA'S FRIEND.

Faithful Vicuna to be Installed September 18,

Elected for Five Years at $18,000 per Annum.

He Will Do the Bidding of His Political Creator—Trouble Looked for at Coquimbo.

New York, July 29.—The Herald prints the following dispatch from Valparaiso:

The electoral college of the Chilian government, representing all the provinces under control of Balmaceda, assembled on July 25 and unanimously elected Claudio Vicuna his successor as president of the republic.

This is simply the confirmation of the popular vote of June 27, when Vicuna was chosen the new chief magistrate of the country.

Vicuna is Balmaceda's own choice as his successor. He will carry on whatever policy Balmaceda should wish, so that there is very slight consolation for the insurgents in his election.

He will take office on September 18 next. The term of office is five years and the salary $18,000 a year. He will have the naming of five ministers and of five of the eleven members of the council of state.

That trouble is looked for at Coquimbo within a short time is evidenced, not only by the fact of the massing of 10,000 to 12,000 government troops at that port and the sending of the Balmaceda fleet north some days since, but also by the news that the English, American, German and French squadrons are now assembled in Coquimbo bay to see that the rights of the citizens of their respective countries are not infringed upon.

The Esmeralda and Aconagua of the The Esmeralda and Aconcagua, of the also, and, it is said, the Amazone and Cochran are not far away.

It is reported that the insurgent army has recently been supplied with arms and ammunition, and it is believed that some of these have been smuggled out of the United States in the steamships plying between San Francisco and the Chilian insurgent ports and that the rest have been brought into the Chilian insurgent territory through Peru and Bolivia, which are very willing to add all in their power to their old foe's discomfiture. It is also thought the arms and ammunition have come across the ocean in British vessels.

It is given out that Vicuna's election means energy, honor and patriotism will mark the government's future conduct. There are some 25,000 of Balmaceda's troops at Santiago, Valparaiso and Concepcion. It is said that they can be massed together within one day.

MAKING A LOUD NOISE.

What the People's Party is Talking About.

They Threaten Revolution if They Do Not Succeed at the Polls in the Coming Election.

St. Louis, July 29.—The Farmers' alliance and Knights of labor of the third and fourth congressional districts of Texas are holding an encampment at Sulphur Springs, and will continue for a week. Among the prominent persons present are Senator Pfeffer, of Kansas, and Mr. Powers, president of the Indiana alliance.

The speeches so far have all been in favor of the people's party movement. For example Lee B. Hoods, of Vansant county predicted a revolution in the event that relief fails through the ballot, and said that John Brown succeeded Lloyd Garrison, and that the people intended to break the reign of plutocracy peaceably if thy can but forcibly if they must.

President Powers, of Indiana, said he had looked across a gun barrel at the south not many years ago but he was now here to take them by the hand in a fight to the death against the two old parties who were two old dogs trotting in the same path.

There had been a bloody chasm between the north and the south for twenty-five years but the people will fill the chasm with the dead politicians, wipe out monopoly and plutocracy and restore the government to the people.

The exception written across a greenback he held in his hand had destroyed the sovereignity of the people and the evils were aggravated when the exception was made against the silver dollar.

He held a diagram in his hand illustrating the national banks in which the people could not approach the treasury, but showing a banker in 1886 receiving $60,000,000 from the treasury hopper.

A diagram with a seesaw on the backs of two farmers on all fours, and a republican and democrat on either end and still another representing the farmers as reviewing the operation.

Devoured by the Flames.

New Brunswick, N. J., July 29.—The factory of the Felter Shoe company, on Livingston avenue, together with its contents, was burned this morning; also two houses belonging to the Willow Grove Cemetery association.

The house and stable of Dr. C. M. Stack were badly damaged, and a number of other houses slightly damaged. The loss on the factory is placed at $40,000; insurance, $27,000. Dr. Stack's loss is $2,500, and other losses reach about $3,000 more.

Crops of India.

London, July 29.—The viceroy of India telegraphs that the farming prospect has been greatly improved in that country. A good rain has fallen all over India and more is expected.

PENSIONS FOR EX-SLAVES.

The Latest Scheme to Tap the Public Crib.

The Black Man Wants to be on the Pay Roll.

A Queer Doctrine that, it is Safe to Say, Will Not Find Many Advocates in the Land.

Washington, July 29.—"The former slaves are to-day paying the pension money that goes to the soldier, and it is high time these ex-slaves were drawing pensions themselves. This country belongs to the negro and the soldier, but the negro comes first, because it was his labor that built it up and made it."

Such was the doctrine advanced by Mr. W. R. Vaughan at the Metropolitan (colored) M. E. church. Mr. Vaughan is the author of the bill introduced in the last congress providing for a pension for every ex-slave. The bill was introduced at his request by Congressman Wm. J. Connell, and because he did so Mr. Vaughan stated last night that he was defeated in the recent election.

Mr. Vaughan, in telling who he was, said that he was elected mayor of Omaha in 1881 and served five years. About the same time he began agitating the question which he is now discussing, as he says, "in the pulpit, on the stump, in the cars, on the street, anywhere and everywhere, seeking to bring men to think as he does."

In starting out last night, he stated he did not intend to lecture, but to give an informal talk, and in doing so the gentleman jumped from one branch of his discussion to another with remarkable agility. He was earnest in his advocacy of his measure, and if others may think it is a hobby, Mr. Vaughan is perfectly able to ride it. His opening proposition was that "the government owed the ex-slaves a debt and it should be paid. The only way to pay it was to pay it." This debt was due, he claimed, to 4,000,000 of people, and he proposed making it his life work to see that that obligation was liquidated.

Mr. Vaughan, lest he should be misunderstood, said he was not around asking any one to pay his expenses. He was worth, at a modest figure, $130,000, and had five sons. He proposes to spend every dollar of it, if necessary, to push to a successful passage his bill, and has designated all five of his sons to carry on the work after he is dead.

The amount of cash necessary to pay these pensions will be $400,000,000, "and," said he in a threatening manner, "if the bill is not passed very soon, I will double that amount."

Mr. Vaughan said he was now engaged in making a personal canvass among the members of congress. In vehement language he called upon every colored man to defeat every member who refuses to vote for the bill. "You have the power; exert it and make yourselves felt," he said. "America was built up by slave labor. These men were taxed and then turned loose without a crust. To-day they form one-eighth of the population. Under the white man's control for 200 years they could neither read or write. See what they are now, and then tell me the colored man is not capable of self government. But I am met with the argument that the treasury is low, and asked how can we pay this debt.

He then proceeded to tell how he would raise the money. "I would," said he, "issue 50 year 2½ per cent. bonds. The national banks are not troubled as to where they will get bonds to guarantee the circulation. Suppose we issue $400,000,000 of these bonds—and that's nothing, when you consider that the debt has been a long time due—we won't have it to pay, for we will only pay the interest, and when it does fall due there will be 40,000,000 colored people to pay it, and white people, too."

"Calling the negro a free man," continued the speaker, "is what I call the refinement of sarcasm. Did any white man ever do anything for the negro unless he had some interest of his own to advance? The treatment of the colored man has been disgraceful. I read in your paper here this morning that the old soldiers were being paid by the government for their wooden legs and arms, and also that a lot of Indians out west were being paid $217 each for a lot of land they never owned. Now, why cannot the colored men, the ex-slaves who did so much for the United States, get some of this money? And they will, too, when my bill is passed."

Mr. Vaughan then read extracts from letters he received in 1883 from President (then Senator) Harrison and Senators Plumb and Platt, in which they said they had not time to discuss the proposed measures, but that they believed in the education of the negro. His scheme, he said, was indorsed by all the bishops in the Methodist Episcopal church, by P. E. Studebaker, Hon. John M. Thurston and many others. He also stated that he had 50 acres of land within one-half an hour's ride of Chicago offered him whenever he intended to have erected a home for indigent ex-slaves, where 2,000 people could be cared for, and after it was no longer necessary to maintain such an institution to have it converted into an educational institution, to be known as the Afro-American West Point. Whether this was to be erected out of that $400,000,000 provided in his bill, Mr. Vaughan did not state.

He closed his remarkable address with an appeal for the organization of a number of "Vaughan's ex-slave pension clubs," and steps were at once taken to start such an organization.

CAN'T GO M'KINLEY.

Another Beatty Bolts the Republican Nominee.

He Sees No Need of a War Tariff and Can't Vote for Its Advocate.

Cardington, July 29.—Major W. G. Batty, a prominent republican banker of this place and a brother of Gen. John Beatty of Columbus, has a good army record and is very prominent in local politics. In conversation with the Plain Dealer correspondent he said:

"I am a republican from principle. I have never before bolted the state ticket of my party or any part of it and I came home from South Carolina while I was a soldier to attend a state convention at Columbus as a delegate, and I was a member of the committee on resolutions in that body, but I cannot support McKinley and his high tariff tax bill.

"I have a right to buy my coat where I can get it the cheapest and so have you, and McKinley has no right to put an unjust tax on it.

"There is no necessity for a high tariff now.

"I regard McKinley as a man of very ordinary abilities as a statesman, and he is certainly only an ordinary speaker.

"He is incapable of making a respectable speech without previous preparation. I am not of the McKinley school of politics.

"No party deserves to be successful, nor can it at the present time reasonably hope to be that adopts an unjust tax policy."

MAY BE SOLVED AT LAST.

Untangling the Famous Edgar Mystery.

A Brother of the Dead Man Speaks.

A Skeleton in the Family Closet at London Has Been Used by the Human Vultures.

New York, July 29.—Never in the criminal history of New York was there ever as strange a case as that which is known as the "Edgar mystery." It is nearly a year since George R. Edgar, the English surgeon and physician, was found dead at the Getty house in Yonkers.

A few months later a young man, said to be his nephew, George H. Edgar, was also found dead at the Astor house in New York. According to the verdict he had committed suicide. Since the day of the Yonkers tragedy, October 27, 1890, "the Edgar mystery," as it has been called, has been the subject of editorials and columns of conflicting stories.

Until now it has remained an unfathomed mystery, the police being unable to find the first clue to the case. Now, however, the veil of darkness is torn aside by one of the Edgar family, who unfolds one of the strangest chapters of crime that ever baffled the police of two continents.

This man is no other than John H. Edgar, a brother of George R. Edgar, who was found dead in the Getty house at Yonkers, and an uncle of George H. Edgar, the Astor house suicide. He has lived for years in New York under an assumed name and knew of the deaths of his brother and nephew, but could not come forward and claim them, because by so doing he would cause suffering to innocent people.

According to the story of John H. Edgar, who at last tells in part the story that has lain hidden behind these two strange deaths, the greatest tragedy in the history of the so-called Edgar family occurred in London in 1886.

About that time one Robert Rowe, alleged alias Johnstone, alleged alias Abrahams, a relative of the Edgars, a druggist, a chemist, diamond expert and a notorious speculator in stocks and financial paper, was then concerned with one of the Edgars in a colossal transaction with a London financial man who had been known as Henderson.

It is said that Mr. Henderson realized a large sum at the expense of the Edgars who were associated with a man named Milton Kavanagh, alias Cavender. He became interested with two of the Edgars who were living in London—George R., who died at Yonkers, and George H. Edgar, who committed suicide at the Astor house, February 3, 1890.

Kavanagh's scheme was to recover the alleged lost money. To prepare the way to accomplishing this end, the reports were circulated that Mr. Henderson and his family were soon to sail for the United States to escape financial difficulties in which he was involved.

Kavanagh—or rather the man who has passed under his name—took lodgings with the Hendersons, while some of the Edgars occupied the house adjoining. It was here, in the house of the Hendersons, that the great tragedy occurred.

One night Mr. Henderson and his wife were drugged, and it is alleged that, either intentionally or by accident, an overdose of chloroform or some other drug was given. The result was fatal.

The property, consisting of bonds and English money, was secured by the arch-conspirator, Kavanagh, and the bodies of Mr. Henderson and wife were carried to the adjoining house and there temporarily buried in the basement.

The daughter of Mr. Henderson, who has been known as Gabrielle, was a beautiful girl, who had been paying a visit to friends in the country and knew only by reports of her father's business transactions.

One morning Kavanagh appeared and told her that through financial embarrassments her father and mother had fled the country and gone to the United States. They had left word for Gabrielle to follow in company with Kavanagh.

The Edgars, it is claimed, sailed for America first, and were immediately followed by the crafty Kavanagh and the beautiful Gabrielle Henderson. Rowe also came to America.

On their arrival in New York they joined the Edgars, and presently it was discovered that the chief actor in the party, Kavanagh, was a master in the art of blackmail and extortion.

He played his secret against the secrets of the Edgars and, they having plenty of money, he was in clover. He had no difficulty in forcing himself upon the Edgars with his beautiful charge.

They took a flat on the West Side and Miss Henderson was installed as housekeeper under the belief that it was her father's wish, Kavanagh telling her that her parents were in hiding out West.

So the girl lived on in hope and terror until the tragedy at Yonkers occurred and the evidences of drugging and robbery appeared in all the newspapers.

This, in connection with what Miss Henderson chanced to overhear during secret conversations at the flat, unveiled her eyes. The awful truth burst upon her that her parents had been murdered by those pretending to be her friends.

The alleged protector became revolting, but the girl made no sign and quietly set to work to free herself from the influence and power of Kavanagh.

He still used every art to maintain his hold on her and kept her in sight. She was alert, however, and shortly afterward—that was a year ago—disappeared from the flat and sought a home in a city not far from New York, preparatory to taking steps for punishing the murderers of her father.

These and other facts, which will appear later on, explain a motive for the murder and suicide of the Edgars. They had been shadowed from city to city by a gang of conspirators, headed by a cold, implacable desperado posing as a gentleman of birth and education.

John H. Edgar had reasons for not appearing on the scene when his brother was murdered. He had reasons for not coming into public notice and establishing his identity when his nephew committed suicide at the Astor house, and both were buried without a sign from the family.

It will be remembered that Perrin H. Sumner identified both men, besides Wright and Ruttinger, and thereby gained the sobriquet of "the professional identifier."

He spent a month in the Tombs because he could or would not explain his motive for identifying so many dead bodies as those of the Edgars. It was to clear the shadow from Sumner's name that John H. Edgar was at last, on June 6, persuaded to come forward and make a statement. In a sworn statement made before M. F. Boyle, a notary public, in the presence of Lawyer Gottschalk and Perrin H. Sumner, John H. Edgar says:

"For the sake of our family relations in England we have other names than our own. The misfortune which befell us in London was of such a nature that it cannot and never will be explained.

"It broke up and separated several families and its dire effects will only cease when all who were engaged in it are dead and gone.

"Five of those involved in the mystery already fill unmarked and nameless graves in as many lonely and distant parts of the earth, while myself and others are broken in spirit, health and fortune, from which we will never recover."

Further than this and the assertion that he made this statement, Edgar refuses to speak unless forced to do so on the witness stand. The theory is, however, and it is supported by affidavits, that Ruttinger and Wright were connected with the case in some way—were probably co-conspirators with Kavanagh—and that Ruttinger was murdered by Wright to open up a broader field for the latter.

Inquiries are now being made in this city and Europe looking to the further solving of the mystery, and developments are expected at any time. John H. Edgar, who appears to be thoroughly cowed, will not give his address, but Lawyer Gottschalk and Perrin H. Sumner know where to find him if necessary.

Kavanagh, the arch-conspirator, is still living, but where he is is known only to Mr. Edgar, whose lips are sealed.

A correspondent has learned to-night the true names of the Edgars and their family history, as well as some further facts regarding their connection with Kavanagh, whose real name is Cavender. James H. Edgar, according to the best information obtainable, is in reality James Henry Mackenzie and he is the lineal descendant of Malcolm Mackenzie, and the Scotch chief of that name who preceded him.

The family has always been prominent both in Scotland and latterly in England. But the race of Mackenzies has been cursed for three generations with the scandals and crimes of the favored sons. Elopements, bankruptcy, theft and shame have been the portion of the Mackenzies and it was the knowledge of these, handed down to the crafty Cavender by his ancestors, who were retainers of the Mackenzie clan, that enabled him, with the hold he gained on the Edgars of the present generation, to bleed them to the bone.

Incidentally Cavender has used his influence to swindle and rob numerous persons in England, the Mackenzies being compelled to stand the brunt of the crimes. James H. Mackenzie, or Edgar, is expected to give information regarding these crimes which will permit of the arrest of Cavender by the Scotland Yard authorities, if, indeed, Cavender is not held in New York for the murder of Geo. H. Edgar at Yonkers.

A POINTER FROM BEATTY.

The Genial General is Still in the Swim.

He Advises Sherman Republicans to Contribute so as to Send Foraker to the Senate.

Columbus, July 29.—Gen. John Beatty the ready writer and one of the leading republican minds of the state, is rather sarcastic and bold when speaking of the Foraker republican state central and executive committees.

A few evenings since he met Chairman Hahn of the state executive committee, who has been put at the head of the organization to manage McKinley's campaign, in the Neil house. The subject of the composition of the committee was being discussed by the general and another gentleman when Mr. Hahn joined the party. The general, who is noted for the courage of his convictions and who is always ready to speak openly his sentiments, remarked: "Well, Hahn, I was just telling our friend here," who by the way was a democrat, "that any man in the republican party, and especially friends of Senator Sherman, would be a d—-d fool to give a cent to your committee during this campaign. Inasmuch as I said this to our friend, I felt like repeating it to you." The chairman was somewhat confused and embarrassed over the pointed remark, but finally ventured the inquiry as to why the general should make any such strictures.

"Why," said the general, "just think of it! Every cent that goes into that committee will be used to advance the interests of Foraker in the senatorial race by manipulating the close and doubtful counties and senatorial districts in his behalf."

As if to make the remark more emphatic, the general, who has caustically scored the ex-governor on several occasions through the public press, remarked: "We are all for Foraker and will have to elect him to the United States senate in the interest of harmony."

ARMY FORTIFICATION BOARD.

The Meeting Adjourned to Wait for Gen. Schofield.

Washington, July 29.—The army fortification board held its regular monthly meeting in New York last week and adjourned to meet there on Saturday next, when its president, Gen. Schofield, will be present.

The board at its last meeting devoted itself almost entirely to the consideration of bids received for 100 high-power guns of large calibre, which will cost the government about $4,500,000.

The board considered the question very carefully in connection with the law on the subject, but reached no conclusion. The question will come up again at the Saturday meeting, and with Gen. Schofield present the board hopes to dispose of it at an early day.

A DEAD GAME SPORT.

Stephen A. Ryan in Jail for Contempt.

He Don't Mind the Incarceration But Regrets Having to Miss the Ball Game.

Atlanta, Ga., July 29.—Stephen A. Ryan the young Atlanta dry goods merchant who failed recently for $2,000,000, is behind the prison bars. Judge Gober says he is in contempt.

The decision in the Ryan contempt case was made this morning, and Judge Gober held that Stephen A. Ryan has cash assets in his possession to the amount of $120,000 which must be handed over to his creditors. Ryan testified that he had always been a sport, had lost $16,000 on the Dempsey-Fitzsimmons fight, and had always gambled.

This was to show where his money had gone. Ryan claims that he has turned over all the assets in his former custody or control.

Judge Gober has ordered him sent to the county jail until he complies with the order of the court and turns over the money which was proven to be in his possession. The decision produced a profound sensation in the court rooms. Mr. Ryan's eyes flashed a little, but he betrayed no other emotion when he was placed in the hands of the sheriff.

An appeal from the decision will doubtless be made, so there is another chance for Mr. Ryan to get out. Mr. Ryan says he has no cash assets. He therefore can turn over nothing more. There is an appeal from the appointment of a receiver. If the supreme court holds that no receiver should have been appointed, this will release Ryan from jail.

Ryan is taking his treatment heroically. He says he is right and will stick it out and all he objects to is missing to-day's ball game.

THEY DIED FIGHTING.

Russian Jews Tell of Horrible Persecutions.

Their Homes Burned and Their Families Murdered—A Telling Defense.

Boston, July 29.—The Russian Jews who are detained at this port by the requirements of the new immigration law, say that the final act of persecution which drove them from Russia was the burning of their village, containing 18 houses, near Veila.

A crowd of men came from Veila in the night time and set the place on fire. Fourteen Jews were burned to death, and 20 others badly injured.

To the surprise of the Russians, who were accustomed to see the Jews submit passively to all outrages, the inhabitants armed themselves with stones and sticks and pursued the Russians.

In the fight which occurred, a youth whose mother had been turned to death, killed three Russians with a crow bar.

Officials from Veila came to the scene and arrested this young man and several other Jews, who will probably be sent to Siberia.

TO BLOW UP CORDOVA.

The Citizens Constructed a Mine Under the Capitol.

Many Prominent People Arrested on Suspicion.

An Army Officer Supposed to Have Been Assigned by the Conspirators to Head the Revolutionary Move.

Panama, July 29.—Advices from Rosario, in the state of Cordova, Argentine Republic, by way of Asuncion, Paraguay, give particulars of the attempted revolution—and also an attempt to blow up the capitol—which broke out in the city of Cordova.

One Fonteynez, representing himself as a poor carpenter, rented three rooms on the ground floor of the hair dressing shop "Del Comercio," No. 30 Dean Funes, same street, expecting to bring his family on later.

He made various alterations in the three rooms, which he had rented, throwing them into one continuous apartment, and meanwhile taking every precaution to prevent the other occupants of the house from observing his labors.

He had two workmen to help him and worked all day long behind closed doors. He bought a great deal of wood, especially long pine timbers.

On the night of the revolution several of the conspirators established a barricade at this house. The police attacked the place and arrested Fonteynez, whom they found hidden underneath a bed.

After considerable questioning Fonteynez confessed that he had been engaged in the construction of a mine which was to end directly under the Capitol building, and that he had also been manufacturing explosives which were to have been used in blowing up the governor's mansion, the police headquarters, etc.

Fonteynez' confession implicated several prominent people of Cordova, whom, he claimed, persuaded him to construct the tunnel by promising him the presidency of the department of engineers of the state.

Guided by this confession, Capt. Esteban Garcia, of the Tenth infantry, discovered the mine in the house of Senor Luciana Lozada del Viso, of No. 20 Dean Funes street, at which point the work had been stopped for lack of time to finish it.

Fonteynez says that he had intended to mine directly to the tower of the capitol, but that he made a mistake in the direction, turning somewhat south toward the Cathedral.

The mine is from eight to ten metres long and one metre high.

Capt. Garcia states that the mine represents the work of about ten days, everything being fully laid out, with the beams of solid wood.

The odor of powder was very marked among the first shovelfuls of earth. Capt. Garcia did not venture to destroy the works at the mouth of the mine for fear that there might be explosive materials hidden there which had been placed in the last moments when the revolutionary movement saw itself lost.

The population of Cordova was horrified by the discovery of this mine, and there continues to be an apprehension that something terrible may occur.

In the house of the hairdresser, who has been arrested, a number of jars loaded with dynamite were found, which were undoubtedly intended to be placed beneath the walls of the capitol and the police building to blow them up. They have been deposited in the house of Jose S. Denes, a gunsmith, on Dean Funes street.

Some Orsini bombs of steel, of a round shape, were also found. They are about twenty-five centimetres in circumference, and some of them are made of bronze. A few signal bombs were also discovered.

In the apartments of Fonteynez, there was a drill for the perforation of stone walls, together with hatchets and other implements. There was also a considerable quantity of carpentered wood to be used in forming the support of the mine.

The police have confiscated a quantity of revolutionary pamphlets and the red flags found in various places. A grenade, five Orsini bombs of bronze steel and other objects which were discovered in the Funes stronghold have been deposited in the barracks of the Tenth infantry. Some explosive Winchester balls have also been placed there.

An order of the day, prepared by the revolutionists, was seized by the police. It was as follows:—

"ORDER OF THE DAY.—In accordance with instructions received from the government the undersigned orders the officers of the garrison to remain permanently in their quarters, unless called upon by the civil authorities. "TOMAIS BELLO."

This person, who was an officer of infantry, is supposed to have been assigned by the conspirators to the military command of the movement. He has not yet been apprehended.

It is stated that throughout the State of Cordova armed groups of revolutionists move here and there, and the officials continue to adopt the utmost precaution.

Extraordinary activity is apparent among the police of the city of Cordova. Police commissaries are seen crossing the streets and hurrying hither and thither in a most mysterious manner.

The political prisoners number about six hundred.

Not a very great number of the conspicuous members of the Union Civica (Citizens' Union) have been placed under arrest as they have been in hiding. Some of them are thought to be in places of concealment in the city, and many have fled to the country.

The houses of members of the citizens' party are closely watched by the police, who are armed with Remington rifles.

The club social, the favorite rendezvous of the citizens' party, has been closed for some time.

In a single day more than forty persons were thrown into jail as having been implicated in the revolutionary movement, and the jails and the police headquarters are completely filled with political prisoners.

The citizens' party papers, El Porvenir and La Libertad, formerly published in the city of Cordova, have been suppressed.

A government announcement states that the commissary, Amaya, confiscated a considerable quantity of arms, ammunition, badges and flags in the house of Senor Cesareo Omonez, a son of one of the revolutionary leaders.

The details of the revolutionary plan have been revealed in the course of the trials of suspects which have taken place before the criminal judge, Rodrignez de la Torray, and the examining judges, De la Vega and Camara.

Some of the implicated prisoners have pleaded guilty to the charge of conspiracy. One of these, Gaston Fonteynes, a military ex-engineer of the Belgian army, who has resided four years in the country, and who was married to the Lady De Silva, of Cordova, was in charge of the most important operation in the revealed plot.

Back From the Seal Islands.

Victoria, B. C., July 29.—The schooner Annie E. Paint, returned from the north to-day with 160 skins. The Paint was ordered to return to Victoria, making the third sealer now in port.

The captain of the Marvin says that when boarded by the officers of the Rush they took guns and amunition from the schooner and then towed her to Ounalaska, where 21 of her crew were placed on board of the steamer Alki and kept on hard tack for two days when they were turned over, together with the schooner, to the officers of her majesty's vessel Nymphe, who ordered them to proceed to Victoria.

Ashore on Bird Rocks.

Halifax, N. S., July 29.—A dispatch received here to-day says the steamer Tiber is ashore at Bird Rocks and likely to prove a total wreck. She is bound to Montreal from Sydney, C. B., coal laden. The Tiber is owned by Arcibald & Co., North Sydney, and is insured in Halifax.

F. C. Havemeyer Dead.

New York, July 29.—F. C. Havemeyer, founder of the great sugar refineries, is dead.

DOINGS AT FOSTORIA.

Clearing Up the Oil Wreck—General Mention.

Fostoria, July 29.—(Special)—Fostoria democrats will hold their caucuses on Friday evening, to select delegates to the county convention at Tiffin, on August 15.

The oil spilled from the T. & O. C. oil car wrecked at this place last week, was burned Sunday, and there was a continuous line of fire for several squares.

Gen. W. S. Payne, who has been in Europe for several months past, returned home Monday.

The immense water works reservoir belonging to our new system, has just been completed, and when filled will resemble a good-sized lake.

Contractor Lewis Schouder, of Tiffin, has begun the excavation of Fostoria's proposed severage system.

Harry McCullock, wanted for some time for alleged fornication, has returned and given himself up.

L. Woodhull and wife, who have been touring in Alaska and the western states for several months past, have returned to this city.

T. Bert Stevenson, who has been in Skiddy, Ks., for almost a year past for the benefit of his health, has returned home greatly benefited.

The Fostoria Gun club gives its second annual tournament on Tuesday and Wednesday, August 4 and 5, which will be under the management of two prominent members, J. A. Martin and Otto Jaeger.

Burglars entered the home of Moses Bonnell on Monday night, ransacked things in general, but overlooked $25 and a gold watch.

Anti-Sub-Treasury Call.

Jackson, Miss., July 29.—W. S. McAllister, by the authority vested in him as a member of the Southern Anti-Sub-Treasury league, recently held at Fort Worth, Tex., has issued a call for a state convention, to be held in this city on August 19, to send delegates to the national convention of alliance men who oppose the sub-treasury scheme and third party.

The call invites all opposed to McCunism and corruption and denounces the political lepers who are seeking to divert the order from its true course.

McAllister also to-day promulgates a letter from McDowell, of Tennessee, written in December last to a prominent Texas alliance man named Middleton, in which he says McCune was whitewashed at Ocala.

The South Fork Club.

Johnstown, Pa., July 29.—There was a large meeting of the business men of this city to take action in regard to bringing suit against the South Fork club for damages sustained by the great flood.

A committee appointed recently to visit the dam at South Fork reported that they had obtained ample evidence that the construction of the dam was faulty.

A proposition to proceed with the suits was passed unanimously. Among those who took an active part in the meeting were dozens of persons who had lost from $25 to $100,000 in the flood.

Destroyed by Fire.

Rome, N. Y., July 29.—A fire involving a loss of $25,000 on buildings and stock, half insured, occurred in the business part of Taberg early this morning. The losers are Miss E. Tompkins, building and millinery; Peter Coyle, store and hotel barn; A. E. Hart, tinshop and dwelling; W. W. Barber, store building; W. B. Graves, general store and building; W. C. Armstrong, store building, dwelling and barn; J. J. Dooley, general store.

The whole village was threatened and only hard fighting by a bucket brigade and hand pumps saved it.

MY, BUT THIS IS TOUGH.

Harrison Asked to Unload Wanamaker.

He is Too Verdant for Republicans to Carry.

The Contributors to the Keystone Cottage Snubbed by the President on the Sea Shore.

Washington, July 29.—Nobody here takes any stock in the story telegraphed from Philadelphia regarding Quay's intention to resign his seat in the senate next December. In the first place his health is not as bad as his friends allege. In the next place the position of the senate will be rather critical for the tariff barons in the next congress.

There is a republican majority of six, it is true, but all of them are not reliable on the tariff question. Messrs. Plumb, Pettigrew, Paddock and Senator-elect Hansbrough, of North Dakota, are notoriously shaky, and nobody knows how many more since the political shakeup of last fall.

It will be seen, then, that one vote in the senate may be very essential to the tariff barons, and hence it is not likely that Quay will give Gov. Pattison a chance to appoint a democratic senator from Pennsylvania.

Besides, politics furnish Quay's bread and butter and he likes the business. Put it down that he will not resign unless there is a bigger keg of dynamite under him than has yet been exploded.

A rumor, the truth of which cannot be vouched for, although it comes from a trustworthy source, but at second hand, from Philadelphia, the present focus of republican discontent, is that ten days ago there was a meeting of something less than a hundred Philadelphia republicans, one, at least, of whom was a contributor to the purchase of the Cape May cottage.

Having met, the gentlemen present concluded that it would not be a sufficient sop to the Pennsylvania public to throw Quay to them, but that if the president could be induced to unload Mr. Wanamaker, that would settle it, and the party could go before the people with the cry that they were going to do their own reforming.

"The next move," says the gentleman who tells the story, "was to select a committee of five to go to the summer capitol by the sea and lay the necessities of the case before Mr. Harrison. Just here came the rub; each one of the 100 wanted the others to go. Finally, however, five were selected, including the gentleman who subscribed for the cottage.

On arriving at the cottage, it was found that the president was walking on the beach, and the quintet started in pursuit of his excellency.

To make a long story short, the spokesman, the contributor aforesaid, laid the case briefly before the president about as follows:

"Mr. President, we are all agreed that Mr. Wanamaker is a good man—yes, a very good man. But, unfortunately, he has some very bad friends, with which the people are very mad just now. There is the late Mr. Lucas; it is believed by some that he got away with a million or so, and, unfortunately, Mr. Wanamaker—whom we all believe to be a good man—was tied up with him in stock speculations."

"Then there is Mr. Bardsley; well, he certainly did take some $900,000 that didn't belong to him, and he cruelly deceived Mr. Wanamaker, undoubtedly, who could not have known what Bardsley was about.

"Then there is Mr. Marsh; how much he stole hasn't yet been determined; he has mixed Mr. Wanamaker up in his transactions, and Mr. Wanamaker's brother went on Mr. Marsh's bond and the latter escaped.

Now, Mr. President, we do not believe Mr. Wanamaker has been guilty of anything more than indiscretion, but—and there is no use denying it—public feeling in Pennsylvania demands something more than the mere sacrifice of Mr. Quay. We want you, for the good of the party, to break this state of feeling to Mr. Wanamaker and ask him to resign from your cabinet.'

"Well," continued the gentleman, "the president didn't deign to reply further than to say: 'Gentlemen, when I desire any further advice from you about matters of such a private and personal nature I will let you know. Good day.'" and he left them on the shore listening to what the wild waves were saying.

Died From Heart Disease.

Chicago, July 29.—A. L. Crocker, a prominent citizen, has died from heart failure.

SCROFULA

Is that impurity of the blood which produces unsightly lumps or swellings in the neck; which causes running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which develops ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or "humors;" which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. It is the most ancient of all diseases, and very few persons are entirely free from it.

How Can It Be CURED

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. If you suffer from scrofula, try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"Every spring my wife and children have been troubled with scrofula, my little boy, three years old, being a terrible sufferer. Last spring he was one mass of sores from head to feet. We all took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all have been cured of the scrofula. My little boy is entirely free from sores, and all four of my children look bright and healthy." W. B. ATHERTON, Passaic City, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

ARE WE *Right* or *Wrong?*

A Shoe Dressing *must* restore the brilliancy of a worn shoe, and at the same time *preserve the softness* of the leather.

LADIES will the Dressing you are using do both? Try it!

Pour a dessert spoonful of your Dressing into a saucer or butter plate, set it aside for a few days, and it will dry to a substance as hard and brittle as crushed glass. Can such a Dressing be good for leather?

Wolff's ACME Blacking

will stand this test and dry as a thin, oily film which is as flexible as rubber.

25 Dollars worth of New Furniture for
25 Cents. HOW? By painting
25 square feet of Old Furniture with

PIK-RON A PAINT THAT ONE CAN SEE THROUGH. TRY IT.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, 327 North Front Street, PHILADELPHIA.

UTICA - STANDARD FURNACES.

ESTIMATES carefully furnished.
CONTRACTS promptly executed.
RESULTS positively guaranteed.

R. G. BACON & CO,
Hardware and Stove Dealers,
504—MONROE ST—506

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Merrill Bl'k, { Corner Woodward and Jefferson Avenues, } Detroit, Mich.

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Is still treating with the greatest SKILL AND SUCCESS ALL

PRIVATE, NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES

NERVOUS DEBILITY, Lost Manhood, Mental and Physical Weakness, Exhausting Drains, and all the evil effects caused by excess or abuse, treated scientifically by new methods, and a thorough and permanent cure guaranteed.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES as Syphilis, Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, Eruptions, etc., radically cured without mercury.

URINARY AND KIDNEY complaints, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs speedily and safely cured.

DISEASES OF WOMEN, of whatever nature, skillfully and successfully treated.

No Experiments. Thousands Cured. Consult the Old Doctor. Forty years in practice. Consultation personally or by letter free and confidential. No matter who has failed to cure you, write Dr. CLARKE a full history of your case. Medicines sent everywhere free from observation. Hours, 8 to 8; Sundays, 9 to 12. Call on or address

Dr. F. D. CLARKE,
Merrill Block, Detroit, Mich.

WERUM BROS
608 ADAMS STREET,

Manufacturers of TRUSSES! Abdominal and other Supporters, Braces, Bandages, ELASTIC STOCKINGS! Knee Caps, Anklets, Crutches, Etc.

Special appliances for the mechanical treatment of injuries, etc., etc.

Trusses Skillfully Adjusted.

For Elastic Stockings take measure opposite letters on the cut.

We cure ALL Children and about one out of every 5 adults.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by grocers, labelled thus:

James Epps & Co. Homœopathic Chemists, LONDON, ENGLAND.

DR. J. T. LAWLESS
has removed his office and residence to
265 BROADWAY, COR. WESTERN AVE

HOTEL LAFAYETTE
CAPE MAY, N. J.
New management, elevator and all modern improvements. Apply to JOHN TRACY, Washington Hotel, Philadelphia, or Cape May.

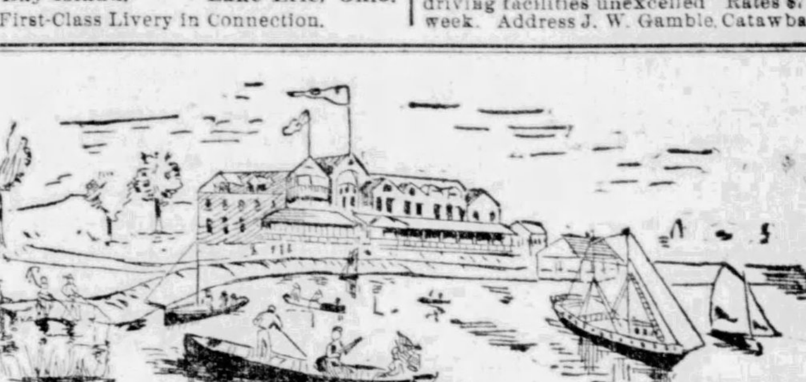
METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
ASBURY PARK, N. J.
WILL OPEN JUNE 13, 1891.
THEO. OVES PROP'R.

Put-in-Bay House!
Put-in-Bay Island, O.
OPENS JUNE 20th.
A new house delightfully located with fine view of the bay. Convenient to steamboat landing. Terms $2 and $2.50 per day; $12 to $14 per week. Cuisine unsurpassed.
MRS. A. BALBRIDGE,
Formerly of "The Carlisle," the leading family hotel of Cincinnati.

THE WARD
Summer Resort Hotel,
FORMERLY THE HUNKER.
Remodeled and Refurnished.
J. B. WARD, PROP'R,
Put-in-Bay Island, Lake Erie, Ohio.
First-Class Livery in Connection.

"OAK RIDGE,"
GREEN SPRING, O.
Grounds and Spring unsurpassed. Excellent Cuisine, Passenger Elevator, Baths and experienced attendants. Medical Superintendent. Model Health Resort and Medical Sanitarium.
$12 to $21 Per Week.
KING & HOUSEL, Owners.

A Most Delightful Resort!
Pure air, pure water, bathing, boating and driving facilities unexcelled. Rates $7 to $10 per week. Address J. W. Gamble, Catawba Island, O.



HOTEL GRANDE POINT, Grande Point St. Clair Co., Mich.
An elegant new Hotel, just across the river from Algonac. Every room a water front. Excellent water works, affording purest water. Perfect drainage. Every modern convenience. Finest bathing beach on the St. Clair river. Fresh milk and vegetables from the adjoining farm. Rates $2.50 per day. Special rates by week or month. Reached via Toledo and Detroit and "Star-Cole" and "Red Star" line steamers daily. Leave Toledo at 5:35 a. m. on M. C., connecting with Detroit boat at 9 a.m. Dinner at Grande Point. Toledo docks foot of Jefferson st., Detroit docks foot of Griswold street.
J. S. BRUBAKER, Proprietor.

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KANSAS CITY INVESTMENT COMPANY

Invite your attention to the opportunities they are offering to parties to secure first-class homes at small cost—something really good, with merit enough in it to attract your attention if you will only look at it. We have one hundred and fifty choice lots in Kensington Addition, between Collingwood avenue and Fulton street, which we will sell at favorable terms. The streets are graded, sewered and ready for first-class buildings. The property is restricted to buildings costing at least $2,500. You are not required to build at once, but you can secure a lot now, cheaper than you can later. The property is sure to advance in price. Look it over; or better let us show it to you. We have some very nice houses there which we would be pleased to have you inspect. If you want a home we can suit you, for we will build for you a house after plans selected by you. Call at our office for further particulars, and get plat of property.

The Kansas City Investment Co.,
GEO. M. VAN EVERA, Manager,
Superior and Madison Sts.

OUR STOCK OF
FURNITURE!
MUST BE REDUCED

Call and see our prices on—Parlor Suits, all prices; Sideboards, antique oak and 16th century; Chamber Suits, very cheap; Fancy Rockers, large variety.

Young & Southard's, 172-174 Summit St.

Engagement of the World's Champion Roman and Hippodrome Rider
PROF. A. L. VAN NORMAN,
With eight thoroughbred Running Horses, accomplishing the most daring feats ever attempted on any race track. To be seen at
THE GREAT EXPOSITION AND INTER-STATE FAIR,
SEPTEMBER 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.
TOLEDO, - OHIO.

THE STATEMENT IS FALSE.

President Boice Has Not Retired from the Presidency

Of the Merchants National Bank—Spitzer & Co. Buy a Large Block of Dayton Bonds—Local Banking News.

"I wish you would correct the statement made by the Blade that Mr. Boice had retired from the presidency of this bank," said Assistant Cashier Stevens of the Merchants' National to a BEE this morning. "There is no truth in the statement. I have asked the Blade to make a correction, but so far it has not been made. Mr. Boice has not been feeling well, and is rusticating on his farm."

"There is nothing in it," said Director Geo. E. Pomeroy later. "Mr. Boice was at the bank a day or two ago, and I can say this Mr. Boice will be president of the Merchants' National just as long as he desires. Strange, is it not, that the directors have never heard anything of his withdrawal from the management."

"The assertion has been made in the Toledo papers that Dayton is selling her bonds at 4 per cent. Said Banker A. L. Spitzer to a BEE: "That is a mistake. Dayton this month has placed $100,000 of 5s and $30,000 of 6s."

"Was your firm interested in the purchase?"

"Yes. We bought $50,000 of the 5s. By the way, Toledo's bonds are selling much better than some time ago. Toledo is all right."

Notwithstanding the general depression in business, the banks of Toledo seem to be flourishing unusually well. Their course is upward and onward. As an indication of this, the fact may be stated that yesterday 50 shares of the Merchants national bank stock was sold at $1.40, an advance of 6⅝ cents over the last sale.

The banks of Toledo were never in a better condition.

Much anxiety is felt over the illness of Gen. Doolittle, cashier of the Merchants, who is at Bay View, Mich. He has been suffering from nervous prostration for some weeks. A report received to-day says he is somewhat improved, although his condition is, as yet, not very encouraging. His friends trust he will return better.

It is said that the sinking fund trustees have purchased city bonds recently at 97. While the board has the right to do this, yet, bankers say, it is not the wisest policy, inasmuch as it will have a tendency to depreciate the value of Toledo bonds abroad. With Geo. W. Davis at the helm, however, there is nothing to be feared in this regard.

President Nearing, of the First National, is still confident that the steamer City of Toledo will make the trip to Put-in-Bay in two and a half hours. The City beat the Kirby, the racer of the lakes, from Lakeside to Put-in-Bay a few days ago.

The immense receipts of grain at this point for the last 10 days has kept the banks hustling, but they can meet all demands.

CHURCH ROBBED.

Work of a Sneak Thief at Six Mile Woods.

Last Sunday some sacrilegious miscreant effected an entrance into the church of the Immaculate Conception at Six Mile Woods, Java postoffice, and rifled it of every thing of value that he could carry away. Among the things stolen were two chalices, two ciborium's and an oil stock, altogether valued at about $140. As yet, there is no clue to the impious thief and from appearances it is doubtful if the stolen goods will ever be recovered.

ERHARDT WILL RESIGN.

He Don't Care to Serve Longer Under Harrison.

New York, July 29.—It was reported among republican politicians late last night that Collector Erhardt, of this port, had sent his resignation to the president to take effect August 1.

From all that could be learned the collector intends to enter into business enterprises which will require his undivided attention.

Silas B. Dutcher, of Brooklyn, is named as Mr. Erhardt's probable successor.

Later—In connection with the rumors circulated last night to the effect that Collector Erhardt had resigned, that gentleman stated to a United Press reporter at the custom house this morning, that it was true that he had resigned and that the document was now in the hands of President Harrison. He refused to discuss his unexpected resignation. It is announced, however, that Mr. Erhardt is about to embark in some private venture. His resignation will take place, it is understood, August 1, the day fixed for the wholesale decapitation of clerks and others at the custom house. Politicians are all at sea as to who his successor will be.

A DAY AT THE POINT.

Toledo Locomotive Engineers Having an Outing.

Sandusky, July 29.—(Special)—The annual excursion of the Toledo locomotive engineers to Cedar Point to-day arrived at its destination safely.

The train left Toledo at 9 a. m. and consisted of seven coaches with 400 people aboard.

The party was in charge of Chief Lathrop, of Corn City division, B. of L. E., and Passenger Agent J. E. Gunckel, of the Lake Shore.

Arriving at the point at 11:30 the party, after partaking of a basket luncheon, gave itself over to the diversified amusements of the place.

A COMPLICATED CASE.

Cheap Rate Hunters Run Into the Tariff Law.

San Francisco, July 29.—A cargo of nails which was recently landed here has been ordered seized by the collector of the port. The vessel that brought the cargo arrived here via Liverpool from New York. She is the Steine Donnard.

The nails are valued at $35,000 and were shipped from New York to Europe and then transhipped to this port. This was done in order to obtain cheaper rates. This transaction is held to be a violation of the law regarding the shipping of goods on foreign vessels between domestic ports. The nails are consigned to Dunham Carrington & Co. It is also alleged that the nails are liable to duty.

Paid for Their Services.

Washington, July 29.—Assistant Secretary Spaulding, of the treasury department, has informed the collector of customs at San Francisco that an award of compensation has been made in favor of Frank Farrell, George W. Lee and M. J. Conboy as informers in an opium seizure case for $952, being 50 per cent. of the net proceeds, the maximum amount that can be allowed under the law. The department will forward a draft for the amount stated to the collector.

The Utopia's Dead.

Gibraltar, July 29.—The hold of the steamship Utopia, which was wrecked here a few months ago, is so charged with gases that it has become necessary to suspend the work of searching for and removing corpses, of which many remain in the hold.

Yesterday the body of a woman was recovered, together with that of an infant clasped to her breast and that of another child clinging to her clothing.

Socialist Defeated.

Berlin, July 29.—Herr Endeman, national liberal, has been elected to the reichstag from Cassel, he having received 10,352 votes as against 9,096 votes cast for Herr Pfannkuch, socialist. Herr Endeman received the support of all parties except the socialists, while his opponent had the solid socialist vote.

Killed by the Cars.

Tonawanda, N. Y., July 29.—Wm. Morrison, aged 20 years, of Algonack, Mich., was struck and killed this morning by a Michigan Central train.

THE SCHOONER ITASCA

Libelled By a Ship Carpenter Firm in This City—The Case Settled.

This morning the schooner Itasca, which has been laying at this port for several days, was libelled in the United States court at the instance of Conrad & Cardinal, the well-known ship carpenters of this city. The claim was for a $105 bond, balance due on amount for repairs furnished the vessel.

Attorney L. G. Richardson was given charge of the case for the defendants, and it is understood that at a late hour this afternoon he succeeded in effecting a settlement. The Itasca is one of the oldtimers at this port, and her commander is one of the most honest seamen that enters this harbor.

FIRE IN THE MOUNTAINS.

Narrow Escape of the Lick Observatory.

Many Miles of Land Devastated and Cattle Killed by the Scurrying Flames.

San Jose, Cal., July 29.—A correspondent has just returned from Mount Hamilton, 26 miles distant. He spent a day and a night at the scene of the fire that threatened the Lick Observatory.

The observatory, through the energetic efforts of the professors, has been saved. The immense water-tanks were on fire twice Saturday. Their destruction would cut off all water supply for the observatory. Through the efforts of Professors Burnham and Barnard they were saved.

Both the professors fought the flames at great risk to themselves. Each was considerably burned about the hands and face. Prof. Burnham's hair was singed and his clothes were nearly burned off.

At noon Saturday the fire had burned to within half a mile of the summit of Mount Hamilton, skirting both sides of the road. The fire started about ten miles distant, six days ago. It was caused by the carelessness of campers. The tract burned over is about eight miles wide.

Among the sufferers is United States Senator Robert Morrow, whose immense cattle ranch was seared from end to end by the fire. Thousands of head of cattle were burned. Immense tracts of valuable timber were also destroyed. Hubbard's ranch of 3,000 acres was devastated.

On Hamburg Brothers' ranch many acres of grain and all the buildings were destroyed Wandall's ranch, where the fire originated, is now an area of ashes. Hartzoke's ranch, adjoining, has not even a fence left on it.

Mrs. Ed Basse was very nearly burned to death. She fought the fire all Friday afternoon in a vain effort to save her home. The flames finally surrounded her on every side. She bravely gathered her skirts about her, made a rush through the nearest wall of fire and reached a place of safety. Her clothes were all afire, and she was so badly burned about the feet that she is now confined to her bed.

The time of the greatest danger to the observatory was Friday, when the chapparral on the mountain side, and entirely surrounding the observatory was afire. Telephonic communication with this city was cut off and no assistance could be secured. The ranchers were all busy attempting to save their own property.

In this hour of danger, the flames raging fiercely less than half a mile away, the professors and astronomers organized an impromptu fire brigade, and with wet blankets, buckets of water and shovels began their defense of the buildings. While part of them fought the flames and checked their progress with blankets and switches others dug trenches in the more exposed portions of the ground. The safety of the observatory buildings and all their valuable contents is entirely due to their heroic efforts.

The State authorities have taken an active hand, first to discover the identity of the campers who started these destructive fires, and secondly to prevent a reoccurence. Commissioner Kelley, of the State Bureau of Forestry, with a force of officers, is now here for information that will lead to the arrest of any person starting these fires in the mountains.

The aggregate loss will exceed $1,000,000, and the fires are raging in every direction. A fire started Saturday night in the Santa Cruz Mountains, on the western side of the valley, through the carelessness of campers, and it is now burning fiercely. From one of the professors at the observatory it was learned to-day that considerable damage had been done to some of the more delicate instruments by the great heat resulting from the close proximity of the flames on Friday. Just what the nature or extent of this damage they would not say, but it is understood that some of the scientific apparatus will have to be entirely replaced. The great telescope and its costly object-glass have not suffered any injury.

Owing to the dense clouds of smoke that still envelope the heights of Mount Hamilton no attempts at astronomical observations have been made for a week past. For the time being all visitors are excluded from the Observatory.

FAILS TO PROTECT.

Tariff on Foreign Silks no Benefit to Manufacturers.

New York, July 29.—The Silk association of America, through its secretary, Briton Richardson, to-day sent to the secretary of the treasury at Washington, a letter intended to disclose a deplorable condition in the custom house inspections of silk importations. This letter is supplemented by the statistics which have been obtained from Yokohama and elsewhere setting forth how and why the existing tariffs of 50 and 60 per cent. on imported silk fabrics have failed entirely to "protect" the domestic manufacturer.

The Silk Association of America is composed of domestic manufacturers, who bring raw silk into this country duty free from Japan, China and France. According to Mr. Richardson, the domestic manufacture of silk articles has been hampered by custom house frauds. The manufacture of silk handkerchiefs, the most popular commodity in silk, he says, has been wholly stopped chiefly by this cause.

BIG OIL TANKS ON FIRE.

A Disastrous Conflagration Now Raging.

Baltimore, July 29.—The Baltimore United Oil company's tanks located at Canton were last night struck by lightning, and for a time burned fiercely. The fire department believed they had controlled the flames and withdrew part of their force. This morning the flames again broke out and the fire rapidly spread, soon getting beyond control.

Two large tanks which cost $10,000 each, and containing oil valued at over $100,000, are now burning fiercely. The oil is being pumped out as rapidly as possible, but the intense heat precludes much work in this direction. Adjoining property is threatened, and the fire department is directing their efforts to saving it, more than to the preservation of the tanks.

Died From His Wounds.

St. John, N. B., July 29.—While playing "Billee Taylor" here some ten days ago Frank Migaux, one of the Adelaide Randall opera company, was cut with a sword in the hands of James Peakes. Blood poisoning set in and he died last night.

Were Too Familiar.

Rome, July 29.—Two Italians and one German have been arrested for sketching and in other ways endeavoring to secure plans of the forts at Como.

Badly Injured.

Upper Sandusky, July 29.—Fred Schmit, a homeless boy, was badly injured trying to board a train yesterday. He was taken to the infirmary.

Hydrophobia.

St. Mary's, O., July 29.—Maude Sprague is suffering from hydrophobia, and there is no hope of her recovery.

Maybe Suicide.

St. Marys, O., July 29.—Joe Dudett, a shoemaker, is missing, and it is thought he has committed suicide.

Badly Burned.

Tiffin, July 29.—Michael Grady was badly injured by an explosion of natural gas yesterday.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

The market quotations in the BEE are compiled from United Press special dispatches and from reports received by the Toledo Produce Exchange, and specially arranged by Mr. Denison B. Smith, secretary of the Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO BEE, }
TOLEDO, O., July 29. }

London wheat market very strong; corn firm. Country markets very firm. Weather very wet. French country markets firmer. Liverpool wheat and corn firm at advance of yesterday.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points to-day are 1,258,343 bu, compared with 483,291 bu on the same day last year.

California Wheat Movement—The receipts of wheat at San Francisco in the week ending July 22 equaled 263,700 bu and 23,156 bbls of flour. The exports equal 204,141 bu of wheat and 24,127 bbls of flour.

Lake freight at Chicago is 2⅛c on wheat and 2⅛c on corn.

The breaks in the Erie canal are expected to be repaired by August 10th. Meanwhile canal boat owners are asking 4c freight on wheat and 3⅝c on corn.

It was discovered Monday, at Chicago, that the 'Soo' line had issued a tariff four days ago on flour and bran, from Minneapolis via Gladstone, Michigan, on the basis of 25c to New York. The former rate had been 27½c, although the agreed tariff rate was 30c.

Short Crops Abroad.

London, July 29.—Although the latest reports from the north west of India tell of beneficial rains having fallen there, still there is terrible distress in that region, which compels the government to vote large sums of money for the relief of the people. The object is to provide public works, etc., to give the men employment and provisions. The failures of the crops of cereals in India, France and Russia seem to be comprising to throw large demands for foodstuffs upon America for the next twelve months.

The receipts of wheat to-day at seven principal western points are 775,052 bu in excess of the corresponding Wednesday in 1890.

The export clearances yesterday from four Atlantic ports were near 200,000 bu of wheat and light of flour and corn.

English markets as reported herein are very strong for both wheat and corn.

England has now on the ocean 17,800,000 bu in wheat and flour. Part of the wheat is sold to France, to arrive, and the remainder is not equal to four week's consumption in the United Kingdom.

American markets for grain opened firm and a shade higher, with later weaker, alternating to stronger conditions. American dealers seem to be timid and afraid to advance. Beerbohm and the London Times corroborate our statement that America commands the situation, and wheat at Toledo and Chicago is exportable at present prices day after day. It is the fashion of the bearish circulars of the day to say our prices are out of line, but they do not venture on comparing by figures.

Bradstreet's report of the visible supply: Wheat, increased 1,525,000; corn, decreased 348,000 bu; oats, increased 12,450 bu; Pacific coast wheat, increased 84,950.

The wheat and corn markets in the last half of the session became weaker and declined. In New York July wheat closed at 98⅞c, a loss of 1c; September at 97¼c a loss of ⅝c. July corn at 70c, a loss of 1c; September at 65¾c, a loss of 1¼c. In Chicago July wheat closed at 98¾c, a loss of 1¾c; September at 87¼c, a loss of 1c. July corn at 63c, a loss of 1c; September at 57¼c, a loss of 1⅜c.

In Toledo the market for wheat futures has been fairly active, but less so than yesterday. Although there has been nothing new to depress prices, the market is lower.

Paris is quoted lower by private cable, but prices there are dancing about up and down, and are likely to react again to-morrow. English markets close steady.

On the call August wheat sold at 90⅝c and December at 93⅝c. After the call July sold at 91½c and closed at 91c asked, a loss of 1c; August sold at 90⅞c to 90⅜c and closed at 89⅞c asked; September sold at 90⅜c to 90⅝c and closed at 90⅝c, a loss of 1⅛c; December sold at 93⅝c to 93⅞c and closed at 93c, a loss of 1c. Cash wheat was less active than yesterday and declined 1c. No. 2 soft sold at 91½c to 91c and closed at that, a loss of 1c. No. 3 soft at 90c to 89⅞c. Rejected No. 2 at 78@79c. No. 3 red and white at 89c. No. 2 white at 90c. Corn, at opening, No. 2 was salable at 65c, closing 64c; No 3, 63c. Oats No 2 at 32c; No 2 white, old, at 40c; No 3 white at 32c. Rye No 2 at 71½c to 73c at close; No 3 at 68c. Clover seed.—October, $4.35; December, $4.45.

Freights.

Lake freights to Buffalo.. Wheat, 1⅜c. Corn, 1⅜c
Toledo to New York ...... " 5¼c " 5 c

Lake and rail rate to New York, 7¼c wheat, 7c corn; Boston, 10c wheat, 8¼c corn; Philadelphia, 6c wheat, 6c corn; Baltimore, 6c wheat, 5¾c corn.

Call Board, 10 a. m. To-day.

No 2 red soft—S August—Sales 17,000 bu 90½c. S December—5,000 bu 93⅝c.

Daily Movement of Grain.

	RECEIPTS. Wh't	Corn	Oats	SHIPMENTS. Wh't	Corn	Oats
N. Y.	139200	37700	78200	56059	8619	....
Balto	219190	4700	2000	94957	17142	......
Phila	53454	15568	17340	36450	10738	10331
Boston	......	......	......	......	......	......
Toledo	284035	2700	9602	191564	15232	1633
Chicago	653678	312267	233728	176154	364965	174120
Milw'ke	18.50	3529	10000	3000	1850	850
St. L	134000	370000	24000	160000	24000	24000
Detroit	88916	3207	12417	47006	2125	......
Duluth	10664	......	......	87031	......	......
Minne	66000	......	......	11520	......	......
Total	1258343	......	......	......	......	......

Markets by Telegraph.

London, July 29.—1 p. m.—Wheat cargoes off coast at opening, strong; maize, nothing offering. Wheat cargoes on passage and for shipment, very strong. Maize firm.

Mark Lane.—Wheat and maize at opening turn dearer. No 1 California wheat just shipped or promptly to be shipped, 41s 9d. No 1 California wheat nearly due, 41s 9d. English country markets very firm, French firmer. Weather very wet.

LIVERPOOL, July 29.—1 p. m.—Wheat market firm, demand has fallen off; holders offer sparingly. American mixed corn steady, demand fair; 5s 11¾d. Wheat off coast, demand has fallen off; corn demand fair.

Chicago, July 29.—Opening—Wheat—July, 99c; September, 87⅝. Corn—July, 62¼c; September, 58c. Oats—September, 28⅝. Pork—July, $11 20; September, $11 40. Lard—July, $6 42½; September, $6 67½. Ribs—July, $6 70; September, $6 87½.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 8. Futures steady; July, 7.50; August, 7.50; September, 7.65.

DETROIT, July 29.—Close: Wheat—No. 2 red cash 90½c bid; August, 90c bid; December, 93⅝c; No 1 white, cash, 92c bid. Corn—No 2 cash 64½c. Oats—No 2 cash 31c, nominal.

Chicago, July 29.—Close: Wheat—July, 88¾c; September, 87¼c. Corn—July, 63c; September, 57¼c. Oats—July, 32c; September, 27¾c. Pork—September, $11 40. Lard—September, $6 70@6 72½. Ribs—September, $6 92½.

New York, July 29.—Money 1½@2 per cent. Exchange quiet; posted rates, $4 84½@4 87; actual rates $4 84@4 84¾ for 60 days, and $4 86¼@4 86½ for demand.

Governments steady; currency, 6s, 110 bid; 4s coupon, 117 bid; 4½s do, 1 00⅜ bid.

The principal trading in stocks this morning was in Burlington, Northern Pacific preferred, St. Paul, Tennessee coal and the sugar trusts. The tone was weak and during the first hour the whole market on a slight pressure to sell declined ⅛ to 1 per cent. Burlington was sold because the statement for June, published yesterday, although showing an increase in the earnings for June, did not show a satisfactory state of affairs on a closer investigation. After 11 o'clock there was a slight rally, except in Tennessee coal, which was especially weak, and declined from 28 to 24⅜. Sugar trusts were the strongest specialty of the second hour, advancing to 8⅛ from 79¾. At this writing the market is dull. The sales for the morning amounted to 61 300 shares.

New York, July 29.—Flour dull but firm with prices unchanged; city mill extra, $5 00@5 15 for West Indies; Minnesota extra, $3 75@5 50; fine, $3 00@3 85; superfine, $3 50@4 15. Wheat opened strong and advanced ⅛c the first hour, but lost the improvement by noon; No 2 red winter, cash, $1 01¾; August, 98⅛c; September, 98c; October, 98¼c. Corn opened weak and ¼c lower, but rallied ⅛c before noon; No 2 mixed, cash, 71½c; July, 70¾; August, 68⅜c; September, 66⅝c. Oats quiet; No 2 mixed, cash 41¼c; August 35c; September, 33. Rye and barley nominal. Pork quiet with prices firm; new mess, $12 50@13 25. Lard quiet; August, $6 81; September, $6 92. Molasses domestic grades quiet and steady; 25@35c for good to fancy. Turpentine steady at 35½@36c. Rosin dull and rather weak; strained to good, $1 35@1 40. Petroleum nominal. Freights steady; grain to Liverpool, steam, 1¼@3d. Butter firm for strictly fancy; other grades steady; western extra, 17½@18c. Cheese slow with prices barely steady. Eggs in good demand but weak; western fresh, 16½@17¼c. Rice nominal. Sugar, refined dull and easy; cutloaf and crushed, 5¼c; granulated, 4⅞@4½c; mould A, 4⅜c. Tallow in fair demand and firm; prime city, 4⅞@4 15-16c. Coffee lots quiet; fair rio cargoes, 19c.

Live Stock.

Buffalo, July 29.—Cattle—Receipts 70 loads through, 17 loads fresh for sale and fully 60 loads held over; the market was fully 25c lower than yerterday. Best steers at $4 50@5 00 per cwt; good at $3 40@4 25.

Hogs—Receipts 27 loads through, 3 loads of fresh for sale and 12 loads held over. The market was very dull, only a few sold up to a late hour. Sales of good Yorkers at $5 85@5 90 per cwt; grassy to fair Yorkers at $5 25@5 60.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 21 loads through, 2 loads for sale. The market was slow but steady, only a few lambs on sale. Sales of Kentucky lambs at 54 lbs at $4 50.

Wool Market.

Boston, July 29.—The demand for wool is quite active and the sales are good. Ohio X is selling for 29@30c, XX at 31@32c, No 1 at 35@36c. Michigan X sells fairly well at 27c, and No 1 at 34@35c. Combing and delaine fleeces are firm and in demand at previous prices. Territory wools are active on a basis of 60@62c for fine, 58@60c for fine medium, and 53@55c for medium, principally at inside figures. Texas, California and Oregon wools are in fair demand. Pulled wools are steady at 30@45c for supers, and at 22@32c for extras. Australian wools are firm and in demand.

PRICES CURRENT.

Poultry—Springers, 20@30c a piece; old 7c per lb; ducks, $2 00@3 50 per doz; geese, $3 00@4 00.

Provisions—Pork, better; mess, $11 50 per bbl; short, $13 00; clear, $13 50; short clear, $14 00 pounds. Hams, 18 lbs and over, 10¾c; 15 lbs, average 11c; 12 lbs and under, 11½c. Shoulders, 8c. Breakfast bacon, clear, 9½c; rib, 9c. Smoked beef, 12c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 8c; by barrel, 8⅛c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 8½c; refined, 7¾c; 50 lb tins, 8c. Bacon sides, 8c. Bologna, 6c.

Butter—Gathered creams, 17@20c; fancy Ohio creamery, 26c; fancy northwestern cream, erv, 27@28c; fancy dairy, 18@20c; prime to choice, 14@16c; medium, 10@12c; common, 7@8c per pound. The market is dull for all grades, and lower prices on choice stock are looked for.

Calves—Choice, 6½c; medium, 6c per pound.

Tallow—City, 4c per lb; country, 4c. Market strong.

Hides—Kip skins, 5c; calf skins, 6c; light hides, 4c; heavy steers, 5½c; No 1 green, 5c; No 2 do, 4c; No 1 wet salted, 6c; No 2 do, 4c; No 1 bull, 3½c; No 1 dry flint, 10c; No 2 do, 7c; dry-salted, 6@7c per lb; sheep pelts, full wool, $1 00@1 50; glue stock, 2c. Market dull and quiet.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23c per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 23@24c; fine merino, 18@19c; burry and cots, 12@15c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@30c; combing and delaine, 30@31; fine merine, X and XX, 28@29c; burry and cots, 18@20c. Tub-washed—30@35c; pulled, 25@29c. Market firm, with fair demand for new clip.

Blackberries—$3 50 per bu.

Currants—$2 00@2 50 per bu.

Gooseberries—$2 50@3 00 per bu.

Cherries—$2 00 per bu.

Raspberries.—$3 50 per bu.

Peaches—$2 50@3 00 per bu.

Watermelons—15@20c.

Blueberries—$4 00@per bu.

Celery—25@30c per dozen.

Vegetables—Potatoes, new, $1 75 per bbl. Cabbage home grown, 75c per bbl. Onions, Bermuda, $2 00 per crate; home-grown, $1 25@1 50 per sack. Cucumbers, 20c per dozen. New beets, 20c per dozen. Peas, $1 00 for home grown. Tomatoes, $2 00@2 25 per bu. String beans, green, 75c; wax, 75c.

Eggs—Quiet but scarce and firm at 15@16c per dozen.

Hay—Choice timothy, $15 00@16 00; No 2 do $12 00@13 00; mixed, $10 00@11 00. Straw, $10.

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian and common millet, 85c@$1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 15@1 25 per bu on arrival.

Millfeed—Bran, $18 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $20 00; middlings $22 00 and $1 00 more in bags.

Flour—Spring patent, $5 50; spring family 5 25, winter patent, $5 50@6 50; fancy, $5 25@5 50; winter family, $5 25@5 50; extra, $3 75@4 00; low grade, $4 00; northwestern rye, $5 25@5 50 per bbl.

Salt—85c per small bbl; large, 90c per bbl, Michigan, on track, 75c.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 50@2 60; navy and medium, $2 30@2 40 per bu.; western navy, $2 50@2 75.

Maple Sweets—Syrup, pure, $1 00@1 10 per gallon; manufactured, 75@90c.; sugar, 11@12½c. per lb.: Common, 8@10c. Market quiet.

Sorghum—Medium to choice, 34@36c per gallon. Market dull.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 9@10c per lb; evaporated, 12@13c; peaches, 7@8c. Market dull.

Cheese—New York full cream, 10@11c; Michigan full cream, 9@9½c; Young America, 9@10c; fancy Schweitzer, 14¼@15c; twins, 11¼@12c per pound. Stocks are light and the market is firm.

Fish—Mackerel, No. 1 large shore, per bbl, $18 00@20 00; No. 1 shore, $16 00@27 00; No. 1 medium, $20 00@21 00; No. 2 shore, $17 50@18 50. White fish, No. 1, per half bbl, $7 50; No. 2, $5 00@5 25; Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. box herring, 25c per box. Very quiet.

Oils—Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana standard car lots, 6½c; water white 150 headlight, 8¾c; lard oil, 52@55c; linseed oil, 54@56c.

Turpentine—Dull at 39@40c per gal.

Feathers—Prime live white geese, 43c and scarce; old and mixed, 38@40c per pound on arrival. Market firm.

Hops—New York, 30@33c; Western, 28@33c; foreign, 60c per lb.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@3¼c per lb; do screened, 3¼@3½c; recleaned and hand-picked, 3¼@4¼c.

Groceries.—Coffee, common, 19¼c; ordinary, 19@19½c; low fair, 20@20¼c; fair, 20¼@21c; prime, 21½c; choice, 21½@22c; yellow, 23@24c; Caracas, 23@24½c; Javas, 25@30c; Mochas, 27@30c. Sugars strong; cutloaf, 5¼c; powdered 5¼c; granulated, 4½c; confectioner's A, 4⅜c; mould A, 4⅜c; off A, 4⅛@4¼c; extra C, 4c; yellows, 3¼@3¾c. Demand fairly active for all grades. Molasses firm; centrifugal, 18@25c per gallon; open kettle, 30@45c; syrup, 27@35c. Rice firm; fair to choice Louisiana, 5¼@6¼c per pound; Japan, 5¼@6c. The foregoing are wholesale, not jobbing prices, which are fractionally higher.

Satteens—B C Henrietta satteens, 10¼c net; A Henrietta satteens, 16c reg; B Henrietta satteens, 20c reg; C Henrietta satteens, 22½c reg; D Henrietta satteens, 25c reg; E Henrietta satteens, 30c reg.

Warps—White rose white, 18c; white rose colors, 21c; wadding black, 20c; wadding white, 25c; Stark A bags, $20 00 a bale; Georgia bags $15 50; Eureka bags, $17 00.

LOCAL LABOR NEWS.

At the regular meeting of the Clerks' Mutual Protective union last evening the following officers were elected: President, P. A. Brennan; vice president, William Gorton; recording secretary, F. W. Ayling; financial secretary, A. A. Hale; guide, Joe H. Wortsmith; guard, Henry Selter; trustees, Charles W. Beckel, M. Quinn and F. W. Guese.

It was decided to publish the names of all those who have not complied with the clerk's demands anent closing at 6:30 p. m., side by side with the names of those who have. The friends of labor and of the clerks will then see who are their friends.

Last evening Moulders' union No. 19 met at Carpenters' hall and elected the following officers: President, John Mayer; vice-president, Albert Krauss; recording secretery, J. A. Flynn; financial secretary, Louis Mechler; treasurer, John Lakemacher.

The Moulders' union is financially in a healthy condition and numerically strong.

At the meeting of Painters' union No. 7 last evening the resolutions of the Building Trades' council on the proposed importation was endorsed. A special committee was appointed to make arrangements for the Labor day parade.

The trouble between the new Painters union and the old one continues to exist. The difference of opinion is one that seems to an outsider to be easily settled. No contractor should belong to a journeyman's organization.

The shoemakers failed to make connections again, and last night's meeting adjourned for a week without perfecting the organization.

The Clerks' Protective union gives the following of the list of merchants who have so far failed to close at 6:30 p. m: Henry Egley, Gilbert Shoe Co., Fred Kratt, Gitskey & Son, Globe clothing house, C. G. Romeis, A. L. D'Alton, and the Davis shoe house.

Robinson Has Resigned.

San Francisco, July 29.—General Manager Robinson, of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad, has resigned. He will assume charge of the San Antonio and Arkansas Pass railroad. Mr. Robinson will be probably succeeded by J. H. Wade. Mr. Robinson's resignation will take effect August 15.

Home from Their Exile.

London, July 29.—The grenadier guards have arrived home from their exile in Bermuda. They were landed at Dover instead of Portsmouth, much to the disappointment of their relatives who had gathered at the latter place to greet them.

No Outbreak Yet.

Harrisburg, Pa., July 29.—The billet mill at the Pennsylvania steel works at Steelton has started with sufficient men to make a day and night turn. Although everything is quiet 50 more deputy sheriffs were sworn in.

The Strike Still On.

Philadelphia, July 29.—The weavers' strike at Dobson's mill is still on.

Disolved the Trust

Brooklyn, July 29.—Judge Cullen of the supreme court has dissolved the Brooklyn Sugar Refining company and appointed the Franklin Trust company receiver.

The Suevia.

London, July 29.—The steamer Suevia from New York for Hamburg passed the Lizard at 2:40 p. m. to-day.

Ocean Marine.

New York, July 28.—Arrived—Spaarndam from Rotterdam.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

A Good Sale of Lots.

A deed was filed at the recorder's office to-day, conveying from Clarence Brown to Lincoln Smith lots 3, 6, 9, 14, 30, 83, 84, 87, 89, in Lincoln Smith's addition. The consideration was $6,900.

Arbitration Board in Session.

The Ann Arbor arbitration board is in session at J. K. Hamilton's office. Mr. Ashley has submitted his statement in writing, and as he expressed himself to a BEE, "They can do as they please now, I am through." Mr. Ashley insisted that the press be excluded.

Reported Explosion at Cummings.

It was reported in the city this afternoon that the boiler in the stave mill at Cummings, a station on the Hocking Valley road, about ten miles from Toledo, exploded at noon, seriously injuring two men and possibly killing three others. There is no telegraph office at the point, and the report could not be authenticated. The Hocking Valley train, due at 2:20, was two hours late.

Where are the Kudlarks?

A young girl named Bronishoc Brognszenskee, is dying at the St. Vincent hospital, and to-day she asked the Sisters to find her sister, who resides somewhere in Toledo, and from whom she ran away about two years ago, changing her name and entirely loosing herself. Her sisters' name was Annia, and is married to a man named Antonie Kudlark. The police have been notified, and are looking for the Kudlarks.

Musicale at the Fisk Mansion.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Buvinger, of Dayton, O., who are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Sam T. Fisk, 1901 Collingwood avenue, were last evening honored with a pleasing musicale. Miss Strong, of Chicago, and Miss Edith Kent, of this city, gave several numbers on the piano, and with other musical selections a delightful evening was spent. About fifty guests were present. Dainty refreshments were served.

The Delta Elopers Returned.

Mention was made in last evening's BEE of the elopement of Charles Leiter and Nettie Cameron from Delta. The couple went to Detroit, were married and returned home this morning. The happy couple breakfasted with mine host Gorman, of the New York house, and state that they were as contented as could be. After the meal Mr. and Mrs. Leiter left for Delta, and have, no doubt, received the parental blessing of "God bless you, my children" ere this.

The Armory Board Meeting.

The armory board met in adjourned session yesterday afternoon. Mr. Graham, the lowest bidder on the building, was present and signified his willingness to enter into a contract and give the necessary bond. When requested to produce the bondsmen Mr. Graham stated that he had not completed arrangements as to that, but could do so in a short time. He was given until 3 o'clock to-day to give a suitable bond. Nothing further was accomplished by the board.

In Town To-day.

Messrs. Maurice Sellers, A. H. Mullikin, J. H. Reynolds, James E. Monroe and Ben Reynolds, of Chicago, are in Toledo to-day in the interest of the construction of the new railway from Toledo to Chicago.

A number of teams are on the way to Alborlton, the Wabash crossing in Williams county, and work will commence near that place this week.

Ladies' Cycling Club.

It is now settled that Toledo will have a ladies' bicycle club, and it promises to be of good size in membership and full of enthusiasm. About 25 young ladies who ride wheels met last evening at the home of Miss Gifford, Adams street, to complete the organization. Mrs. Elmer Richards was chosen captain for the week, and it was decided to have two club runs each week. The next run will take place Friday evening. The club will start from the residence of Miss Gifford and then will explore some of the new pavements of lower town.

Fall In, William Tell Division.

A committee, headed by Sir Knight Henry Hoerlein, has been appointed by William Tell division, No. 16, U. R., K. P., to prepare for a day's outing for the members and their friends. Accordingly an excursion will be given on the City of Toledo on the 12th of August to Put-in Bay. The division will have a short parade in the morning, and will be accompanied by a band. The members of this division are among the most genial K. P.'s in the city, and those who go with them on the 12th may rest confident of a good time.

A Wedding Surprise.

Considerable surprise was occasioned among a prominent circle of young people, principally the Halcyon club and their friends, when cards came out announcing the second wedding anniversary of one of their number and an estimable young lady of the same circle. It had been known for a long time that the young people were engaged, but no one had suspected the marriage. The cards, however, announce that the wedding took place in August, 1889, at Buffalo, New York, after which the couple returned home and went about their usual occupations and never hinted at the wedding until lately, and now they are receiving many hearty congratulations.

Result of Bad Literature.

Thomas Schaffer and Albert Beehler, two 15 year old boys, living with their parents on East Bancroft street, have been reeding too many 5-cent novels and took a notion to run away to Detroit yesterday. Schaffer stole a silver watch from his brother-in-law, H. Hadley, of 450 Kuper street. The two boys left home yesterday morning and the watch was missed in the afternoon. Search was made for the boys and they were found by Officer Bliss and taken to the police station. Their case was heard this morning in police court. Beehler, who was innocent of any crime, was sentenced to be confined in the city prison until 4 o'clock this afternoon, as a lesson to him to keep out of bad company. Schaffer, who has been in just such a scrape before, will be sent to the reform school at Lancaster.

Live Pigeon Shoot at Presque Isle.

Presque Isle promises to be quite lively for the balance of the season, and a number of good attractions are booked for the park. On Saturday of this week will occur a championship pigeon shoot with live birds at the island, between George C. Osborne, of this city, champion of Ohio, and Dr. O. J. Carter. One hundred birds will be used, with five ground traps at 28 yards rise. The match will begin immediately after the arrival at the island of the 2 p. m. boat.

The attraction next week is a novel one for that resort, and will consist of John F. Stowe's complete circus and menagerie. The show will stay at the island all week.

Besides these there will be innumerable out of town excursions and Sunday school picnics, and next month the Patriarchs Militant of the state go into camp there.

Looking for a Muss and Was Fined.

John O'Farrell, who has just finished a term at the workhouse for breaking one of the automatic weighing machines on Summit street two weeks ago, is again in trouble. Last night be filled up with bad liquor and started out for a fight. He found it at Fitzpatrick's place on Monroe street, and after getting the worst of it at first he left. About 12 o'clock he returned and called Fitzpatrick to the door, where he hit him in the face with a large stone. About this time an officer appeared and took O'Farrell in charge, and $15 and costs was the judge's sentence in police court this morning. Both O'Farrell and his father have been before the judge several times in the past few months, and they have given the mother more than her share of the work and the supporting of the family to do, yet she is always the first to endeavor to get them out of their troubles.

Judge Sala gave young O'Farrell a good lecture and warned him against getting into any more trouble.

Slight Accident on the Pastime.

The steamer Pastime met with a slight accident last evening, a few minutes before seven o'clock, that delayed her at the island two hours.

Just as Captain Pyrie was about to blow the whistle for the boat's departure, a loud explosion was heard which shook the boat from stem to stern. Upon investigation it was found that the coupling on the large steam pipe leading to the steam calliope and whistle, had given away, allowing the escape of all the steam in the steam chest.

The damage was slight, but on account of the position of the pipe, which was immediately over the boiler, it was very hard to reach to make repairs. After a delay of two hours the boat was finally started and reached the city at 9.45 p. m.

There were only a few people on board at the time of the accident, and fortunately no one was hurt, although a lady with a small child in a buggy was just under the pipe when it bursted. Aside from being badly frightened and covered with ashes, too, the mother and child escaped without injury.

As late as it was, on the steamer's arrival at the city, the Canoe club were not disappointed, as the boat made its usual trip to the lake.

STILL AT IT.

The Central Avenue Stone Road Difficulties No Nearer a Settlement Than in the Beginning.

Stone road 13 took another turn on the wheel this morning. Engineer Meissner filed the figures resulting from measurements of masonry taken by him on one section. The commissioners were satisfied but Deputy Auditor Ely insisted on a like report of all the sections involved in the contention.

After pulling back and forth for a while the commissioners ordered Mr. Meissner to prepare the necessary figures and report to the board one week from next Monday morning.

On this date Deputy County Surveyor Uhle, whom County Surveyor Wilhelm claims had charge of the work on road 13, and made all the estimates, and is responsible for the figures, will be present and explain his manner of measurement.

Engineer Bodette will also be present and show how he came to the results reported to the board some time ago.

A general discussion of the situation will occur and it is expected that some conclusion will be arrived at as to whose measurement is off.

PERSONAL MENTION.

W. H. Boos and wife are in Detroit.

Mrs. J. L. Hodge is at Catawba for a several weeks' visit.

George P. Kirby and Dan Segur are home from their New York trip.

A. J. Watts, of Monroe street, left this afternoon for Tiffin to visit his parents.

Mrs. Ferrell, of Cincinnati, is visiting her brother, Mr. G. W. Irwin, this city.

Mr. Joe Fisher, of Fremont, spent Sunday with his sister, Miss Bessie Fisher, on Erie street.

Mr. Will Guitteau, of this city, is visiting the home of Prof. William McPherson, near Xenia.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Buvinger, Dayton, O., are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Sam T. Fisk, 1901 Collingwood avenue.

Miss Lena Bockey and Miss Emma Jackman have returned to Lima after a week's visit with Mrs. J. W. Harbauer, of Oswald street.

Master Dannie Schenck is visiting at Baldwinsville and Oswego, New York. He was accompanied east by his father, Mr. S. C. Schenck, who made a business trip to New York city.

Miss Clara H. Dittmar, of 516 Dorr street, a member of the graduating class of '91, in company with Mrs. and Lizzie Wey, of Erie street, are spending a two weeks' vacation in southern Ohio, visiting Portage, Grand Rapids and surrounding towns.

Miss Margaret O'Reagan, of Segur aveune, entertained about thirty friends last evening, in honor of Miss Francis Travis, of Rochester, N. Y. After progressive euchre, in which Mr. Richard Heyer and Miss Nellie Banfield took first prizes, refreshments were served and dancing indulged in until the wee small hours.

Ocean Cattle Trade.

Montreal, July 29.—The Star publishes the following special cable dispatch from London:

"An order in council for the regulation of the Atlantic cattle trade has now been finally arranged between the board of agriculture here and the ship owners, and will be issued very shortly. I have reason to know that it will be found less rigorous than is feared in Canada. Chaplain's secret desire may be, as some allege, to shut down on the cattle trade, but the new rules make little difference beyond compelling irregular steamers to take precautions now generally adopted by regular liners."

Made Him Insane.

Springfield, Mass., July 29.—Samuel Alexander, charged with the murder of John Nesbitt, of Chicopee, who is confined in the jail here, has become violently insane.

YOU ARE WASTING
20 Per Cent. on Your
MANTELS!
Curtains, Glass, Bric-a-Brac, Grill Work, Etc.
BY NOT PURCHASING THIS MONTH.
Briggs & Leibius
307 SUMMIT STREET.

DEPOSIT YOUR MONEY
—IN THE—
Union Savings Bank!
233 Summit St.
Jas. Secor, Pres. Leander Burdick, Cashier

SEE HOW SAVINGS GROW.

5 cents a day in 1 yr. am'ts to	$18.25; in 10 yrs.	182.50
10 "	36.40; "	365 00
25 "	91.25; "	912.00
50 "	182.50; "	1.825.50
75 "	273.75; "	2.737.50
100 "	365.00; "	3.650.00

$3.00 PER DOZ.
Our Fine Cabinets!
for School Children during Vacation (July and August).
Do not Miss this Offer. It may never be made again.
Van Loo & Trost
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
328 SUMMIT STREET.

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Three first-class men who know how to sort and tally pine lumber. Inquire at Barbour & Starr's, Summit ave. 29jy-tf

WANTED—A place in small family to do general housework, by a good, steady and honest girl. Address C 43, Bee office. 29jy3

WANTED—Experienced sewing machine operators. E C Shaw & Co, 8 S St Clair st 29jy2p

Vermont Ave. Improvement.

Adams to Bancroft street.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost of above improvement can save 13 88-100 per cent. by paying cash, which can be accepted to close of Monday, August 10th proximo.

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

daily to aug8

Empire St. Improvement.

Adams street to Vermont avenue.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost of above improvement can save 13 43-100 per cent. by paying cash, which can be accepted to close of Monday, August 10th proximo.

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

daily to aug8

DOWN WITH A CRASH.

Another Big Building in Pittsburg Falls.

A Massive Iron Structure in Process of Construction Falls With Fatal Results.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 29.—The heavy iron and steel framework of the new finishing department of the Elba Iron works owned by the Oil Well Supply company, on Second avenue, collapsed this morning, killing B. Corkin, and an unknown Hungarian laborer, and seriously injuring J. Parker, George Baker, George Lemon, F. Schmidt and J. Cobra.

Several other workmen were painfully injured. One of the injured men, an unknown Hungarian laborer, died shortly after his arrival at the hospital.

The building was 193 feet long and 106 feet wide. The upright frame was just finished and the workmen were placing the roof stringers in position.

Forty-two men in the employ of Riter & Conley, the contractors for the building, were working at the time of the accident.

About thirty employes of the Elba iron mills were standing below watching the progress of the work.

Without any warning the massive structure came down with a frightful crash, carrying with it several furnace stacks, heavy iron stringers and braces.

A falling beam snapped a large steam pipe and in less than a second a tremendous volume of steam was pouring out upon the men imprisoned in the wreck.

The workmen in the mills rushed to the rescue of their companions. When the steam was shut off the dead and injured were quickly removed. That so few were killed and injured is remarkable.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Harrison lodge, K. P., had a card party last night after the close of the regular session. Some great games were played.

There will be a meeting of the Auburndale base ball club this evening at Milburn hotel parlors. All players are requested to attend.

This morning a new burglar proof safe was placed in the office of Deputy Postmaster Corlett. It is not very large, but looks extremely solid.

Col. Isaac D. Smead received a dispatch from ex-Gov. J. B. Foraker last evening, stating that Mrs. Foraker and daughter would arrive in Toledo to-day.

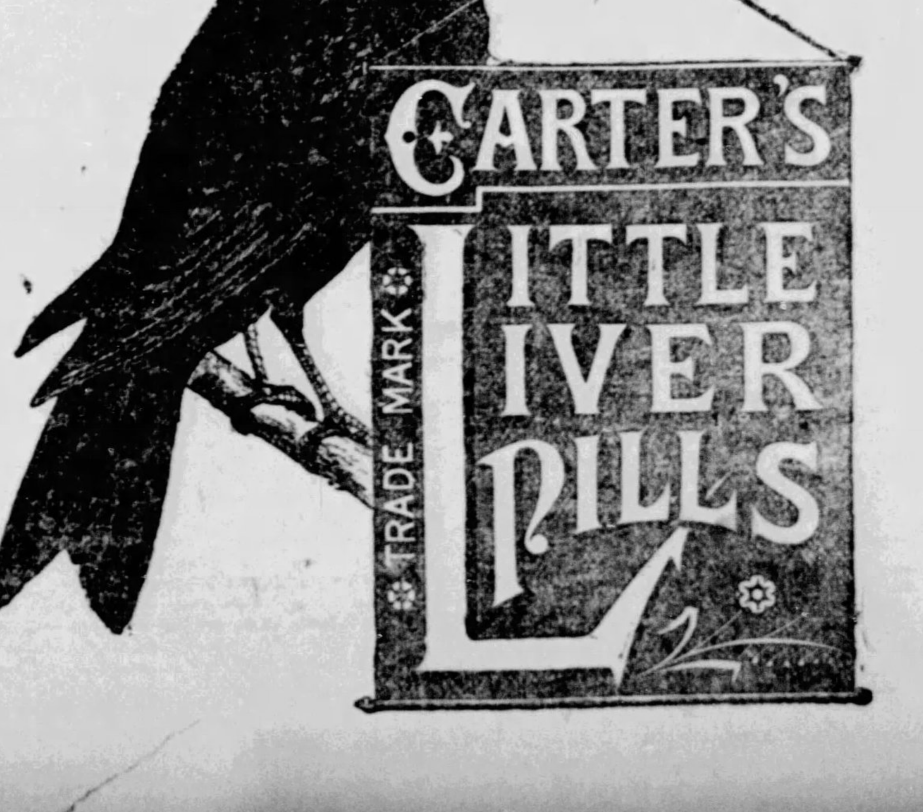
Catharine Rogouski applied in common pleas court to-day for a divorce from her husband, Peter Rogouski. She charges wilful absence and gross neglect.

Coroner Roulet held the inquest this morning on the little child killed by the electric car on Field avenue Monday evening, and took the testimony of all witnesses. The verdict has not yet been given.

The Toledo post G. A. R. will hold a special meeting at the Pythian temple to-morrow afternoon, for the purpose of making arrangements for attending the encampment at Detroit. Every comrade is requested to be present.

Brakeman Killed.

Norwalk, July 29.—Philip Geisman, a Wheeling & Lake Erie brakeman, was killed at Huron yesterday. He attempted to get on a freight car when his foot slipped. Geisman has a wife living at Rocky Ridge, O.



The Bee.

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

ELMER WHITE, G. G HADLEY, F. P. CHAPIN

ESTABLISHED 1876.

The BEE absorbed—
Daily and Weekly Times, February 15, 1881.
Daily and Weekly Post, February 25, 1886.

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TOLEDO, OHIO, JULY 29, 1891.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JAMES E. CAMPBELL, Butler County.
For Lieutenant Governor,
W. V. MARQUIS, Logan County.
For Auditor of State,
T. E. PECKINPAUGH, Wayne County.
For Attorney General,
JOHN P. BAILEY, Putnam County.
For State Treasurer,
C. F. ACKERMAN, Richland County.
For Judge of Supreme Court,
GUSTAVUS H. WALD, Hamilton County.
For Commissioner of the Public Schools,
CHARLES C. MILLER, Erie County.
For Member Board of Public Works,
JOHN McNAMARA, Summit County.
For Food and Dairy Commissioner,
H. S. TRUMBO, Lawrence County.

AN EXPLANATION.

The Bee does not appear in regular full grown size to-day for the reason that a car load of paper is sidetracked somewhere in Chicago. The seven column quarto will appear until we find our car. But even in the form it appears to-day the Bee is by far the most complete evening paper in the west, and, as a gentleman in Toledo remarked a few days since, the Bee is the best newspaper printed between Chicago and New York.

Secretary Foster places McKinley's majority at 75,000. There is no use talking, Mr. Poe will have to surrender his laurels. When Mr. Foster figures, be it a surplus in the treasury or a majority in an election, Eben as an "estimater" is lost sight of.

For the benefit of those who insist that the McKinley tariff on wool has not had a depressing and demoralizing effect on that industry, a statement from the American Wool Reporter, a non-partisan trade journal, is printed elsewhere on this page.

"There are no doubt a good many farmers in Iowa who think that the tariff is a tax," says the Inter-Ocean. No doubt. But they are not all in Iowa. Some of them are in Ohio, just how many will be shown next November when they stand up to be counted for tariff reform.

In the interests of republican harmony in Ohio cannot this administration send Gen. John Beatty on a mission? Not to England; that is not far enough. Butterworth is there, and the echo of his breaks is heard at home. But there is China now, a distant and at present dangerous point. Why not send General Beatty to the Celestial kingdom, or kingdom come, or somewhere, for the party's good?

This is a pretty thing that the wild waves are saying at Cape May. Representative Philadelphia republicans calling on President Harrison, hats in hand, to tell him John Wanamaker is a good man, yes, a very good man, but for the good of the party he must leave the cabinet. And President Harrison answering the gentlemen by saying that when he wants their advice he will let them know. The humble petitioners must have gone away feeling like school-boys, with boxed ears. Probably when President Harrison wants the support of these gentlemen again he will also let them know. Then they may have something to tell him.

Glasgow has a society which investigates some funny and apparently useless things. Its secretary, Mr. G. Y. Strang-Watkins, has lately been wrestling with the name of our secretary of state, its origin and significance. He finds Blaine or Blain may mean a sore on the body; it may mean blank, empty or bare; or it may mean a beautiful lamb. The first of these meanings may have significance for the head of the administration; the second may indicate what the head of administration intends shall be Secretary Blaine's share next year. The third meaning can hardly have any application. At least Secretary Blaine is in no way related to that little lamb of Mary's, whose "fleece was white as snow."

The report of the bureau of statistics of the treasury department on exports and imports is a doctored document, and the reader should look between the lines for its significance. It is not a fair presentation of the working of the present tariff law, and some of its statements will not bear a moment's scrutiny. Take, for instance, the one item of "increase of tinplate import under the McKinley law." Every one knows this report closes with June 30, 1891, and the McKinley tinplate schedule did not go into effect until the next day. The great quantity of tinplate sent over in the last months of the fiscal year was hurried forward purposely to avoid the new tinplate duty. What is gained by such barefaced lying as this? And how desperate is the cause that resorts to it, stamping its fabrications as an official compilation.

That Mr. Quay will not be allowed to resign from the United States senate, when such resignation would make way for a democratic successor, goes without saying. He will stick to that seat until there is a Pennsylvania legislature honest enough to keep him out of it. Whether he resigns from the chairmanship of the republican executive committee or no will be determined in to-day's meeting of that body. The probability is that he will not. A Philadelphia paper one day this week gave Mr. Quay's record as a resigner, from which it appears that of a score or so of offices he has held previous to those he now holds he has resigned from every one except his seat in the legislature. The same paper pointed out that in each instance the resignation was tendered because there was a better plum for Mr. Quay within sight and within reach. Matthew Stanley Quay serves no end but self, and in that service he is sufficiently brazen to stay in any place, even if every man in the United States were calling on him to leave it.

The report of the Massachusetts Bureau of Statistics and Labor, just issued by Horace G. Wadlin, is being praised by the press of that state as the best ever offered. This is high praise indeed, when it is remembered that Massachusetts was the first state to establish a labor bureau, and that its chief for many years was the efficient Carroll D. Wright, now head of the national department of labor. Some of Mr. Wadlin's figures should be pondered over by every wage-earner in the land, in their bearing upon the unsound theory that protection increases the wage. His report shows wages constitute 26 per cent. of the cost of production and the protected materials cost 68 per cent. The average McKinley tax upon imported material is 60 per cent. A great portion of this tax is added to the cost of the manufactured article; the rest is deducted from the wage. If the cost of material were reduced the manufacturer would at least divide that cost, which would then be profit, with his men and he would sell his goods cheaper. The wage is not raised by the tariff, but the price is raised on the articles the wage-earner must buy.

COPPER AND PROTECTION.

Census bulletin No. 96 shows the total production of copper in the United States in 1889, to have been 226,055,962 pounds, exceeding that of any other country in the world. The greatest output was in Montana, 98,222,444 pounds; Michigan is next with 87,455,675; then Arizona, 31,586,185 pounds; New Mexico, 3,686,137 pounds; Colorado, 1,170,053 pounds. Since the Tenth census report Michigan has fallen back from the first place, and Montana and Arizona have greatly increased their product. Idaho comes next to Colorado, but falls far short of that state, having only 156,490 pounds. The remaining output is divided between Nevada, Utah, California, Wyoming, Vermont, the southern states (only 18,144 pounds, all told) and the lead smelters and refiners, from which come 3,345,442 pounds.

The total capital invested the census report places at $62,633,228. It is a pity the amount realized on the investment could not be summed up and made public, because copper mining is a protected industry and the people ought to know how and why that is necessary, since the product of this country far exceeds that of any other, and after supplying the home market 15,000 tons of this product was exported.

The total number of employes in this industry, exclusive of clerical and managing force, is only 8,721 men. Their wages ranged from $1.52 to $1.91 a day. Unskilled labor in our cities commands $1.50 a day, and most craftsmen scorn to work for a daily wage of $2. It is evident the protection to copper does not benefit the laborers and mechanics who mine it.

In 1889 the electric light companies united in a memorial to congress praying the repeal of the duty upon copper, which is the most important material used in their business. Their committees appeared before the ways and means committee when the McKinley bill was under consideration asking the same thing. So also other consumers of copper made plea. The Mills bill placed copper on the free list. In the McKinley bill, as a reluctant concession to a just, reasonable and very general demand, the duty was reduced from $45 to $20, leaving users of the material still at the mercy of the copper ring.

Review the facts: This country produces copper in greater amount than any other. After supplying the home market, there is a surplus for export. From the mines to the marts there is swift, direct and cheap transportation. Does any sane man believe that if all duty were lifted from copper, and the trade was left to natural conditions, the product of the mines of any other country could be sold here with profit as cheaply as the product of our own mines?

Not so. But with copper on the free list there would be a healthy growth in those American manufactures in which copper is a material, home consumers would be more cheaply supplied, the manufactures would be exported, and the increased business would give increased employment to American working men.

The duty on copper benefits no man but the copper kings who own the mines. Here is the lesson of undue and unnecessary protection, every time. A few are benefited, but the many are robbed; the government gets nothing out of it. Phase after phase of the McKinley monstrosity can be investigated and in the last analysis the same thing will be found to be true.

Different Now.

If McKinley makes the same campaign he did last year, Secretary Foster thinks he would be elected by from thirty thousand to seventy-five thousand majority. Last year McKinley's managers spent $100,000 in his district. There are 21 congressional districts in Ohio, so if Mac made the same fight he did last year, he would need $2,100,000, which can hardly be fried out of the protected barons in time. And, another thing, Ohio now has the Australian secret ballot law.—Wheeling Register.

Now You're Talking.

It is giving distinguished republican editors great uneasiness because Gov. Campbell fights shy of the silly silver plank in the democratic platform. If the protectionists in Ohio did not want a tariff issue they should not have nominated Mr. McKinley.—Philadelphia Record.

Will Yet Be Free.

The great 12-inch rifle at Sandy Hook throws a 1,000 pound projectile five miles. If the reach of great rifle guns continues to increase as it has within a year or two Ireland will yet be free.—Boston Globe.

Stronger Each Day.

It looks as if Gov. Campbell is becoming stronger each day. There is a warm place in the hearts of the people of Ohio for him which they will emphasize with their votes in November.—Middletown Signal.

Take Down the Signs.

While Mr. McKinley is making his campaign, all store signs reading "Goods at cost, to make room for new importations," should be taken down.—Courier Journal.

Get an Idea.

While disporting himself in the surf President Harrison can get some idea of how he will be affected when the Blaine tidal wave sweeps over him in 1892.—Chicago Times.

Nothing Like Precision.

Secretary Foster puts Mr. McKinley's majority at from 20,000 to 75,000. Nothing like precision in a man of figures.—N. Y. World.

Four Handed Game.

Foraker, Foster, McKinley, Sherman—a four handed game without partners. Every fellow for himself.—Massillonian.

Slashing of Rates.

If Secretary Foster decides to parallel Mr. Foraker's senatorial lines there will be some red-hot competition and a general slashing of rates.—Washington Post.

The Democratic Program.

The democratic program is a business administration and low taxes. Does anybody object!—Indianapolis Sentinel.

Bothering Him Most.

The question that is bothering Mr. Cleveland most at present is as to why the bluefish don't bite.—Boston Herald.

The wool Mr. McKinley tried to pull over the eyes of the Ohio farmers is not over their eyes now. It has come down.—St. Louis Republic.

ROYAL LIFE IN LONDON.

The Countess of Clancarty and Her Husband.

Some Specimens of British Aristocracy.

The Young Earl's Mother Refuses to be Reconciled, But Belle Don't Seem to be Worried.

London, July 29.—Time works wondrous changes. The society papers announce with becoming gravity that the Earl and Countess of Clancarty have gone to Homburg to take the waters.

Hereafter we may expect to see the doings of the beardless noodle, who achieved notiriety as Lord Dunlo, and of his pretty wife, who earned a living for him in concert halls as Belle Bilton, periodically reported in the society gossip of the day.

The same papers that chronicled the departure for Homburg of these two sprigs of British nobility give with some detail the pecuniary misfortunes of Isidore Werthimer.

A receiving order has just been made against him, on the petition of a judgment creditor. For some time his family, who are celebrated dealers in bric-a-brac in Bond street, have had little to do with him, and he has been living in a small cottage at Twickenham, where he professes to be engaged in writing a novel recounting his own experiences, a la Plunger Benzon.

In this work he has been having the assistance of Mr. Bateman, a contributor to the so-called "society press." Wertheimer is also reading law with Dr. Grigsby in the Temple, expecting one of these days to be called to the Bar. His experiences in courts of law for the past two or three years should certainly make him well fitted for the legal profession.

Until the time of the death of the old Earl of Clancarty, Wertheimer and Lord Dunlo were inseparable. His Lordship was ostracised by members of his family, and having no means of his own, was compelled to rely on Wertheimer and on the earnings of his wife for money.

For this purpose Dunlo frequently lent his name to bills of exchange, which Wertheimer got discounted at ruinous rates The Dunlo indorsement was considered of little value, as nobody supposed that Dunlo would inherit the title as soon as he did.

Now things are very much changed, and the present Earl of Clancarty has little use for Werthiemer. In fact, both the Earl and Countess of Clancarty have given Wertheimer the cold shoulder since the funeral of the Earl, at which, by the way, Her Ladyship was not present. This treatment has made Wertheimer feel very sour.

So far as can be learned, Wertheimer's creditors are very numerous. No statements of accounts have been filed yet, but a great many judgments have been recorded against him during the last six months.

Although his family are very wealthy (his grandfather being a millionaire and over eighty years of age.) Wertheimer has no absolute reversion in entail from either his father's or his grandfather's estate, so that going through the Bankruptcy Court will be the best thing that can possibly happen to him.

The first meeting of his creditors will be called in a fortnight's time, when he will have to face the music of the official receiver's inquiries.

Since the death of the Earl of Clancarty the youthful heir and his wife have kept themselves in strict retirement, alternating between Malvern and London.

Tremendous efforts have been made to induce the Dowager Countess of Clancarty to become reconciled to Belle Bilton, but the old lady comes from blue-blooded stock and declines to meet her son's wife. She is very wealthy in her own right. She has not forgiven the present Earl and says she never will do so.

Countess Belle Bilton Clancarty told a former concert friend the other day that nothing would induce her to appear on the stage again. Augustus Harris has consented, for a consideration, to break the contract which holds her for another two years. She said that "Freddy" (as she calls the Earl of Clancarty) was more in love with her and more devoted in his attentions than ever.

The height of her ambition, she added, was to be presented at court, and she meant to "get there" soon. When asked about her child, a boy now 4 years of age, she said that dear old Isidore (meaning Wertheimer) was its godfather and it was named after him; that he was taking care of it, and had made a will leaving everything he possessed in the boy's favor.

When told about Wertheimer's financial troubles she laughed, and said he would come out all right in the end.

Alden Weston, the American horse-dealer, who is the father of the boy mentioned, is serving out his sentence of seven years' penal servitude for forging Wertheimer's name and Isabel Dunlo's indorsement to checks on the Bank of England.

Last week he was seen on the platform of the London, Chatham and Dover railway station, in company with other convicts, en route to Portland prison. The warders in charge being (as they always are on such occasions) very lenient to the prisoners, allowed Weston to indulge in a few moments' conversation with an acquaintance. He was much surprised to hear that Belle Bilton was now a real countess.

He complained bitterly of her conduct, in sending him to prison for a crime of which she knew he was substantially innocent. He sacrificed himself to save her. Weston was much put out by his removal to another prison, as he had been doing pleasant work in the prison grounds as a gardener. Now he will have to do the hardest kind of manual labor. It is a queer world.

A DUEL IN OIL.

The People Getting the Benefit of the Squabble.

Wauseon, July 29.—(Special)—The oil fight which has been in progress here for the last six months has abated now, the best "water white oil" selling for 6 cents per gallon; neither the Standard or Manhattan folks signifying a desire to run up the white flag. A Standard representative appeared on the scene yesterday, however, and his trade soon hung out a sign "Gasoline 4 cents." The Manhattan folks went to three, where it now is. So long as there is little difference between the price of water, gasoline or oil our people will use the latter two for a few days at least.

The Lady and the Blackguard.

And now it is stated that the present national administration is not on good terms with Foraker. We know that Foraker did not like the last one. His chief difficulty with that was a snub he complained of having received from Mrs. Cleveland. She did not shake hands with Foraker. It was never clear that she meant any offence in so doing. It was partly, probably, a mistake, and partly a kind of womanly instinct, which operated as an involuntary protection of a lady against the blackguard that Foraker proved himself to be in his parading of the matter in his speeches. Perhaps he will not attack Mrs. Harrison in this later instance, but, if she does not wish her name dragged into public notice, we should advise her to be very circumspect in her course toward Foraker.—Boston Herald.

McKinley's Strange Oversight.

It has just been discovered that the universal McKinley neglected to provide any duty upon artificial teeth, and one of the most famous of American industries is thus left without protection, except such as is afforded by the duty upon "the component material of chief value." The dentists should organize at once to have this oversight corrected. "Teeth, teeth, American teeth," would make an excellent campaign rallying cry. We need protection against the pauper teeth of Europe.—Philadelphia Times.

Will Bring It Back.

American farmers' wheat will bring back American travelers' gold.—N. Y. Telegram.

NEWS FROM NORWALK.

Personal Mention From the Pretty Maple City.

Norwalk, O., July 29.—(Special)—Miss Greta Rice of Chester, Pa., who is visiting the family of Judge D. H. Fox of West Main street, will give an informal organ recital at the Presbyterian church this evening, assisted by local vocal talent.

Mrs. John Hillhouse and son Will left Norwalk Saturday for a trip through Scotland and other European countries.

Hon. C. P. Wickham and wife have returned from their trip up the lakes with the congressional party.

Mrs. W. O. Taylor and little daughter of Columbus, O., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Foster of Gardner street.

Mrs. U. S. Hanks and children of Washington, D. C., are spending the summer months in Norwalk.

Mrs. Rita Clark and Miss Kittie Clark are visiting in Grand Rapids, Mich.

Mrs. F. L. Stein and infant son are spending the week at Huron, the guests of Mrs. Stein's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Meeker.

AN ACTOR'S REMORSE.

Death-Bed Confession of Frank I. Frayne.

The Parentage of the Boy Long Supposed to be the Son of the Lion Tamer.

New Haven, Conn., July 29.—On his deathbed, Frank I. Frayne, lion-tamer and actor, made a confession relating to the identity of the young man hitherto known as his son, Frank I. Frayne, Jr.

He explained that twenty-one years ago Mr. and Mrs. McCormick, of Baltimore, was visiting in Chicago, accompanied by their two children—a girl aged ten years and a boy aged two years.

During the visit Mr. McCormick was attacked with paralysis on the street and shortly afterward died. In order to have the baby provided for during the time of the mourning and until the widow could make arrangements to return to Baltimore, the child was left in a convent in Chicago in the care of the mother superior.

Within a week or two Mrs. McCormick also died, leaving the little daughter alone and almost friendless. Almost on the same day that the mother died the great Chicago fire began, and during that the convent at which the little boy was left was burned to the ground.

The little girl was sent back to friends in Baltimore after a time by the Chicago authorities, but the baby George had disappeared, as they finally believed, forever.

Every effort to find him failed. In the meantime the mother superior had taken the boy to a private house in the suburbs of Chicago where he happened to catch the eye of the original Frank I. Frayne.

The lion-tamer wanted the boy to use in sensational parts of his plays and learning the name of his mother, sent his wife with a forged letter purporting to be sent from Mrs. McCormick asking the nuns to give the boy to her. The boy was given up to her and soon afterwards Frayne left the city, having the boy adopted as his own.

The boy always supposed himself to be their child, having been known as Frank I. Frayne, Jr.

The woman whom he supposed to be his mother soon afterward became estranged from her husband and died in later years. The youth had a large monument erected over her grave, with the following inscription: "Deserted by all but her loving son." The original Frayne soon married again and until he was dying his second wife supposed the young Frank was his son.

On his deathbed, overcome with remorse, the actor told her the secret and made her swear to restore the boy to his real family.

Mrs. Frayne faithfully carried out his instructions. She advertised extensively and employed detectives by the score.

The McCormick sister married a Mr. Gannon, a wealthy merchant in Oshkosh, Wis.

She always sought for tidings of her lost brother. One day recently she discovered one of Mrs. Frayne's paragraphs and at once sought the widow, who told her that her bother, who was known as Frank I. Frayne, Jr., was staying at Silver Sands, New Haven, in the summer cottage of E. J. Hasson, the theatrical manager.

On Thursday Mrs. Gannon reached Silver Sands and young Frayne for the first time knew he was not Frank Frayne, but George McCormick, and that he had a sister. The meeting was sensational and touching.

PINE BLUFF IN DANGER.

Another Slice of the Town Washed Away.

The Arkansas River Changes Its Course Faster Than Ohio Republicans Change Their Base.

Pine Bluff, Ark., July 29.—With a crash another strip 60 feet in length and extending 25 feet toward Barraque street, of Pine Bluff's most valuable real estate, was precipitated into the Arkansas river yesterday morning and the waters are now almost under mining the walls of the hotel Trulock.

As has been feared for several years past, Barraque street, the principal business thoroughfare of the city, threatens to vanish from the earth in the near future unless the next congress takes prompt action to protect $1,000,000 worth of property that is in danger of being swept away by the swift current.

The Women and McKinley.

A mere man is not seriously affected by the price of articles necessary to a well ordered household. These details are out of his province, and he hands over to the wife the responsibility of making purchases for the family. He has other things to think of, and willingly throws aside the cares which are developed by daily running expenses.

But it is different with women. They are as sensitive to any advance in price as they are to any slur on their children. They feel a deeper obligation than any man can to live within their weekly income. Mr. McKinley may possibly persuade husbands that a dime here or a nickel there is a small thing to grumble about, may convince them that cheap clothing makes cheap men and that high taxes add to the prosperity of the country, but he can't play that flimsy sort of logic on the women. They will chase his theories out of the house with a broom handle—we speak metaphorically, of course—and meet his cajoleries with a tempest of indignant details.

They want to know if they and their children are better off when they are forced to pay thus much extra for every dozen eggs, thus much extra for kitchen utensils, and thus much extra for the woolen garments which keep them healthy and strong. These are solid facts with which they pelt the suave and glib protectionist, and he has not been able to make answer. What interest have we, say they, in your monopolies and trusts and what not? So far as we are concerned, the country is better off when every article we need can be bought at a fair price. You may talk with slippery rhetoric about "the home market" and "foreign trade," about "higher wages" and "booming manufactures," but what we want is the comforts of home for a reasonable sum. Your McKinley bill promises great things, but they are a good deal like Mr. Micawber's good fortune, which never "turned up." So far as we can see, your boasted prosperity is in the hands of a few, but as for us, our husbands earn less and we have to pay more to keep alive.

To be sure, the woman can't vote. If they could Major McKinley would travel on a corduroy road through Ohio and wish he had never been born before he reached the end of his journey. Like the Irishman who casually remarked to his wife that he had appointed her funeral for that day week and would see that the corpse was ready, they would warn the major that the time of his departure had arrived, and they would make sure that the door stood open for his exit.

All of which means, in the last analysis, that the element of danger which threatens the republicans in the next campaign is the common sense of the common people. They don't believe that a high price is better than a low price, and they will say so at the polls.—New York Herald.

HARRISON'S INCUBATOR.

Consular Reports Shaped to Fit the Situation.

A Government Policy Which Will Surely React.

The Latest Doctored Returns are those of Trade With Guatemala, Peru and Singapore.

Washington, July 29.—The diplomatic and consular reports received at the state department now all bear upon the one question of the extension of American trade.

This is by direction of Secretary Blaine. He is playing his great card of reciprocity for all that it is worth, and in doing so is collecting the latest commercial statistics from every quarter of the globe. Even in those countries with which the United States has no trade relations and no hope of establishing any, the representatives of this government are busy collecting and transmitting local commercial data.

This is to enable Mr. Blaine to treat the question of the possibilities of increased trade with all the more accuracy in the next campaign.

The consular reports given out by the state department are full of interesting information. The instalment opens with the latest report of Consul-General Kimberly at Guatemala, dwelling at great length upon the trade and commerce of Guatemala. This report makes a small printed volume in itself.

Mr. Kimberly says that of the ten millions of dollars of importations to that country last year the United States supplied less than 10 per cent. He then proceeds to show how this country might almost monopolize that market. Among other things he writes:

"These people go to the other side of the world to buy, and for the most part pay big prices for flimsy and poor imitations of American goods. I observe, for example, cheap imitations of our sewing-machines, Smith & Wesson and Colt's firearms, Collins' cutlery and American hardware generally, with which the purchaser is deceived and the American article injured beyond measure; imitations even of the trademarks of our eminent manufacturers whose products have a world-wide reputation.

"The merchants here, regardless of nationality, deplore this condition of things and frankly admit the great superiority of American goods. When asked the cause of their not buying our products they say no effort is made to sell them. They also complain of high freights and bad packing, all of which slight causes could be readily removed."

John Hicks, the American Minister to Peru, writes as follows from Lima:—

"The refined kerosene manufactured by the London and Pacific Petroleum Company at Talara, near Paita, in Northern Peru, has so far displaced the American article that is now impossible to purchase to purchase anything but the Peruvian kerosene in Lima. The first shipment to this market from Talara was made in December, 1889, and now almost the whole west coast of South America is supplied with the Peruvian article.

"The London and Pacific company is rapidly extending its works and increasing its manufacturing capacity, besides extending its shipping facilities by the purchase of more steamers. Ultimately it is the design of the company to extend its trade to Japan, China and the Hawaiian islands, where it is almost certain to come in conflict with the American trade.

"Besides the London and Pacific company, another company, owned principally by F. G. Piaggio, at Callao, is operating an establishment at Conitas, near Falara, and its product is also on sale on this market.

"Three new companies have been organized in London since January, 1891, with large capital, for the purpose of working these petroleum beds between Paita and Tumbez, and this industry promises to become the most important in Peru. While the Pennsylvania and Ohio oil region is confined to somewhat narrow limits, the Peruvian fields are said to cover an extent of 7,500 square miles."

Kounseville Wildman, the American consul at Singapore, writes as follows about tin making in the Straits settlement:

"The passage of the new tariff law, which placed a duty on tin plate, has had a beneficial effect on the tin mining of the Malay peninsula, in so much that it increased the demand demand for pig tin in the United States. Formerly the tin that was destined for tin plate to be used in the United States was shipped in large quantities to different parts of the United Kingdom, where it was manufactured into tin plate and the plate was exported to the United States instead of the raw material. With the duty on plate this industry became less profitable to the English manufacturer, and, instead of shipping the manufactured article, the export of pig tin direct has, in a great measure, taken its place. In other words, pig tin is now going direct to the United States instead of by the way of Great Britain.

'According to statements made by the governor of the Straits settlement, this consular district mines half of the tin of the world. The export of tin from the Straits settlements to all countries for the year 1889 amounted to $23,254,023. The mining of tin forms one of the chief industries of this peninsula and is carried on principally in the native state of Perak, north of Singapore. The mining is done almost entirely by the Chinese.

"The mining is that of flood tin, not rock, and this means that it is taken from the low lands near the mountains, where it is found in seams or pockets 10 to 20 feet or more below the surface level in the shape of, or appearing like, coarse black sand, with here and there a mixture of tin and small particles of gold (dust).

"To get at the placer tin means a great upheaval of soil, pumping of water from the pit, the washing of the exhumed stream-tin and the smelting of the latter. In most places the pumps, washing apparatus and smelting furnaces are of the most primitive and simple, yet ingenious, character. The ore is melted into slabs of irregular shape at the mines, and sent to Penang and Singapore to be re-smelted into marketable slabs or blocks and, at the same time, purified and then shipped.

"The tools used by the natives are very poor and simple, consisting of only a common hoe and a small, flat cane basket. With these the whole of the work is done. A basket, when full, holds about four pounds of earth. One of these baskets is placed at either end of a stout bamboo pole, balanced over a laborer's shoulders, carried off and emptied, while the men with the hoes scrape together more soil and fill other baskets. The washing of the tin is done much in the same manner as our early miners washed for gold dust.

"The ore is found in Laroot (Perak) in large quantities, in a stratum of whitish clay, which is washed in long, open troughs, water passing through it, carrying off the soil, leaving the ore lodged against cleats nailed on the bottom of the trough.

"The English and German companies now engaged in the mining do not take the trouble to smelt the ore at the mines, but ship the sand to Singapore, where large smelteries have been erected.

"The price of the tin has been quite firm since the passage of the new tariff law, fluctuating slightly between about $31.25 in August, 1890, and $32.80, the present price per picul (133⅓ pounds).

"The quantity and value of tin from the Straits settlement that finds its way to the United States can hardly be directly ascertained by the quarterly reports of the Colony, for, as I have before pointed out, large quantities of tin, as well as other products destined for the United States, are shipped via London and Hong Kong for reshipment and consequently are not placed to the credit of the United States. However, the tin that went direct to the United States for the quarter ended Sept. 30, 1890, amounted to $1,157,323, against $4,921,3?6 credited to the rest of the world, while for the quarter ended December 31, 1890, it amounted to $1,217,930 (an increase of $60,607 over the preceding quarter), against $5,626,009 credited to the rest of the world, of which $2,306,921 went to the United Kingdom.

"About one-tenth of the carrying of tin between this port and the United States is done in American bottoms. The firms shipping from here are English and Germans. There is no American capital engaged in the production or exportation of tin, although the United States is such a heavy buyer. In my judgment, if an American house were to be established in Singapore it would control at once not only all the shipments of tin to the United States, but the shipment of nearly all of the $11,000,000 of exports from the Straits settlement to the United States."

United States Consul Turner writes from Cadiz promising great returns to American merchants if they will but improve the opportunity now afforded in Spain. The following are the articles in which, in his opinion, this country ought to be able to outsell all the other countries in the Spanish markets: Staves, agricultural implements, petroleum, furniture, drugs and patent medicines, canned goods, breadstuffs, meats, household novelties, rubber goods, cotton goods, hardware and cutlery, machinery, paper, etc. Continuing, Mr. Turner says:

"Spain is buying what we sell, and I am sure that no same business man can long doubt that if a magnetic, Spanish-speaking American salesman were here on the ground orders could be secured. For instance, there is a house in Seville called 'Bazar Sevillano.' It has several branch establishments. I passed one of its places of business in Calle Tetuan in the evening just as the front shutters were being pulled down. The shutters were made of corrugated sheet iron, and you can imagine my surprise when I saw painted on one of them an American flag with 42 stars.

"These people advertise American goods and paint the flag on their shutters to give color to their advertisements. In reality the greater part of their so-called American goods are German imitation. American goods are popular, hence the advertisement."

If your grocer urges you to buy other baking powders in place of the Royal, it is solely because he can make more money on them, for all agree that the Royal is the best. The low cost of the others to the grocer is proof of the cheap character of their ingredients and of their inferior quality. Decline to receive any baking powder in place of the old stand-by, the thoroughly tried Royal. All others are cheaper made powders of inferior strength, and contain either lime, alum or sulphuric acid.

CITIZENS GREATLY EXCITED.

They are Hunting Down a Fiendish Peddler.

A Brutal Assault that Will Result in a Lynching if the Perpetrator is Caught.

Passaic, N. J., July 29.—The inhabitants of Clifton are greatly excited over a brutal assault upon little seven-year old Theresa Hess, committed on Monday evening, by a peddler, whose name is not known.

The child was missed from home for an hour and search was instituted by a number of citizens. When they approached the grove near the Clifton race track she was found in a distressed condition of mind.

She told her story as best she could but her description of the fiend was meagre. The posse hastened on through Athenia and Richfield. At the latter place they learned that the peddler had boarded a canal boat that had just passed. They soon overtook the craft and called to the peddler to surrender.

He jumped ashore on the opposite side of the canal and escaped in the swamps. The posse hunted for the man until last night and then returned to Clifton. A description of the fiend has been telegraphed to all the surrounding towns and cities.

Some Effects of the McKinley Tariff.

The wool industry in several departments shows greater depression to-day than before the passage of the McKinley bill. Woolen hosiery has been somewhat benefited, it is claimed, and dress goods manufacturers note some improvement, due largely, however, to the fact, as stated a week ago, that fashion has run to fabrics which are especially within the ability of our domestic mills to produce, and which would have been the case even at the old duties. But generally the manufacturer of woolen goods cannot be said to have been materially benefited as yet by the high tariff measure. In spite of the large consumption of goods due to a seasonable winter, men's wear woolens are in an unsettled condition, with manufacturers doubtful whether to shut down their mills during the summer or to pile up goods in an anticipation of a demand whose character may be wholly disappointing.

The price of domestic fleeces is from 3 to 4 cents per pound lower than before the passage of the McKinley bill; and the imports of clothing wools during the eleven months ended May 31 of the fiscal year which closed June 30, 1891, have been 30,812,891 pounds against 14,325,491 pounds during the corresponding eleven months ended May 31, 1890. The kinds of domestic wools for which the high tariff, it was supposed, would do the most good, have been the very ones that have declined the most since the passage of the bill. The only grades which have really held up to their former level have been territory wools, due largely to the fact that they have been in such large demand for mixing with Australian wools, and, although they may ease off, in sympathy with the rest of the market, they are likely to hold comparatively firm, as there is every indication that during the remainder of the year Australian wools will be sought for, and if they are territory wools will be in demand to be used in connection with them. As to importations of foreign wools, there is no indication of a cessation. American wool buyers have taken 15,000 bales at the recent London sales, as they reasonably believe that that amount will be wanted.

As a measure, therefore, for checking importations of foreign wools, and for enabling the western wool grower to secure better prices for his wool, and for improving the condition of the goods market as a whole, the McKinley tariff thus far has not been a success. And we cannot say that with the large importations of foreign wool, which are sure to continue, there is evidence of any substantial improvement for the domestic grower, although naturally there may be some reaction from the present depressed level of values, just as there is in the stock market, when prices have had a sharp break. But the "promised land" into which the domestic wool grower was to be led by his Moses, whom he so trustingly followed, has not appeared, and it seems as far off as ever. It is not to be wondered at that we hear rumblings of discontent from the Ohio, Michigan and Pennsylvania wool growers.—American Wool Reporter, July 23.

Convicts Returned.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 29.—Nearly 300 convicts have been returned to Coal Creek, including 24 for the mines of the Tennessee Coal and Mining company. The original trouble came about over the 40 convicts imported by that company to build stockades. It is the opinion here that the action of the coal company in returning the convicts is impolitic and reprehensible at this juncture.

Cotton Crop Injured.

Uniontown, Ala., July 29.—Great fears are now entertained for the cotton crop throughout the state, as cotton worms, which had not been seen for years, are now reported in all directions. If they increase a panic in the farming district will ensue. The cause is constant rains.

Will Stump for Campbell.

New York, July 29.—Chamberlain T. Crain yesterday wrote to James E. Neal, chairman of the democratic state committee of Ohio, tendering his services as a speaker for the re-election of Gov. Campbell.

CAN'T SCOOP AN EDITOR.

He Makes Away With the Girl of His Choice.

A Father and a Big Brother in Hot Pursuit Through the Buckeye State.

Charleston, W. Va., July 29.—John W. Miller, editor and proprietor of the Putnam Democrat, Winfield, near this city, stole Miss Nora L. Boyer, the daughter of wealthy parents, from her home in Winfield just before daylight yesterday morning, and left for Ohio, where, it is supposed, they will be married.

There has been much opposition, and the young lady had been locked in her room from Saturday until she escaped from a second story window. The big brother and father are in hot pursuit and vengeance is threatened.

Charged with Plagiarism.

New York, July 29.—The World says that Bishop Perry, of Iowa, who was so remarkably active in opposing the election of Phillips Brooks as bishop of Massachusetts, is accused of gross plagiarism. Some friends of Bishop Brooks are said to be pushing the charge. It is alleged that in a book of Bishop Perry's, entitled, "Life Lessons from the Book of Proverbs," long passages occur which are identical with passages in the Exeter hall lectures of Rev. George Fisk, of Litchfield, England, published in 1852.

Damaged by Fire.

New York, July 29.—The produce stall of Herz & Ohesen, No. 43 to 47 Gansevoort street, West Washington market, was damaged $10,000 by a fire which occurred there there morning. Several other stalls adjoining were slightly damaged by the smoke and water. All the losses are covered by insurance.

Attempted Suicide.

Rome, July 29.—Colonel Leybourne, well known in New York in connection with the Catholic banking scheme, attempted suicide here Monday by disemboweling himself with a razor. He now lies with little hope of recovery. Monetary losses are said to have been the cause.

Heavy Rains.

London, July 29.—Bombay dispatches state that heavy rains and serious floods prevail in that presidency. The roads are damaged and 60 miles of railroad have been injured by washouts. In the Poonah district the rivers are swollen and thousands of acres of land submerged.

A Strike Ended.

Springfield, O., July 29.—The Big Four strike among the switchmen here was settled last night by the men going to work at the old wages. The blockade of the freight which has assumed serious proportions will be raised to-day.

Whitefeather Won.

London, July 29.—This was the second day of the Goodwood races. The first and only event of the day, the race for the Goodwood stakes, was won by Whitefeather, with Barmecide second, and Vasitas third.

Waded to Their Death.

St. John, N. B., July 29.—Lizzie Allen, aged 13 years, and Mary Caples, aged 12 waded beyond their depth in Marsh Creek and were drowned. A sister of the Allen girl nearly lost her life in an attempt to rescue them.

Had Plenty of Funds.

San Francisco, July 29.—The state bank commissioners have examined the People's Savings bank and report favorably. The bank met all demands yesterday, the funds being supplied by the Pacific bank.

Destroyed by Lightning.

Gardinier, Me., July 29.—The house of James A. Norton, about four miles from here was last night struck by lightning and burned. Loss, $5,000; insurance, $2,000.

Gone with the Giants.

Manchester, N. H., July 29.—Pitcher Andrew Dunning of the Manchester club was to-day released. He has been engaged to play with the New York league club.

Judicious Selection.

Ex-Gov. Foraker, it is stated, in the division of the labors of the Ohio republican campaign, has been detailed to attack the administration of Gov. Campbell. This is a judicious selection. The administration of Gov. James E. Campbell is unassailable. And Foraker is one of those orators who can talk just as loudly without a case as with one.—New York Telegram.

Will Be Elected.

Two years ago there were just as many people, both democrats and republicans, howling that Campbell could not be elected, as there is this year. He was elected, however. He will be elected again this year.—Findlay Courier.

An European War.

A general war in Europe, at this time would assume stupendous proportions and in its results would cause such a revision of the map of that continent as would affect directly or indirectly the whole world.—Mail and Express.

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THE NEXT TIME you buy your Groceries, don't fail to buy one pound WOOLSON SPICE CO'S LION COFFEE, AND SECURE A HANDSOME PICTURE CARD.

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PHONE 938.

FIRST MOTHERHOOD.

White as the sheet is her delicate face,
Girlishly sweet 'mid the linen and lace,
Motherly meet with its new-gotten grace.

Go not away till she opens her eyes;
Deep in their gray lurks a wondrous surprise
Bright as the day and as pure as the skies!

Thrilling her breast is the heart of all love
Keen as the zest of the raptures above.
Tiger's unrest and the fear of the dove.

Bliss that was bred in a transport of pain,
Suffering fled out of ecstacy's reign—
Fled now and dead though it lived not in vain!

This is a bliss that no words can express;
Joy such as this they refuse to confess,
Thoughts only miss when we deem that we guess.

Turned is the heart of the mother full soon;
Lullabies start there and many a croon
Sweeter than art and as old as love's boon.

Love's sea is filled to its uttermost deeps;
If it is stilled how enraptured it sleeps;
If it is thrilled how it trembles and leaps!

Wonderful power round humanity cast!
All in an hour and the old life is past,
Womanhood's flower is expanded at last!

—George Horton.

BEESWAX.

The mayor of Philadelphia receives $12,000 a year, the mayor of New York receives $10,000.

Bismarck's health is said to have failed greatly in the past six months. His figure is no longer erect.

Numerous desertions from the army are alarming the Italian government. The causes are arrears in pay and poor food.

Mlle. Darnova, a relation of the Russian minister of the interior, has started to walk from Kiev to Moscow and thence to Paris.

Robert Bonner has been such a lover of speedy trotters that he has spent more than $600,000 in gratifying his tastes in that direction.

It has been calculated that the actual amount of salt contained in the ocean would cover an area of 5,000,000 square miles with a layer of one mile thick.

Land has reached an enormous value in London. A piece of crown land on Pall Mall has just been leased at a rate based on a selling price of $2,500,000 per acre.

George C. Curry has arrived at Vancouver from Alaska in a dugout canoe. It is said that he is the only white man who ever made that journey in such a craft.

Physicians of this country are paid annually nearly $1,500,000 for medical examinations for life insurance companies. Three companies pay over $250,000 each.

It is now provided by a law passed in Denmark, that all drunken persons shall be taken home in carriages at the expense of the landlord who sold them the last glass.

The director of the mint estimates that the United States can rely upon producing at least $33,000,000 per year in gold for several years to come.

A silver dollar rolled out from a clam that was opened in Centre Moriches, L. I., the other day. It was coined in 1878, and it is not known how long it had been keeping company with the clam.

One section of the historical collection at Dresden is literally a museum of boots and shoes, being, it is believed, unequaled in the world as a repository of the footwear of celebrities. Among the things of interest shown are a pair of shoes worn by Martin Luther at the diet of Worms, and the toilet slippers of the great Maria Theresa.

Dr. Flers, president of Ecuador, wishing to celebrate his birthday by some act of charity, granted a pardon to 87 prisoners in the penitentiary of the republic. It appears that the convicts did not turn the president's clemency to very good account, for 46 of the 87 were behind the bars again within a week.

In Shanghai and in many other places in China the crows build and raise their broods in the trees of the city. They are especially abundant in Pekin. On account of the Buddhist reverence for all life, no one harms them. There is one variety, which, from its having a band of white about its neck, is known as the "Parson crow."

The Xerobates Agassizii, the grass-eating turtle of the Mojave Desert, is said to be the only one of the turtle species which lives by grazing like a horse or an ox. Xerobates digs a hole in the sand to escape the intense heat; is about ten inches in length when full grown, and weighs from six to eight pounds. Coast dealers in curiosities value them at $5 each.

Brussels waiters are organizing a strike against fees, the greater part of which goes to the proprietors, what remains being insufficient to make up for non-payment of wages to them. The proprietors regard the present system as the most feasible and are not likely to encourage any change that will compel them instead of their guests to pay the waiters' wages.

A church in Hanford, Tulare county, California, was the scene recently of an odd accident. It seems that bees selected the garrett of the church for a hive, storing there tons of honey. Last week's hot weather caused the wax to melt, which loosened the store of sweetness; the weight was too heavy for the church rafters to hold, and the whole partition of the roof caved in over the pulpit. The church pews and pulpit were completely buried in honey and melting wax.

John Furlong presents a fresh illustration of how much the human frame can endure. He is 90 years old, has outlived every one on whom he has any claim, and was recently found on the pavement in New York city, where he had lain all night, literally dying of hunger. It takes so very little to keep him alive that, according to the testimony produced, he had lived for years on something less than the daily equivalent of an average schoolboy's lunch. Yet he had lived, and bids fair to live some years longer.

This is the way Lady Caithness, Mme. Blavatsky's successor, was bedecked at a reception in Paris: The diamond cross which she wore was the most amazing thing in the room, and was as great a curiosity as the Mazarin set of gems in the French crown jewels. She wore an olive velvet dress, embroidered with steel. She had rivers of diamonds edging the upper part of her corsage, the stomacher and the sleeves, and on her head a countess' coronet, with a pearl on each spike nearly as large as a pigeon's egg. She has a large fortune, and has just inherited $2,000,000 more.

Among the visitors at the white house recently, says an exchange, were an old farmer and his two daughters. They were shown through the private parlors by one of the ushers and then went into the cool and pleasant east room. Soon after the chief doorkeeper had occasion to go into the east room and he was greatly surprised to see the old farmer stretched out at full length on one of the large sofas, while his daughters sat near by and fanned him to keep the flies away. The old man was dozing. When told he must not make a bedroom of the east room he got up, rather dazed, and remarked that the sofas looked so good he thought they were to rest upon.

The people who sell typewriters and teach their customers how to use them have bothered their brains to evolve practice sentences which will contain all the letters in the alphabet. Here are a couple of ingenious sentences: "Pack my box with five dozen liquor jugs." "Jack quickly extemporized the five tow bags." The first of these sentences is remarkable as containing every letter in the alphabet and only five unnecessary characters. It is curious that not a single consonant is repeated in the sentence. The five unnecessary characters are o, i, e, o, u, all vowels, and all the vowels in the alphabet except a. O is the only letter repeated twice. The second sentence contains twelve unnecessary characters, four vowels and eight consonants.

The United States census reports only 110 paupers in Louisiana. There is no sufficient pauper law in the state—there was no provision whatever made for paupers even in New Orleans until the Shakespeare almshouse was constructed a few years ago, and it is unable to hold half of those entitled to admission—and in only a few parishes is any provision made for their care and maintenance. In two parishes, Orleans and De Soto, they are quite numerous; elsewhere they do not exist. Some years ago De Soto, which is a small parish, cared for a single pauper. To-day pauperism seems, from some cause or other, to have grown fashionable there, for it now maintains 52, to whom it paid last year $3,750, almost as much as for its schools. The Logansport News has discovered that "one lady teaches school at a good salary and she draws her monthly salary as pauper also," an act which has naturally aroused criticisms. A "pauper lady" and school teacher ought to be a novelty.

THE PRIDE OF THE WEST,

Brilliant Findlay Keeps Up Its Gait.

Hancock County Democrats Well Organized.

Politics and Business Go Hand in Hand in This Busy City—Glassworkers Return.

Findlay, O., July 29.—(Special)—"Gov. Campbell will have 300 majority in Hancock county," remarked Hon. S. D. Houpt to the Bee correspondent last evening. "The democrats here," continued Mr. Houpt, "are well organized, and the best of harmony prevails."

Some days since, it will be remembered, Mr. Houpt predicted that Gov. Campbell would have 75 per cent. of the delegates at the state convention. In fact, he was so confident of this after reviewing the situation in Ohio that he was willing to back his opinion for any amount that might be desired. Those who took occasion to notice Gov. Campbell's vote at the convention will remember that he had 72½ per cent. of the delegates, thus carrying out Mr. Houpt's prediction almost to the letter.

Hancock county democrats stand as one for Gov. Campbell and there is not a sound or gurgle of complaint heard from any one. Just how and what the city of Findlay will do remains to be seen. There have been many people moved here during the past year and it is not known whether the republicans or democrats lead in that foreign population.

Findlay's Future.

The future prosperity and further advancements for the city of Findlay are becoming more evident every day. Unlike cities of equal size situated between Toledo and Columbus, or Toledo and Cleveland, Findlay, it will be seen at a glance, has no western competition whatever.

There is not a city west of here within 100 miles or more, therefore Findlay is located where it can be made a city with a population of 75,000 or more.

It has all the natural facilities required to make a first-class city, and in addition to this plenty of gas is at hand which can be furnished both to private consumers and manufacturers at an extremely low rate.

Manufacturing interests have advanced at a rapid rate and to-day Findlay's products are known throughout the universe.

The real estate market, while firm, is by no means in advance of the price of property. It is a well known fact that for years past, and when the city was making such rapid progress, the question of better railroads was raised to some extent. The more conservative residents knew, however, that if the manufacturers would locate here railroads must follow, and this fact has been clearly and fully demonstrated.

The new Findlay, Ft. Wayne & Western railroad, which when finished will connect with all of the principal lines in the east and west, will add largely to the shipping facilities. Work is progressing very rapidly.

The Glassworkers Returning.

Many of the glass blowers, who have been away on their summer vacation, are returning to Findlay much refreshed with their recreation.

The flint glass works will start up between the 10th and 15th of August, while the window glass works will probably commence operations a week later.

Owing to the fact that most all of the men have been out of the city merchants have experienced a lull in their business, but are looking forward to a trade this fall which they believe will surpass anything of previous years.

Mr. Joy is a Candidate.

Hon. David Joy will be a candidate for senatorial honors this fall with a proviso. He must reserve the solid support of Hancock county, and from all outward appearances it looks as if this would be done.

Mr. Joy is one of Findlay's most prominent citizens; is a full fledged rock-ribbed democrat and has previously represented this district in the senate.

He has many warm friends in both parties who would be pleased to see him sent back to his former position.

However, unless Hancock gives its unanimous support, Mr. Joy will not be a candidate.

Playing a Game of Bluff.

Some days ago the Bee made mention of the fight that has been prevailing in the board of health over the appointment of a superintendent. A republican paper published here has been making strenuous efforts to cast reflection on Mayor Meehan's action in the case.

Thus far it has not succeeded in "doing up" his honor, and regardless of the attacks Mayor Meehan tips the scale at the same amount he did in days of yore, and appears at his office every day.

The so-called rumpus which is raised by the republicans of this place dates back to the appointment of Mr. John Conway to the position of superintendent of the crematory.

The office had been previously held by a republican, but for certain reasons he was removed and Mr. Conway named in his place.

The republican members of the board raised a question as to Mr. Conway's sobriety.

They have used the gentleman shamefully, and gone so far as to call him a drunken ward bum and political healer. Investigation on the part of the Bee correspondent reveals that Mr. Conway stands well in the community, and is looked upon as an honest and sincere gentleman.

He is prominently identified with the democratic party of this city, and has an exceedingly large following among the working classes. The majority of business men regard him as the right man in the right place, and claim that he is more deserving of the position than any other man in Findlay.

They're All for Campbell.

Justice of the Peace Arford, who is one of the leading lights in the democratic party, was seen by the Bee correspondent at his office to-day and cheerfully responded to the question asked.

"You can tell the readers of your paper," said Mr. Arford, "that old Hancock will come gallantly to the front this fall and roll up a snug majority for Governor Campbell. Since the state convention I have not heard a single democrat speak discouragingly of the ticket and do not know of one here who will not give it their support.

"The boys are all well organized and, moreover, are enthusiastic in all their work. They are taking a deep interest in affairs this year, and if all the counties do as well as Hancock at the coming election there need be no doubt about the entire democratic ticket being elected.

"Yes, Hancock county will have a candidate for senator this year, but the man will not be decided upon until the county convention meets. Heretofore in congressional and senatorial contests we have gone into the convention with two or three candidates and as a consequence it had a tendency to hurt the party in this county.

"At our last county convention we passed resolutions to agree upon a man prior to the time of selecting, so that all the trouble usually experienced would be done away with.

"There are two candidates mentioned from here, and both stand in the front ranks as able and sincere men. I refer to Messrs. Houpt and Joy, who are well known and popular throughout northwestern Ohio. Mr. Houpt is spoken of freely, and if nominated would make a noble race as his recent contest for gas trustee will show."

They Have 2,700 Members.

The trades unions of Findlay are making rapid strides, and if they keep on increasing it will only be a question of time before they will lead their brothers in Toledo.

The Central Labor union has 2,700 members and in this 27 different branches of labor are represented.

During the Bee correspondent's trip here he had the pleasure of meeting President Valentine, of the Central Labor union.

Mr. Valentine is a pleasing talker and speaks in most glowing terms of his organization. He is a thorough business man and a practical mechanic himself and has done a great deal in bringing the union up to the standing it has to-day.

"The best of feeling prevails," said he to the Bee, "and what is still better, we have the sympathy of the people in our cause. We have never had any trouble in Findlay and all of the members take an unlimited amount of interest in the association.

"Yes, we are very well organized and will be still better in the future."

The Trades Journal, a monthly publication, is published in the interest of the union, and its popularity is fast becoming recognized. It is ably edited and contains many choice articles for its readers.

The Campbell Club.

The Fifth Ward Democratic club, under the leadership of hustling John Conway, is gaining in numbers daily. Mr. Conway organized the club some weeks ago and expects to have 200 members shortly. The boys all work with vim and vigor and don't propose allowing any flies to linger on them at the fall election.

The Amalgamated Trouble.

Pittsburg, July 29.—Moorehead Bros. & Co., the iron manufacturers, who recently refused to sign the amalgamated scale, have addressed a letter to their employes, in which they say they have no grievances against the amalgamated scale, save as to the wages in the plate and tank mill.

With such a scale they say it is impossible to continue the work. The firm then submits a scale which they ask the employes to consider well.

They say they do not ask any reduction except on the plate mill; unless the employes agree to the firm's proposition at once the plant will be started with non-union men.

Corner in Rubbers.

New York, July 29.—The Baron de Gondoriz has made arrangements with the Barings of London, and R. Singlehurst & Co., of Liverpool, to control the present crop of para rubber and to issue credits against purchases of the next which reaches its maximum in October.

In pursuance of this arrangement 200 tons of para rubber has been shipped from New York to Liverpool. It is stated authoritatively that there will be no attempt to corner the product, only the usual profit will be asked, but it will be concentrated in new hands

Will Get a Drawback.

Boston, July 29.—Collector Beard has been informed that on the exportation of kitchen and household goods manufactured by the Steel Edge Stamping and Retinning company of Boston, wholly or in part, from imported tin plate, a drawback will be allowed equal in amount to the duty paid on the imported plate used in the manufacture lest the legal deduction of one per cent.

Will Get No New Trial.

Jefferson City, Mo., July 29.—Judge Burgess to-day overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of ex State Treasurer Noland. A motion in arrest of judgment will be argued, but it is believed the motion will be overruled. Pending an appeal the court will fix Noland's bond at $3,000, which will be furnished. The ruling of Judge Burgess was not unexpected.

Given Up to Die.

With what heart-breaking power these words strike to the heart of tender, loving parents—Given up to die. "Last fall my child, now 16 months old, had diarrhœa. Nothing seemed to control the movements of the bowels. When we had given her up to die, one of my friends commenced to give her Dr. Hand's Diarrhœa Mixture, which controlled the diarrhœa at once. She is now hearty and well." Mrs. Francis Corey, 940 Wyoming ave., Scranton, Pa.

For sale by R. C. Spohn, D. Harpster & Co., Bower & Friedrich, Geo. C. Nill, Thos. Vanstone.

DETROIT INTERNATIONAL FAIR AND EXPOSITION

OPENS AUGUST 25th. CLOSES SEPTEMBER 4th.

Wonderful Display of Electrical Inventions and Manufactures.
Admirable Show of Curious Machines at Work and Interesting Manufacturing Operations.
Greatest Show of Blooded Horses and Cattle, Sheep, Swine and Poultry.
Grand Horse Races—Trotting, Pacing and Running, $12,500 in Prizes.
Floral Hall full of Beautiful Flowers and Luscious Fruits.
Great Double Balloon Ascensions and startling leaps from the Clouds every afternoon.
Immense Pyrotechnic War Drama, "The Siege of Sebastopol," with vast Theater and 350 Actors, Every Evening.
Magnificent Fire Works--$2,000 worth of Fire-Works Burned Nightly.
Grand Free Band Concerts Every Afternoon.
Parades, Processions, Spectacles, Games, Sports, Races on Land and Water, Marvelous Rifle and Pistol Shooting, and All Sorts of Wonders and Pleasures Hourly.
Half Fare on All Railroads and Steamboats.
Beautifully Located on the Bank of the Detroit River.
Steamboats, Street Cars and Railway Trains run directly to the Grounds.
Largest and Finest Fair Buildings, and Handsomest Grounds in the World.

City Auditor's Office.

Toledo, O., July 28, 1891.

THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS of the Common Council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, AUGUST 31, 1891,

at 7 o'clock p. m. for the purchase of Street Improvement Bonds to the amount of eight thousand and thirty-four ($8,034) dollars, bearing date Aug. 10, 1891, and payable as follows: four hundred and seventy-four dollars on Feb. 10, 1892, and eight hundred and forty dollars at the expiration of every six months thereafter, to and including Aug. 10, 1896, at the office of the city treasurer, with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place as evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said improvement bonds are issued pursuant to section 2704 to 2707 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Ohio, and also under an ordinance of the common council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, "To provide for the issue of improvement bonds to pay the cost and expense of the improvement of Washington Street, from Seventeenth street to Collingwood avenue"—passed July 29, 1891.

The denomination of these bonds will be first payment one bond of $474, and thereafter two of $ 420 each payment.

The said bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, to the highest bidder.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the Bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the Bonds so bid for as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the law and ordinances. When the bids have been examined and the award made according to law, all moneys or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the City Auditor subject to his call, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered and accepted as part payment of the Bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the Bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Toledo, and shall become the property of said city in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to the "Auditor of the City of Toledo, Ohio," and be indorsed "Proposals for Improvement Bonds."

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

first pubwed jly 29 aug 5,12,19 last 26.

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Are in position to furnish promptly any thing from a small office safe to a

BANK VAULT WITH TIME LOCK.

PRICES RIGHT.

OFFICE AND SALESROOM,

106 SUMMIT STREET.

PHONE 767.

Lenk Street Improvement.

Dorr Street to Bridge on Swan Creek.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost of above improvement can save 20 675-1000 per cent by paying cash, which can be accepted to close of Saturday, August 8th proximo.

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

july26toaug7

MEN ONLY REMEDY FREE. Manhood restored. Parts enlarged. I have found a certain self-cure. I will gladly send the recipe (sealed) FREE to any sufferer. It is a reliable and lasting cure. Address, CHAS. E. GAUS, Box 38, Marshall, Mich.

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TOLEDO Business COLELGE 512-55SUMMIT STREET

SHORT-HANDSCHOOL

Mr. Davis of the Toledo Business College will conduct a class in penmanship from 8:30—9:30; arithmetic for teachers and advanced scholars, 9:30—10:15; arithmetic for those who failed to make their grade, 10:25—12.

Tri-State Business College,

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NO MATTER what may be said for an institution of learning, the success of ITS STUDENTS is the only RELIABLE standard by which its worth is tested. Upon this our school relies. Not one competent student unemployed and unable to fill all positions offered us, while other schools have scores of "graduates" "waiting." Do not make a mistake, for disappointment is bitter. Summer school, five weeks $4. Phone 708.

MELCHOIR, ROBINSON & MELCHOIR, Principals.

Steadman BUSINESS COLLEGE, Corner Summit and Adams Streets. Phone 1246.

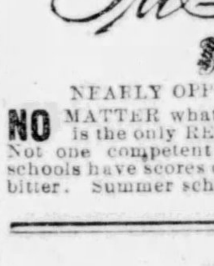
IT WOULD BE A POOR SCHOOL,

Indeed, that possessed NO merit; but in selecting the one to attend the coming winter, bear in mind

ALL SCHOOLS ARE NOT EQUALLY GOOD.

Some are able to, and do, present to patrons better facilities than others. They can also afford to dictate the class of students they will accept. Visit us and see the best equipped school in the state. Children not admitted.

A. H. STEADMAN, Principal.



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Scientific, Classical, Commercial and Select Courses, Infantry, Artillery and Cavalry Drills. *Beautiful and Healthful Location; Magnificent Grounds and Buildings. Newly refitted. New Term Opens Thursday, Sept. 3, '91. Catalogue free.*

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A school of the highest grade for young ladies and girls. Established upon original lines, its success has been remarkable. For catalogue, address the principal MISS ADA I. AYER, B. A., Gambier, O.

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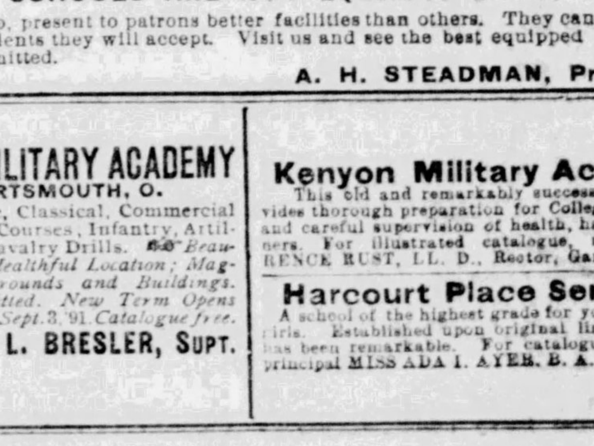

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M. J. COONEY & CO.

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IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Some Figures Made by Secretary Foster.

The Commerce of the United States for a Year—Statistics on Immigration.

Washington, July 29.—The bureau of statistics of the treasury department has to-day issued its statement of foreign commerce and immigration for the month of June, 1891. In this statement there is also a review of the commerce of the United States during the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1891. There is much valuable information in this statement, as it covers not only our trade with other nations during the 12 months, but gives, also, a comparison of the imports and exports of the past nine months, during which the new tariff law has been in effect, as compared with the corresponding nine months of the prior year.

It will appear that there has been a large and gratifying increase of the last fiscal year when compared with that of 1890. The total value of the commerce of the past fiscal year was the greatest in the history of the government and exceeded the total value of the commerce of 1890 by the sum of $82,191,803. The commerce of 1890 was the largest for any year in the history of the government up to that time exceeding the commerce of the prior year by the sum of $159,606,066, so that the value of the total commerce of the last fiscal year exceeded the total value of the commerce of 1889 by $241,797,869. Our total commerce during the past fiscal year amounted to $1,729,330,896. It is noted that there is an increase in our imports of merchandise, in the order of magnitude, in the following articles: Coffee, tinplates, hides and skins, fruits, chemicals and drugs, India rubber and gutta percha, sugar, molasses, etc. There has been a decline in the value of our imports of wool and manufactures of silk, and manufactures of hemp and jute, and manufactures of breadstuffs, and animals.

The total value of our imports of merchandise, during the last year was $844,905,491. The total value of our exports of merchandise, during the same period, was $884,425,405, which shows an excess in favor of exports, during the fiscal year of $39,519,914. There was, also, an excess of exports of domestic merchandise over such exports of the prior year of $26,941,737. The increase in these exports has been in the following articles, stated in order of magnitude of increase: Raw cotton, provisions, refined sugar, cotton manufactures, copper and manufactures of; iron and steel and manufactures of.

The value of leading articles of exports from the United States during the past year was as follows: Cotton, $290,708,898; breadstuffs, $127,668,092; provisions, $138,176,638.

Since the new tariff law has been in operation, from October 6, 1890, to June 30, 1891, inclusive, the total value of the imports of merchandise was $630,206,005, as compared with $598,769,905, the value of such exports for the corresponding period of 1890, which shows an excess for the nine months of 1891 of $31,436,100.

The value of the imports admitted free of duty during the nine months ending June 30, 1891, was $295,963,665, while the value of such imports for the corresponding period of 1890 was $208,983,873, showing an increase in the imports of free merchandise during the past nine months of $86,979,792. During the same period ending June 30, 1891, the imports of merchandise paying duty was of the value of $334,242,340, as compared with $389,786,032 for the corresponding period of 1890, so that it appears there has been a decrease during the last nine months of the fiscal year, 1891, in the value of such imports of $55,543,692. It will be seen then that during the nine months since the new tariff went into effect of the total value of merchandise imported into this country 46.96 per cent. came in free, while during the corresponding period of 1890 38.92 per cent. was admitted free. From this fact it appears that the value of the merchandise imported free during the last nine months of the last fiscal year was greater by $300,000,000 than the value of such merchandise admitted during the whole of 1890, and by nearly $40,000,000 more than during the prior year, 1889.

The exports of gold and silver during the last fiscal year were $108,729,288; and the imports were $32,212,334, an excess of exports of $72,516,954. The exports of gold during the last fiscal year were $86,363,622. The imports of gold were $18,246,512, showing an excess of exports of gold of $68,117,110, the largest excess of exports of gold in any year of our commerce.

There has been a large increase in the volume of immigration into the United States during the last fiscal year.

The total number arriving was 555,496, as against 451,219 during the fiscal year 1890, showing an increase during the last fiscal year of 104,277. This increase is largely from the following countries: Italy, 23,354; Austria-Hungary, 14,861; Germany, 21,122; Russia including Poland, 28,245.

FARM AND GARDEN.

A Balking Horse.

A Washington subscriber asks: "What will cure a balky horse; one that winds himself around the other and throws himself?"

Balking is almost invariably the result of over-loading and harshness at some time in the horse's training, and when he balks beating or harsh measures of any kind only aggravates the matter. He seems to think he has a grievance, and will not start while he broods over it. Any mild measure which will divert his attention will break the spell.

The only way we know of is to find out what "measure" will suit the individual case in hand. One ingenious driver pulled down the left ear of his balky horse, and tied it there. It was a new experience to the animal and he started along without further trouble. But the driver's satisfaction was somewhat modified when he found that the horse ever after refused to start until his left ear was tied down to the head stall.

A means which is used with some success is to at once unhitch the horse when he balks and lead him around several times in a narrow circle. He is then replaced in the shafts and goes on with no more trouble. Another method is to go to the horse's head, speak kindly to him, then lift one of his feet and tap it lightly a few times with a stone. A pat on the head or a stroking of the nose, at the same time giving a little sugar or salt will start some.

There are many devices that will suggest themselves to the driver of a balky horse. But if a spirited and intelligent horse is overloaded and knows it none of these little devices will move him.

Balking is not the result of "equine epilepsy," as one eminent writer would have it, nor of "cussedness" as many people suppose. It is a dumb protest against overloading and abuse. If there were no unskillful, thoughtless or unkind drivers there would be no balky horses.—Farm, Field and Stockman.

The Soil Inexhaustable.

Some speculative philosophers have, of late years, predicted that the time will come when the soil of the world will be exhausted and the human race gradually become extinct on our planet for want of food—be "starved out," as it were—but the American Agriculturist does not take readily to this melancholy view of the case. It says,

"One foot in depth of a fairly good agricultural soil contains 4,000 pounds of phosphoric acid; 8,000 pounds of potash; 16,000 pounds of nitrogen and lime, magnesia, soda, chlorine, sulphur and silica to afford food for all the crops which these three elements can feed per acre. After farmers, by careful and skillful cultivation, have exhausted all this great store of plant food in the uppermost foot of this soil, which will require several centuries, will the soil be exhausted? Not at all. As the land is gradually changed into vegetable growth, and the surface is removed as farm crops, as it gradually deepens, the subsoil which contains the very same elements becomes fitted for plant food. And thus the imperishable nature of matter applies to the soil, which can never be exhausted during all the ages which are to come. All that mankind has to do is to use its arts, under the instruction of science to develop this latent fertility of the soil, and to go on feeding the human race until the end, if an end ever shall come, when the earth will no longer exist as a fit habitation for mankind.

Two Insect Enemies of the Mountain Ash.

During the present term several prominent agriculturists of this state have lectured to the students in agriculture at the Ohio state university. I believe without exception, they spoke at some length and forcibly of the desirability of making the farmer's home comfortable and attractive. These qualities every homestead should and may possess in a very high degree.

At a recent meeting of a horticultural society, its president remarked that farms with roadways lined with shade trees and with ornamental shrubs and trees about its buildings, were, in consequence, more salable, to say the least. A gentleman present at once remarked that "such farms are not for sale." His meaning was patent. The cultivation of such trees must certainly increase more and more as correct ideas concerning these matters prevail. If they are to flourish they must have intelligent care. Their needs and enemies both necessarily concern the successful cultivation. These notes are prepared in the interest of a beautiful, native ornamental tree as well as for those of the owner and lover of the same.

Dr. A. S. Packard, in the admirable treatise on "Forest Insects," recently issued by the department of agriculture, mentions only three species whose larvæ bore the trunks of the mountain ash. These are: Sapuda caudida, the round-headed apple-tree borer; Chrysobothris femorata, and an unknown long-horn larvæ. The following should be added to the list: Podosesia syringæ and an unidentified Phycid.

P. syringæ is an ægerian described by Harris in 1840, and which closely resembles certain large wasps by its slender form and blue-black wings and body, with more or less reddish and orange on legs and body. It injures also the common lilac and the white ash. I have known several trees of the latter killed by it. About the middle of April I noticed that two mountain ashes in the university campus had many holes bored into the wood of their trunks by some insect; more than twenty openings were counted in each, occurring from the surface of the ground to the larger branches. On cutting away the wood I soon found the culprits within, changed to pupæ within cocoons spun in the canals. May 2 the first pupa shell was seen protruding from one of the cells, and during the following week nearly a score of the moths were taken resting or ovipositing on the trunks, usually in the forenoon. The life-history is approximately as follows;

The eggs are laid early in May, about scars or crevices in the bark, thus affording easy access to the wood by the young larvæ. These bore at first in the superficial wood; as they approach maturity they penetrate deeper and extend their excavations many inches away from the place of entrance. They finally turn and reach the surface, leaving, however, a scale of outer bark concealing the place of final exit. A cocoon is spun remote from the surface, where pupation and the waiting for the final change takes place. When the time for this arrives, the pupa worms its way out until the anterior half of its body protrudes. The moth soon after appears, leaving the pupal skin in the orifice.

The remedies suggested by its habits are easily applied. When holes are discovered in the spring, plug them with wood, or probe the galleries with a wire, or inject hot water. Perhaps an alkaline or kerosene emulsion wash will prevent oviposition and entrance of the young. Perhaps the better prevention is to keep the trees healthy, the bark smooth and to cover all accidental wounds. This insect is likely to prove a grave enemy of the mountain ash. The Phycid was found at the same time in the same tree. The larvæ had all transformed April 15, and the moths began to appear by the 20th. The slender, brown pupa is protected by a loose cocoon of white silk placed under the edges of loosened bark about old scars and excresences. These irregularities or deformities were, doubtless, caused by the many larvæ which had been at work in the superficial wood and bark. The moth is a pretty one, about three-fourths of an inch across the wings, which are narrow and reddish, mingled with white in color.

The ægerian, being a day-flying insect, emerges in the morning; the phycid, flying at night, emerges in the afternoon, and may be found on the trunks at this time of day and destroyed. The larvæ and pupa may be followed easily with the knife and extirpated. Prevention, however, is the better remedy. As it is probable that the young cannot penetrate the uninjured bark, they may be kept out by the usual means in case it has been broken by accident. Whether two brooded or not remains to be seen.—D. S. Kellicott, Ohio State University.

A Little Dairy.

There are farmers who think that if they only had a large dairy they could make money, but with their little dairy they can do nothing. As an offset to this opinion the experience of Mr. Geo. Brown, as related at a Farmers' Institute at Chatham, Mass., is given. In answer to the question "Does it pay to make butter?" he says:

It pays me. My dairy of 14 cows has averaged me in butter sold during the year 1890, counting cows that have given milk any time during the year, $61.32 per cow. To this may be added $5 per cow for the home consumption of milk, cream and butter; also $8 per cow more for the skimmed milk fed to hogs and calves, making a total per cow of $74.32, on a net average of 22 cents a pound for butter sold and consumed, and nearly one-fourth of the butter was sold on the general market. To answer the question, "Does it pay?" we must know what it costs. I will give you what it has cost me for a week this month, January, 1891, for my milking dairy of 14 cows:

1,332 pounds mixed hay at $6 per ton	$4 00
49 bundles fodder corn at 4 cents	1 96
24 bushels mangel wurzels at 6 cents	1 44
8 bushels ear corn in cobmeal at 60 cents	4 70
200 pounds bran at 85 cents per 100 lbs	1 80
Total cost	$13 90

This is a week's supply of food, from which I made 78 pounds of butter, which sold for 23 cents a pound net, amounting to $17.44, making a profit of $4.04 a week. This I think a fair profit for this time of the year, considering that the best half of my cows are nearly dry, preparatory to coming fresh in the spring, and one-fourth of the rest came fresh in August and September, 1890. Remember that the products of the farm are marketed on the farm at fair prices, and their manurial value retained to grow larger crops in the future.

To Cure Egg-Eating Dogs.

An exchange gives the following as to one scheme for breaking a dog who has a penchant for eating eggs:

"Divide a heaping teaspoonful of tartar emetic into eight or ten doses. Break off the end of an egg, empty a part of the contents and stir into the remainder left in the shell a dose of tartar emetic. Confine the dog in a room, or tie him, and give him the doctored egg. In an hour or two he will be trying to turn himself wrong side out. As soon as he is over the nausea give him a second egg and a third, if he will eat it. When he refuses to eat the egg, and lets it lie by him for several hours untouched, pry open his mouth and force the egg down his throat. Afterward you may trust him in your hen house. The object in tying the dog is to let him get nothing else to eat while he is under treatment, or he may think it was the last thing eaten that made him so sick. The idea is to convince him that eggs no longer will lie on his stomach."

The Height of Horses.

A writer in a turf journal gives the following rule to estimate the height a colt will grow to: Take a colt at any time between six weeks old and one year, stand him on a level surface so that he will stand naturally, then measure the distance from the hair of the hoof to his knee joint, and for every inch or fraction thereof he measures he will be hands high when matured. If he measures 15 inches he will grow to be 15 hands high; if 15½ inches, he will be 15½ hands high, and so on.

There are some patent medicines that are more marvelous than a dozen doctor's prescriptions, but they're not those that profess to cure everything.

Everybody, now and then, feels "run down," "played out." They've the will, but no power to generate vitality. They're not sick enough to call a doctor, but just too sick to be well. That's where the right kind of a patent medicine comes in, and does for a dollar what the doctor wouldn't do for less than five or ten. We put in our claim for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

We claim it to be an unequaled remedy to purify the blood and invigorate the liver. We claim it to be lasting in its effects, creating an appetite, purifying the blood, and preventing Billious, Typhoid and Malarial fevers if taken in time. The time to take it is when you first feel the signs of weariness and weakness. The time to take it on general principles, is NOW.

Four boys of Beardseye, Ind., found an lod coat near the railroad and began tossing it about and batting each other with it. A bank note slipped from beneath one of the patches. The boys ripped the coat to pieces and it panned out $1,711.

SPORTING EVENTS.

Dixon Whips Willis the Australian Pug.

One Australian Who Could Not Win—Games Yesterday in the Various Leagues.

San Francisco, Cal., July 29.—George Dixon, of Boston, and Abe Willis, of Australia, fought at the gymnasium of the California Athletic club, last night, for a purse of $5,000 and the bantam weight championship of the world. Willis was practically unknown to many here and the betting before the fight was in Dixon's favor, ranging from 100 to 70 to 100 to 90. Great interest was taken in the fight here and the club room was filled. The men had trained faithfully and both were in perfect condition. Hiram Cook was referee. Dixon's seconds were Tim O'Rourke, Mitchell and Billy Akers. Willis was seconded by Martin Murphy and Billy Smith.

The contestants appeared in the ring soon after 8:30 o'clock and time was called at 8:45.

In the first round the men sparred carefully for fully a minute, Dixon showing the greater advantage in reach. Then Dixon led and caught Willis on the jaw sending him down. When he rose there was the liveliest kind of a rally, the men slugging each other at close quarters, Dixon plainly having the best of it. Willis slugged as much as possible.

The second round was opened cautiously by both men. Dixon rushed but accomplished nothing. A moment later he planted a swinging left on the Australian's jaw. Several sharp rallies and much clinching followed, then they kept up a seesaw on each other's jaws at the closest possible range. The round closed with cheers for both.

During the third round both were very wary at first. Dixon then landed his left on Willis' body and right on his jaw. Neither blow did much damage.

In the fourth round, after two minutes of sparring, Dixon rushed and landed on Willis' jaw and body several times, receiving two sharp raps in return. Both were very quiet and saved themselves by dodging.

The fifth round was opened like the others. Neither seemed disposed at first to rush and force matters. Toward the close there was a sharp rally near the ropes, in which it was give and take for a moment, though Dixon was plainly landing harder and oftener. Presently Dixon caught the Australian on the jaw with his left and sent him down. Willis rose to his hands and knees, and took his 10 seconds on the floor. He arose a little, and when Dixon rushed he stood prepared to receive the attack.

He was not able to do much, however, in the rally that followed, and Dixon's right soon came into contact with Willis' jaw and the latter went down flat on his back. He fell heavily and lay like a log. When 10 seconds had expired, Willis' seconds had to lift him from the floor, and Dixon was declared the winner. The colored man seemed as strong as when the fight commenced.

The battle occupied less than twenty minutes. Willis was knocked out in the fifth round after having had the worst of a hard fight from the very start. Dixon's style of fighting was not very well known here, and he was not expected to do much rushing; but he forced the fight from the first round. He rushed Willis hard whenever he could get him at close qurters, and beat him with ease.

Willis struggled hard to hold out against the colored man's assaults, and in the half dozen sharp rallies he fought back manfully, but was not able to hit as hard or as frequently as his opponent. His quickness and his ability to stand hard punishment saved him from defeat earlier, but after being knocked down in the first round and unmercifully pounded in the four following rounds he was greatly weakened, and the blow which finally sent him out was a light one compared to a dozen others which he had received. Dixon was apparently uninjured, and as soon as he saw that Willis could not rise in the fifth round the colored man gave a leap almost half across the ring, while the spectators cheered him wildly.

Games Yesterday.

LEAGUE.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E	BB	SB
Boston	Nichols—	11	11	3	3	3
New York	Keefe—	5	8	8	2	6
Cleveland	Viau—	3	12	2	4	5
Chicago	Gumbert—	6	7	1	3	2
Pittsburg	King—	0	5	5	0	3
Cincinnati	Radbone—	4	6	1	1	3
AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.						
Baltimore	Cunningham—	3	7	4	2	4
Boston	Buffinton—	8	13	1	0	2
Athletics	Chamberlain—	5	10	4	4	0
Washington	Carsey—	10	13	2	3	0

Among the Amateurs.

The Independents claim the championship under 16 years of age.

The Mascots challenge the Independents for Sunday, August 2, for $1 a side, on the Wabash grounds at 2:30 p. m.

The Sailors challenge the Wolverines to a game of ball Sunday, August 2, for any amount; grounds to be agreed upon. Answer through the BEE.

The Atlantics accept the challenge of the Corn Citys for Sunday, Aug. 2, on the Atlantics' grounds, corner of Nebraska avenue and Hoag street, at 2:00 p. m. Mack, manager.

We, the First Ward's Sporting club, would like to hear from the Futures or Foxes or any other club whose members are under 17 years, to play a game of ball for any sum under $2.25, Sunday, August 2, on the Chicago street grounds. If accepted, answer through the BEE. E. G. Parke manager, W. Freeman captain.

The Crickets have organized as follows: Chas. Seymore, catcher; Bob Alcott, pitcher; Wm. Nevitt, first base; Lou Westermure, second base; Sam Richmond, third base; Chester McBeth, center field; Ralph Taylor, left field; Ben Pickett, right field; Fred Seymore, shortstop. We hereby challenge any club under 14 years old. Chas. Seymour, manager. Bob Alcott, captain.

As A Rule

Your own feelings will tell you, when you are in need of a tonic or Blood purifier. A lack of energy, a tired feeling, depressed spirits are good indications that the blood is sluggish and your system is out of order.

"I HAVE USED S. S. S. FOR DEBILITY RESULTING FROM CHILLS AND FEVER, AND HAVE FOUND IT TO BE THE BEST TONIC AND APPETIZER THAT I EVER TOOK. IT ALSO PREVENTED THE RETURN OF THE CHILLS." A. J. ANYLIN, EUREKA, SPRINGS, ARK.

Books on Blood and Skin diseases free.
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THE CHEAPEST AND BEST MEDICINE FOR FAMILY USE IN THE WORLD. NEVER FAILS TO RELIEVE

PAIN

It surpasses all other remedies in the wonderful power which it possesses of curing

Rheumatism and Neuralgia.

Thousands have been relieved and cured by simply rubbing with READY RELIEF, applied by the hand, the part affected and considerable of the adjoining surface; at the same time several brisk doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will do much to hasten the cure.

INTERNALLY, a half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhoea, Summer Complaints, Colic, Flatulency, and all internal pains.

MALARIA,

CHILLS AND FEVER, FEVER AND AGUE CONQUERED.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious, billious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

50ct per Bottle. Sold by Druggists.

USE POND'S EXTRACT

FOR MOSQUITO BITES, SUN-BURN, SORE FEET, LAMENESS from OVER-EXERTION.

FOR PILES, CHAFING, To Bathe FACE and HANDS when heated etc.

DON'T FORGET when starting on vacation to take with you. You are sure to need it; perhaps VERY MUCH indeed.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES probably worthless. Accept POND'S EXTRACT only.

Pond's Extract Co., New York and London.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

PAINLESS. EFFECTUAL.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

For BILIOUS & NERVOUS DISORDERS SUCH AS Sick Headache, Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Disordered Liver, etc., ACTING LIKE MAGIC on the vital organs, strengthening the muscular system, and arousing with the rosebud of health The Whole Physical Energy of the Human Frame. *Beecham's Pills, taken as directed, will quickly RESTORE FEMALES to complete health.*

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price, 25 cents per Box.

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.
B. F. ALLEN CO., Sole Agents for United States, 365 & 367 Canal St., New York, who (if your druggist does not keep them) will mail Beecham's Pills on receipt of price—but inquire first. (Mention this paper.)

AWNINGS

TENTS! CORDAGE! FLAGS! BELTING!

The M. I. Wilcox Cordage and Supply Co.

WATER STREET.

"Clean cookery is a great appetiser."

GOOD COOKS clean their utensils with SAPOLIO

No kitchen is complete without a cake of SAPOLIO. Its use on pots, pans and kettles is magic. Cold grease, dirt and rust disappear when it is used. Good cooks know that clean pans are necessary to good cooking. Would you be a good cook? Use SAPOLIO.

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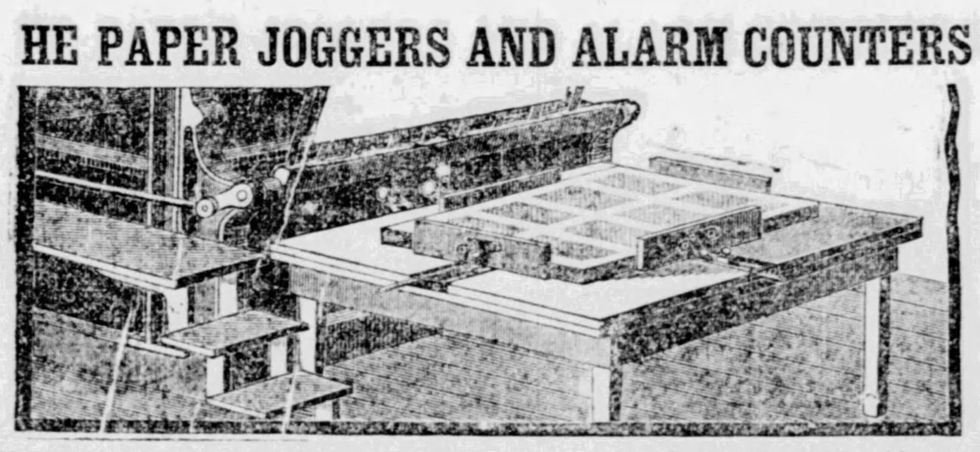
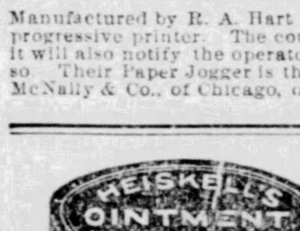


Manufactured by R. A. Hart & Co., do their work PERFECTLY and are indispensable with every progressive printer. The counter is so constructed that it will RING AT ANY desired number; it will also notify the operator the first sheet printed, to set his counter in case of neglect to do so. Their Paper Jogger is the best on the market and will save its cost every few months. Rand, McNally & Co., of Chicago, ordered twenty more last week. For circulars and prices address R. A. HART & CO., Battle Creek, Mich.



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We will sell one dozen of them at one-half regular price. Cut out this notice and bring with you. Wringer fully guaranteed. Money refunded if wringer is not satisfactory.

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PURE LAKE ICE

Best Service! Scales on Wagons! Customers Get What They Pay For.

Last year's unused coupons redeemed. All contracts carried out. A trial will convince you.

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Manufacturer of

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AXES, KNIVES, MOULDING BITS, &c.

Tools Made to Order! Tools Repaired! Tools Ground!

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"People who walk up stairs still carry their Mail to the Post Office. Where Elevators are used one expects to find the U. S. MAIL CHUTE and the FREE Collection Service."

If you don't find them, you should Address CUTLER MF'G CO., Patentees, Rochester, N. Y.

The new BEE Building will be the first in Toledo to use the Mail Chute.

VOCAL LESSONS.

Mr. Whiting will continue his vocal lessons through the summer. This will give an opportunity for teachers and others wishing to study through the vacation. Address 609 Madison street or call at parlors of First Congregational church.

COTOTURLEY'S

413 ADAMS STREET.

And Leave orders for

ICE CREAM and ICES.

Churches Furnished at Special Rates.

FALL, 1891.

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WHOLESALE DEALERS AND JOBBERS OF

DRY GOODS

Notions, Hosiery, Underwear, Pants, Shirts and Overalls.

We are now showing Full and Complete Lines of

New Fall and Winter Goods!

IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

The trade are respectfully invited to inspect our stocks. All goods sold at

Lowest Market Prices!

Terms and discounts liberal. Orders solicited, promptly filled and shipped.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

L. S. BAUMGARDNER & CO.

224 and 226 Summit St., TOLEDO, O.

Mill and Glazed Work

EAST TOLEDO, Front St. on Penn. R. R.
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TO INVEST IN

Furniture! Carpets! and Stoves!

At prices never heard of before. Improve the time.

Cash or Easy Payments.

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ST. CLAIR, PERRY AND SUMMIT STS. One block from Monroe St.

ASK YOUR GROCER

—FOR—

BRENZINGER'S

"CHOICE"

AND GENUINE

VIENNA :-: BREAD

Notice.

Charles T. Lewis, as Guardian of Samuel Wagner, Plaintiff, vs. Samuel Wagner et al., defendants. } Probate Court of Lucas County, Ohio.

John Wagner, whose place of residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 1st day of July, 1891, Charles T. Lewis, as guardian of Samuel Wagner, filed his petition in the Probate Court of Lucas County, Ohio, the object and prayer of which petition is to secure authority to said guardian to make a lease for the period of ten (10) years of the southwesterly 33 feet of lot 310 in the Port Lawrence division of the city of Toledo, Lucas county, Ohio. Said John Wagner is required to appear and answer to said petitition on or before the 22d day of August, 1891, or an order will be taken accordingly.

DOYLE, SCOTT & LEWIS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

1st pub wed july 1,8,15,22,29 last aug 5

"THE SITTERLY"

Oyster and Chop House!

All kinds of Sea Food and Game in Season.

EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS AND ON TIME.

340 SUMMIT STREET,

Between Madison and Adams.

E. I. ROOT. J. E. KEARNS.

Special Low Prices on Pianos at THE WHITNEY-CURRIER CO.

Inasmuch as we have not moved our place of business for more than twenty years the expense incident to tearing up and removing every two or three years has been saved. This enables us to give lower prices, better bargains and better goods than any migratory concern who uses the necessity for "moving" as a pretext for offering sham inducements. We shall continue through July and August, this year and next, to offer extraordinary inducements to buyers of pianos and organs to patronize our house. We sell the best pianos made, acknowledged and recognized as such, as well as commoner grades, such as offered by our competitors. Our price, when grade and quality is considered, is lower, by far, than has heretofore been offered by any Toledo dealer or agent.

THE WHITNEY-CURRIER CO,

Entrance 219 Summit St.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL

St. Clair St., end of Perry St.

Centrally located. Sample rooms on first floor; Special rates to parties and Theatrical People.

[illegible]LBERT E. HALL, - - Proprieto[r]

N. B. BACON, T. F. HUBER

BACON & HUBER

ARCHITECTS,

33 and 34 Chamber of Commerce.

Alley Improvement.

Between Erie and Ontario from Monroe to Jefferson Street.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost on above improvements can save 13 763-1000 per cent by paying cash, which can be accepted up to close of Saturday, August 8, proximo.

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

daily to Aug 7

JEWELRY, BADGES, ETC. Roulet & Armstrong, 341 SUMMIT STREET. Over Strasburger's.

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Persons liable for assessments to pay cost of above improvement can save 13 879-1000 per cent by paying cash, which can be accepted up to close of Saturday, August 8, proximo.

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J. W. CUMMINGS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Rooms 5 and 6 Kaufman Building. 73 Superior St. TOLEDO, O

DOCUTA SANDALWOOD CAPSULES are the best and only capsules prescribed by regular physicians for the cure of diseases of the urinary organs, whether inherited or acquired. $1.50 per box. All druggists.

Lawn Mowers, Lawn Hose, Hose Reels, Garden Tools, Etc

Schunk, Hillenkamp & Co.,

519 and 521 MONROE ST.

Sheriff's Sale.

City of Toledo for use etc. v. David Emerick, et al. } Lucas County Common Pleas.

Cause No. 31843.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from said court in the above entitled cause I will at the door of the court house, in Toledo, in Lucas county, Ohio, on the

22D DAY OF AUGUST, 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, offer for sale at public auction, the following described lands and tenements, to-wit:

The south half of lot one hundred and eighty-eight (188) of Woodruff's addition to Toledo, Lucas county, Ohio.

Appraised, $1,000.00.

Situate on Canton avenue, near John street.

Terms cash.

JOHN B. STUART, Sheriff.
By C. E. TUAL, Deputy.
T. J. McDONELL, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Toledo, O., July 22, 1891.
first pub wed july 22, 29, aug 5, 12, last 19.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE!

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

Before and After

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of *Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all effects of Abuse or Excesses.* Been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the ONLY RELIABLE AND HONEST MEDICINE KNOWN. Ask druggist for WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six $5. *One will please, six will cure.* Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps. Address THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., 131 Woodward ave, Detroit, Mich.

WENDLEN SPECKERT,

Blacksmith and Horse Shoer,

Wagon Making and Repairing Done Promptly to Order. Harness Making, Carriage Trimming and Carriage Painting, Wagons, Carriages and Harnesses To Let.

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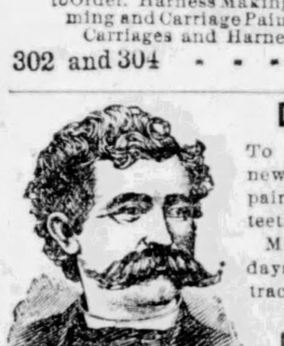

DON'T FAIL

To try Dr. Bigelow's new method for the painless extraction of teeth.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays extracting is half price.

115 Summit St.

Phone 1234.

Miss Crissey, Secy.

A. FORD

Manufacturer of and dealer in

STIFF AND SILK HATS!

Bleacher of Ladies' Straw Hats.

Repairing of all kinds of Hats a Specialty.

208 Summit Street.

FOR MEN ONLY. A New book on "Debility and Atrophy." Fully explains the only method to enlarge and strengthen all weak, stunted, undeveloped organs and parts of the body. Also, the quickest, surest cure for nervous, sexual, and general physical debility and decay. The effects of early errors and later excesses, weakness of body and mind, unnatural losses, nervousness, partial or total impotence, etc., cured "to stay cured." Every condition of robust and noble manhood fully restored, unless beyond human aid. *Men testify from 47 States and Territories, and foreign countries. You can write them.* It may be the mistake of your life if you fail to answer this and investigate a system of treatment which is as absolutely unfailing as any human agency can be. Readers of this paper who write us in good faith, and at once, can have this invaluable little book mailed them (sealed) free of charge. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., Cor. of Main and Swan streets, BUFFALO, N. Y.

LADIES, $500 REWARD!

DR. ANDERSON'S ENGLISH FEMALE REGULATING PILLS are the safest and most reliable. Give them a trial and be convinced. Sent by mail, postpaid, per box $1, 3boxes for $2.50.

Moka Medicine Co., Toledo, O.

Also for sale by F. Hobly, M. D., 402 Nebraska ave.; Wm. Kirchmaier & Son, 601 Adams st.; Auburndale Pharmacy, Monroe and Milburn ave.; Depot Pharmacy, Knapp and Broadway; F. B. Stephens, Tenth and Washington st.; G. Meinert, Ph. C., cor 13th and Adams st.

Manhood Restored.

Small weak organs Enlarged. Free Remedy. A victim of youthful errors causing Emissions, lack of vigor and development, Nervous Debility, Varicocele, etc., will gladly send (sealed) *Free* to all sufferers a recipe that cured him after all other remedies failed. Address with stamp, L. A. BRADLEY, Grocer, Battle Creek, Mich.

PHONES 119, 289, 285.

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IN ALL THE WORLD THERE IS BUT ONE CURE

DR HAINES GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

It can be given in coffee, tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of patient if necessary; it is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. It operates so quietly and with such certainty that the patient undergoes no inconvenience, and soon his complete reformation is effected. 48 page book free.

To be had of I. N. REED, Druggist, Summit and Madison Sts., Toledo, O.

MAN,

If from self abuse while young, or over indulgence in later years you have become sexually weak, and would be made strong—if you are strong but would be more vigorous, send four cents in stamps, for our Medical Book, and List of Questions, which will be sent free, sealed, and in a plain envelope, secure from observation. Address, THE EVANS MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

TO WEAK MEN Suffering from the effects of youthful errors early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

The Mormon Elders' Book on Sexual Strength, mailed free to married men, address F. B. Crouch, 202 Grand St., New York

LIGHTSHIP LAUNCHED.

No. 55 Floating in the Slip at Craig's.

Decision in the Marion-Armour Case.

Both to Blame—How the Majestic Saved a Tug Bill—Captain of the Wetmore Dead at Liverpool — General and Local Marine.

Special marine weather bulletin, compiled from the war department weather map. Observations taken at 8 a. m.:

Port.	Bar.	Tem.	Wind. Dir.	Vel.	State of We'r.
Oswego	29.94	64	S	6	cloudy
Buffalo	29.90	68	S	6	cloudy
Cleveland	29.94	70	SW	6	clear
Toledo	29.94	68	SW	6	clear
Port Huron	29.92	64	S	6	clear
Alpena	29.84	60	SE	lt	cloudy
Green Bay	29.88	58	S	lt	cloudy
Milwaukee	29.88	62	calm		rain
Grand Haven	29.84	68	W	lt	cloudy
Chicago	29.88	68	W	lt	cloudy
Sault Ste. Marie	29.80	56	SE	6	cloudy
Marquette	29.76	64	W	8	cloudy
Duluth	29.80	64	W	lt	cloudy

Lake region forecast: For Western New York—Light showers; stationary temperature; south winds.

For Ohio, Indiana and Illinois—Generally fair, except light showers in extreme north portions; stationary temperature; south winds.

For Michigan—Light showers; stationary temperature; south winds.

For Wisconsin—Fair to-night; stationary temperature; variable winds.

Light Ship Launched.

Light ship No. 55, one of three being built for the government at Craig's shipyards, was put into the water yesterday. The launch was most successful, the little vessel dropping into the slip without injury of any kind. The vessel is 100 feet over all, 20 feet beam and 14 feet moulded depth. The boiler and machinery are all in the little steamer and she will soon be ready for her station on Simmon's Reef, in the Straits of Mackinac.

No. 57, which is to go on Gray's Reef, will be the next in the water, and it is expected to launch her about next Saturday. No. 56 is to go on White Shoals. The three vessels will be ready to turn over to the government August 25, and the builders will deliver them in Detroit.

Capt. Kelly, the superintendnt of construction, seems much pleased with the vessels, and regarding the launch yesterday he stated that it was the prettiest he had ever seen.

These three light ships when finished will clear Craig's yard, and as there is nothing to go on the stocks at once, the yard will close down for a while.

Claims of the Pontiac.

The libel on which the owners of the steamer Pontiac will base their claims on the Canadian Pacific steamer Athabasca was received in Chicago yesterday, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. The Pontiac claims that while coming up the channel of the St. Mary's river, near Nelson's bend, the Athabasca was at about the stakes in Lake George. The Pontiac blew one whistle, and was answered with one by the Athabasca. As the two boats approached each other, it is alleged, the Athabasca suddenly blew two blasts of her whistle and started to go to starboard. This the Pontiac answered with one short blast and reversed her engines. Seeing that a collision was unavoidable, the captain called to his wheelman: "For God's sake, steady her!"

Of course the Athabasca's side of the collision is entirely different. The order of the Pontiac's captain to his wheelman was evidently to strike the Athabasca head on and thereby save his boat. Had he done so, a frightful loss of life would have resulted, as the Athabasca had a large number passengers on board and the Pontiac's sharp steel nose would have cut her in two.

The B. F. Ferris.

The burning of the steamer B. F. Ferris at Casewill, Mich., takes from the lakes a little passenger steamer that has long been a figure around Sandusky bay and the islands. In 1868 the steamer Oliver H. Perry was built by Monk, of Sandusky, and was one of the prettiest little steamboats afloat. She had hardly been completed when she caught fire, was cast adrift from the docks in Sandusky and drifted out into the bay, where she burned to the water's edge.

The owners of the steamer had another boat constructed by the same man, after the same plans, and when launched she christened the B. F. Ferris.

Strange as it may seem, it is nevertheless true, that the B. F. Ferris was, perhaps, the homliest boat on the lake unless the celebrated Sarah Van Epps be excepted. The Ferris had a long and successful career and entered Sandusky bay many times during heavy weather when more pretentious steamers remained under the islands, and now, after years of service, has met the same fate as befel her handsome predecessor.

Pulled the Wharf In.

The steamer Majestic arrived yesterday morning to load grain at No. 5 elevator, and thinking to save a tow bill the captain decided to go up the river without a tug. Everything went lovely until nearly at the elevator when he went on the bottom. The steamer was hard aground, but the captain had another way to get around the tugs, and so he ran lines ashore and making them fast to Mitchell & Rowland's wharf he commenced pulling with his steam capstan and windlass. The steamer didn't budge, but he managed to pull two corners off of the wharf and break several spiles. He was obliged to send for a tug after all, and was released by the Andrews. Besides this bill he is liable for the damage to the wharf, and it is said that he put up $100 for this before he left this morning. The question now is, how much did he save!

Steamers Should Be Careful.

The steamer Susan E. Peck, here for a load of grain, came up the river this morning at a speed of about nine miles an hour. She did not check while passing close to the Hocking dock and as a consequence the suction broke one of the lines by which the steamer George Spencer was made fast to the dock. When the line broke it threw a piece of timber against Capt. John Blucher, of the Minnie D., and badly bruised his leg.

At the Hocking dock the channel is close to shore and lines have been broken here several times this season by steamers coming up the river too fast. Harbormaster Skeldon has given repeated warnings and if captains will be more careful when coming in they will save bills for damage.

Decision in the Marion-Armour Case.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 29.—Judge Jenkins yesterday afternoon filed his decision in the celebrated Marion-Armour collision case. He finds that the Marion, having mistaken the two blasts of the steamer Mt. Clemens for those of the Armour, was moving under a starboard helm, intending to pass the Armour to starboard, that when the vessels were only half a mile apart and the signals of the two steamers were understood, the Marion ported her helm, intending to pass the Armour to port.

This, as the latter was standing out into the stream, caused the Marion to strike her on the starboard bow. He thinks the Armour intended to follow the rule and pass the Marion to port, while the Marion had undertaken to go contrary to the rules under the impression that the signal of the Mt. Clemens came from the Armour, and he therefore put the Marion at fault.

Judge Jenkins also holds the Armour measurably to blame in not having done something more than merely stopping. He is satisfied that a little less strenuous assertion of her right of way by the Armour would have avoided the collision, notwithstanding that the Marion had mistaken the signals and was at fault. A division of damages is awarded. The case will undoubtedly be appealed.

The collision between the P. D. Armour and the Marion occurred September 7, 1889, on the St. Clair river, opposite the Canadian club house. The Armour was bound down and the Marion up. The Armour had a big hole stove in her starboard bow and sank almost immediately. Suit was brought against the Marion for $137,370 damages by the owners of the Armour, R. P. Fitzgerald, of Milwaukee, and P. D. Armour and W. M. Egan, of Chicago. The answer was a cross bill asking $15,000 damages. The Marion is owned by George N. Strong and J. E. Danaher, of Ludington, and Capt. Cochrane, of Milwaukee.

Captain of the Wetmore Dead.

London, July 29.—Capt. Saunders, of the new American "whaleback" steamer Charles Wetmore, died suddenly at Liverpool this morning. He was found lying dead in his birth when the officers of the steamer entered his state room at an early hour.

The Charles Wetmore was to have sailed for New York with a cargo of machinery to-day, but her departure will now be postponed until a new captain has been appointed.

During her stay in Liverpool the vessel has been visited by many experts in the art of naval construction and by thousands of the merely curious. She was especially designed to carry large cargoes of freight through the great lakes and across the Atlantic, thus doing away with the necessity for breaking bulk between Liverpool and western cities situated on the inland seas of America.

Her voyage from Duluth to Liverpool with a consignment of 95,000 bushels of grain was a successful one, and her officers declared that in heavy seas the steamer was much superior to the ordinary freight boats.

Port List.

ARRIVED.

Prop City of Mt Clemens, East Saginaw, 200 m lumber.
Tug Wm F McRae, Pt Edward, Hale in tow.
Schr Mineral State, Escanaba, 586 tons iron ore.
Schr W H Rounds, Buffalo, light.
Prop John C Gault, Buffalo, mdse.
Prop Majestic, Buffalo, light.
Str Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.

CLEARED

Stmr Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.
Schr Mary Birckhead, Bay City, 548 tons coal.
Schr R Hallaran, Fairport, 51,000 bu wheat.
Schr C C Barnes, Buffalo, 37,000 bu wheat.
Stmr Majestic, Buffalo, 8?,000 bu wheat.
Tug Wm F McRae, Pt Edward, schr Hale in tow.

Snags.

The schooner Halloran left yesterday.

The Marshall and Sawyer leave to-day with grain.

The steamer Lily arrived this morning with a load of salt.

The Wabash steamer John C. Gault arrived this morning.

The schooner Rounds was brought in light by the tug Butler to load grain.

The schooner St. Peter, grain laden, was towed out by the tug Alice yesterday.

The steamer Egyptian arrived this morning to load coal at the Ohio Central.

The steamer Wilson takes a party to Turtle Light to-night, where they will enjoy the beach and bathing.

Clarence N. Short has resigned his position as engineer on the tug Birckhead. George Binke is filling his place.

The steam yacht Grace, of Detroit, which has been cruising about Lake Erie, ran in to this harbor last evening. She left today for Detroit.

Fair progress is being made at raising the schooner Col. Cook, which sank at her dock at Marblehead a few weeks ago. She has been partially raised and is held afloat by lighters.

The steamer George Spencer and the schooner B. L. Pennington arrived yesterday afternoon to load coal. The former is at the Hocking dock and the latter at the Ohio Central.

John Lawlor, a dock laborer, while loading the Clover Leaf steamer Dean Richmond at their docks this morning, severely sprained his ankle. The patrol wagon was called, and he was taken to the central police station to be attended to.

ANTE MORTEM STATEMENTS.

Republican National Committee Meeting.

The Convention to be Held in May—General Business to be Transacted.

Washington, July 29.—The most important question to be decided by the executive committee of the national republican committee, which meets here this afternoon, will be the selection of the date when the national committee shall meet to fix the date and place of the national convention.

There is every probability that the date selected will be the latter part of October.

There is a rule of the national committee that its meeting to select the city in which the national convention shall be held must occur six months prior to the assembling of the convention. This would indicate, therefore, a very early convention next spring. Gen. Clarkson favors this action.

"All the sentiment that has been expressed to me," he said to a reporter, "is in favor of an early convention. I think it will be held in May. Ordinarily our conventions are held in June, but by meeting in May we avoid hot weather, and we have plenty of time in which to map out and prosecute an effective campaign. A convention as early as May is something of an innovation, but I think the committee favors it."

"Have you any idea what city will be selected?"

"It would be hard to prophesy on that point, for the final selection is made by the ballots of 48 men. Minneapolis is regarded just now with a great deal of favor if it can accommodate the crowds which always attend a convention. That, of course, is a very important matter. There are quite a number of cities anxious to have the honor. San Francisco has an earnest champion in Mr. De Young, and Omaha has already begun to press its claims. Besides these three cities, the convention is wanted also by Chicago, Cincinnati, Philadelphia and New York. When the national committee meets here next fall we will hear the usual argument and when we have reached a decision the chairman will issue the usual call."

Mr. Clarkson would not say anything to confirm or deny the statement that he is to succeed Senator Quay, but did say that there is a great deal of business for the chairman to attend to even in these dull summer months.

"The chairman," he said, "receives on an average 100 letters a day, all of which have to be answered and questions are constantly arising for his decisions, even when no campaign is in progress."

Senator Quay refused to talk about his reported resignation. "Whatever I may say," he says, "will be said to-day at the meeting of the committee, and whatever will be done will be done there."

The impression among the political gossips here is that Mr. Quay will tender his resignation, but that it will not be accepted. Secretary Fassett is outspoken in saying that he does not see why Mr. Quay should resign at the dictation of the opposition newspapers. Should Mr. Quay persist, however, in his desire to be relieved from the work and responsibility of chairman, the committee can only designate Mr. Clarkson, the vice chairman, to act until the session of the full committee is held. The executive committee has no authority to select a chairman.

Biliousness, constipation, torpid liver, piles, cured by Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills; 50 doses 25 cents. Samples free at druggists; by mail 25c. Miles Med. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

John Roland Reed Dead.

Philadelphia, July 29.—John Roland Reed, familiarly known as "Old Pop" Reed, and the father of Roland Reed, the widely known comedian, died at his residence in this city this morning after a long illness.

The English mind is not inventively active, while the American intellect is always looking for something new. It conceived and produced the famous Smokette cigar, a first-class 10-cent smoker that retails everywhere for a nickel.

F. C. Allen Dead.

Boston, July 29.—F. C. Allen, the famous publisher of Augusta, Me., died of pneumonia at the Parker house, this city, today. He was 42 years old.

Don't be discouraged about that eczema till you have given Ayer's Sarsaparilla a persistent trial. Six bottles of this medicine cured the complaint for George S. Thomas, of Ada, Ohio, when all other remedies failed to afford any relief.

Gold $3.17.

Buenos Ayres, July 29.—Gold is to-day quoted at $3.17 per cent premium.

IN RAILROAD CIRCLES.

Result of Committee Meetings Yesterday.

An Important Decision Relative to Transfer Tickets—Matters of Local and General Interest.

The regular monthly meeting of the passenger department of the Central Traffic association is being held at the Rushmere Club house, St. Clair Flats, Mich., to-day.

Some action will be taken on a desirable form of a limited local ticket. This form at present is unlimited, and the step is inaugurated to take the ticket out of scalpers' hands.

Rates will also be acted upon for party of 200 or more from Washington, D. C., to Detroit, Mich., to attend G. A. R. encampment, and Patriarchs' Militant encampment to be held at Presque Isle next month.

When rate on the certificate plan is authorized, the question whether part or lower rates should apply, will be decided upon.

An Important Decision.

The following circular from T. H. Goodman, general passenger agent of the Southern Pacific, was received by local general passenger agents to-day. The point made is of considerable importance:

To General Passenger and Ticket Agents:

On January 26, 1889, an unlimited first-class ticket of this company's issue was presented by Peter S. Peterson for his passage over this company's road from Sacramento, Cal., to Ogden, Utah.

The ticket was sold at Los Angeles, Cal., for New Orleans, La., on January 26, 1889, to one E. Winbaugh, who signed the contract thereof and used the ticket to Lathrop, en route for San Francisco, where he disposed of it to a scalper.

Mr. Peterson bought the ticket of the scalper, and when it was presented by him for passage on our train the original signature had been eraced and his own substituted. The conductor detected the fraud, and under our rules, and because the ticket had been transferred, declined to accept it for the passage of Mr. Peterson, who, refusing to pay fare, was ejected from the train. As a result, Mr. Peterson sued this company in the United States district court for $25,000 damages.

The case came up for trial April last before Judge Driggs, who directed the jury to find a verdict for the defendant on the ground that the seventh clause of the ticket read that it was "not transferable," and if presented by any person other than the original holder, the conductor would take it up and collect full fare.

A Rule That Should Be Enforced.

The Erie management has issued a private circular to its conductors, to impress them with the absolute necessity of rigidly enforcing the regulation requiring the rear brakeman to go back with a signal when the train stops between stations.

This rule is of vital importance, and if adhered too, the danger of accident would be lessened to a great extent and loss of life averted. All roads should be determined on the enforcement of this regulation.

Union Pacific Tactics.

An Omaha special says the Union Pacific road has already begun its bulldozing tactics towards the Rock Island and Milwaukee & St. Paul roads and have placed three locomotives on duty at the Council Bluffs transfer to guard the approaches and keep out the trains of the latter roads. It has also wrecked four cars at the South Omaha junction in order to keep the Rock Island out and keeps an engine patrolling the yards. All officials are very quiet, refusing to talk to reporters. The opposing attorneys in drawing up the decree have disagreed on two points. First, the Union Pacific wants a supersedeas bond to delay the execution of the contract until determined by the supreme court. This the opposing roads combat and ask that the decree become effective instanter. Second, the Rock Island and the Milwaukee ask that their trains be permitted to use the Union Pacific tracks under the rules and regulations governing Union Pacific trains until the operating officials can agree on joint rules. The Union Pacific ask that the joint rules be adopted first, as required by the contract. This would delay matters 30 days. The general opinion is the court will not allow a supersedeas bond but will allow 30 days in which to complete a set of joint rules.

The Committees Met.

Several committees of the freight department of the Central Traffic association were in session at the Boody house yesterday.

The lumber committee met but transacted no business. The meeting was held simply because the members happened to all be in the city.

The oil committee checked the rates on oil, and the same will be submitted to the Central Traffic association for indorsement.

The Toledo committees discussed a rate on wheat and flour to short points out of Toledo. The committees will meet again in a few days.

Cinders.

The railway clerks meet to-night.

Lew Giebertz, agent of the Wabash, at Attica, Ind., is in the city.

W. D. Holliday, general agent of the Big Four, is in the city to-day.

A. B. Hough, assistant general freight of the Big Four, is in the city.

President S. R. Calloway, of the Clover Leaf, returned from St. Louis yesterday.

The Clover Leaf makes a rate of $8 from St. Louis to Detroit. A big business is anticipated.

The earnings of the C. C. C. & St. L. for the third week in July were $263,402, an increase of $12,332.

W. S. Weed, general freight agent of the Clover Leaf, returned yesterday from an extensive trip through the east.

James M. Hall, general passenger agent of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, went to Detroit last evening to look after G. A. R. business.

E. L. Gates, general car accountant of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, went to Catawba island to-day, where he will spend the summer.

C. C. Jenkins, general passenger agent of the Clover Leaf, is out on the road making arrangements to take care of the G. A. R. business next week.

The proceedings of the meeting of the general passenger and ticket agents held at Chicago, July 7 and 8, was received by Toledo agents in book form to-day.

The passenger committee at its meeting yesterday afternoon fixed a rate of one fare for the round trip to the Patriarchs' militant encampment, to be held at Presque Isle next month. The association will act on the matter at St. Clair Flats to-day.

It Leads Them All.

The People's Loan Co. closes another highly successful year.

This company, which has had such a successful career, closes its fourth year's business on the 31st day of this month, and will show nearly three-quarters of a million dollars assets. Many people avail themselves of the opportunity to deposit during the last week of a half year in order to share in a dividend six months hence, which the company has always delighted its members with, at the rate of 8 per cent per annum. Secretary E. R. Hiett informed a BEE reporter to-day that the weekly receipts are nearly $23,000 and the directors will declare another dividend at the first meeting in August.

A Hotel In Trouble.

Portland, Me., July 29.—The City hotel, owned by E. C. Sweet, is financially embarrassed. A meeting of the creditors has been called. The cause of trouble Mr. Sweet says is the liquor law which is driving away trade from the house.

The Ruggedest Path in Life,

If it be but irradiated by good health, is shorn of half its distasteful features Hosts of distinguished men and women have uttered regrets for a past when young, full of vigor and hope, though battling with obstacles that seemed well nigh insurmountable, their pulses beat, their veins tingled with the glow of joyous health. Chronic invalids, would you once more feel that glow, would you—as of yore—sleep, eat, digest perfectly? Then use with persistence Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, foremost among tonics, most reliable of vitalizing medicines. Nervousness, dyspepsia, hypochondria, a loss of appetite and sleep, this grand reparative of a debilitated physique and impaired constitutional vigor speedily prevails against. Rheumatic and neuralgic ailments, malarial disorders, kidney troubles and the growing infirmities of age are successfully combatted by this benign specific.

DEATH.

Ex-Vice President Hamlin is Dead.

Dr. Clarke will be at Lake Side on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday the 15th, 16th and 17th, so his Health Parlors will be closed until 10 a m, Saturday, the 18th

Dr. Clark cures all forms of chronic diseases; also loss of manhood and special diseases of women.

Gonnorrhea and syphilis positively cured.

Office next to Hotel Hamilton, 419 Madison St

The Liebig COMPANY

Have for twenty-five years been putting up the famous product which stirred medical circles when first invented and given to the world by the renowned chemist, Justus von Liebig. Their

EXTRACT OF BEEF

is known around the world and has lately been carried into "Darkest Africa" by Stanley. It is unapproachable for purity, flavor and beneficial effects. As BEEF TEA, delicious and refreshing. Indispensable in Improved and Economic Cookery.

Genuine with Signature of Justus von Liebig J. v. Liebig

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE!

—BY—

I. H. DETWILER & CO.

IMPROVED PROPERTY.

$1,050..Tecumseh st, 2 story frame.
2,900..Oakwood ave near Shaw ave, 2 story frame.
1,800..Fourth st, East Toledo, 2 story frame house, 50 ft frontage.
1,700..Erie st near Chestnut, 1½ story frame.
1,100..Franklin ave near Cherry, 5 room cottage.
3,000..Bartlett st near Collingwood, modern frame, large lot.
1,300..New house, Michigan st near Buckeye.
2,000...Cherry st, East Toledo, large frame house.
1,200..New cottage, Dorr st near Hawthorn.
1,275..Lorain near Broadway, cottage.
1,250..Six room cottage, new, Missouri st.
1,250..Bloomfield st near Union depot.
4,500..Collingwood ave near Bartlett, modern and new dwelling.
1,325..Brick cottage, Ontario st near Bush.
1,250..Washington st near Forest ave, new cottage.
16,000..Jefferson st near 17th, modern dwelling, large yard.
1,275..Frame dwelling, Wakeman st near Oak.
800..Dexter st near Lagrange, 5 room cottage.
5,500..Large modern dwelling, 21s st near Monroe.
875..Bancroft st near railroad, 5 room cottage.
5,000..21st st near Jefferson, large, modern 2 story frame.
4,000 ..Large modern dwelling, Huron st near Elm.
1,000..Cottage, Moore st near Chestnut.
1,250..Sherman st near Elm, cottage.
7,500..Modern 12 room dwelling, Vermont ave
700..1½ story frame dwelling on Seaman st.
750..Charles st near Curtis, cottage.
850..Ewing st near Blume, cottage.
2,200..Wade st near Union depot, cottage.
750..Brown st, East Toledo, cottage.
800..Orchard st near Hawley, cottage.
1,800..Congress st cor Orchard, 2 story frame.
1,275..13th st near Illinois, 2 story frame.
900..Cottage, Indiana ave near Clark st.
2,500..Missouri st near Lenk, two cottages, 80 feet frontage.

VACANT PROPERTY.

6 00 per ft..Bartlett st near fair grounds.
20 00 " ..Erie st near Ash.
15 00 " ..Dorr st near Detroit ave.
20 00 " ..Bartlett near Shaw ave.
40 00 " ..Collingwood near Washington.
25 00 " ..Robinwood ave near Virginia st.
18 50 " ..Maplewood ave near Virginia.
18 00 " ..Erie near Stickney ave.
10 00 " ..Cherry st, East Toledo, 40 feet.
10 00 " ..Oakwood ave near Detroit ave.
25 00 " " " Shaw ave.
57 50 " ..11th st near Monroe.
25 00 " ..Jefferson st near 10th.
28 00 " ..14th st near Madison.
35 00 " ..Broadway cor Thayer, 44 feet.
575 00 " ..Monroe st near Huron, with frame building.
10 00 " ..Germania st near Hawley.
30 00 " ..Smith st near Union, 50 feet.
12 00 " ..Hick st near Forest ave, 30 feet.
22 50 " ..Vermont ave near Bancroft.
25 00 " ..Franklin ave near Bancroft.
15 00 " ..Indiana ave near Lenk.

We build Houses, buy, sell and exchange Property, and lend money. See us if we can save you money in these lines,

I. H. Detwiler & Co.,

Cor. Summit and Jefferson Sts.

Lots on Maplewood Avenue

30 Ft. Frontage, $175.

Lots on Glenwood Avenue

30 Ft. Frontage, $300.

CALL AT ONCE.

CUSHING'S

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

612 Madison St.

GOLD IN IT { TIMBER AND COAL!

Ten thousand acres West Virginia timber and coal land for sale or exchange, for Toledo city property. Abstracts furnished.

Address,
THE MINNIS REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, MONROE, MICH.

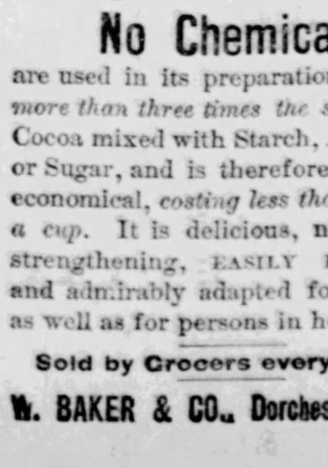
Robt. McCaskey Real Estate

Office, room 1, Anderson Block, Summit st., near Madison, where I will be able to furnish the best of bargains and most favorable terms to my old customers and as many new ones as wish to get homes or make investments before buying elsewhere. Call and see me. ROBT. McCASKEY

FOR LALE—

Double house and lot on Western ave, $2,500.
Cottage on South st, lot 40x215, $1,500.
Building lot on Hicks st, 30x140, $650.
House and lot on Ontario st, near Ash, $1,300.
House and lot on Orange st, near Erie, $3,000.
Handsome building lots on South st, $400.
DECLAN ALLEN'S SONS.
Real Estate and Fire Insurance, 620½ Adams Street.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.



W. BAKER & Co.'S

Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup*. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

No Money Required of Responsible Parties to Commence Treatment.

DR. FRANCE,

Formerly of New York, now the Celebrated Examining Physician of THE FRANCE MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE, Columbus, Ohio, by request of many friends and patients, has decided to visit

TOLEDO, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 5.

Consultation and examination free and strictly confidential in the private parlor of the BURNETT HOUSE—ONE DAY ONLY. The France Medical and Surgical Institute of Columbus, Ohio, the only Medical Institute in the State incorporated with a capital of $300,000.

FRANCE MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE,

38 & 40 W. Gay St., one block N. of State House, Columbus, O. Incorporated, 1886. Capital, $300,000.

DRS. FRANCE AND OTTMAN, of New York, the well known and successful Specialists in Chronic Diseases and Diseases of the Eye and Ear, on account of their large practice in Ohio, have established the FRANCE MEDICAL INSTITUTE, where all forms of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases will be successfully treated on the most Scientific principles. They are ably assisted by a full corps of eminent Physicians and Surgeons, each one being a well known specialist in his profession

CANCER positively cured without pain or use of the knife, by a new method.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—DR. FRANCE, after years of experience, has discovered the greatest cure known for all diseases peculiar to the sex. Female diseases positively cured by the new remedy, OLIVE BLOSSOM. The cure is effected by home treatment. Entirely harmless and easily applied. Consultation Free and Strictly Confidential. Correspondence promptly answered.

YOUNG MEN—Who have become victims of solitary vice, that dreadful and destructive habit, which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of exalted talent and brilliant intellect, may call with confidence.

DRS. FRANCE AND OTTMAN, after years of experience, have discovered the greatest cure known for weakness in the back and limbs, involuntary discharges, impotency, general debility, nervousness, langour, confusion of ideas, palpitation of the heart, timidity, trembling, dimness of sight, or giddiness, diseases of the head, throat, nose, or skin, affections of the liver, lungs, stomach, or bowels—those terrible disorders arising from the solitary vice of youth—and secret practices, blighting their most radiant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage impossible. Take one candid thought before it is too late. A week or month may place your case beyond the reach of hope. Our method of treatment will speedily and permanently cure the most obstinate case, and absolutely restore perfect manhood.

TO MIDDLE-AGED MEN.—There are many from the age of 30 to 60 who are troubled with frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight burning or smarting sensation, weakening the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examination of the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will be found, or the color will be a thin or milkish hue. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is a second stage of seminal weakness. We will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and a healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.—We have a special department, thoroughly organized, and devoted exclusively to the treatment of diseases of women. Every case consulting our specialists, whether by letter or in person, is given the most careful and considerate attention. Important cases (and we get few which have not baffled the skill of all the home physicians) have the benefit of a full council of skilled specialists. In treatment of diseases peculiar to females, our success has been marked, over two-thirds of our patients being ladies, old, young, married, single, rich and poor. Our method is entirely free from objectionable features of the general practitioner, namely, "Local treatment." We seldom find it necessary. We prepare remedies, constitutional and local, as the case demands, and instruct ladies how to treat themselves.

MARRIAGE.—Married persons, or young men contemplating marriage, aware of physical weakness, loss of procreative powers, impotency, or any other disqualification, speedily restored.

PRIVATE DISEASES.—Blood Poison, Venereal Taint, Gleet, Stricture, Seminal Emissions, Loss of Sexual Power, Weakness of Sexual Organs, Want of Desire in Male or Female, whether from imprudent habits of youth or sexual habits of mature years, or any cause that debilitates the sexual functions, speedily and permanently cured. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Absolute cures guaranteed. Medicines sent free from observation to all parts of the United States.

EPILEPSY, OR FITS—Positively cured by a new and never-failing method. Testimonials furnished.

FREE EXAMINATION OF THE URINE.—Each person applying for medical treatment should send or bring from 2 to 4 ounces of urine (that passed first in the morning preferred), which will receive a careful chemical and microscopical examination, and if requested a written analysis will be given.

Persons ruined in health by unlearned pretenders, who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should apply immediately. Delays are dangerous.

WONDERFUL CURES Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but where possible, personal consultation is preferred. Curable cases guaranteed. No risks incurred.

Cases and correspondence confidential. Treatment sent C. O. D. to any part of U. S. List of 130 questions free. Address, with postage, DR. FRANCE, Nos. 38 and 40 W. Gay St., Columbus, O.

The Five Burner NEW LYMAN

The Finest Vapor Stove Manufactured.

A Single Generator and Turn Down Tank. This Stove cannot be filled while Burning, and is therefore Absolutely Safe.

PRICE,

Including Russia Iron low down double Oven,

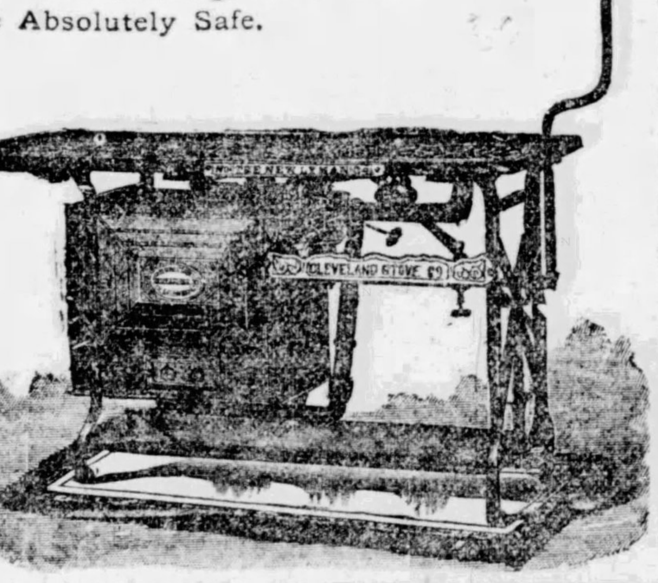
$18.00

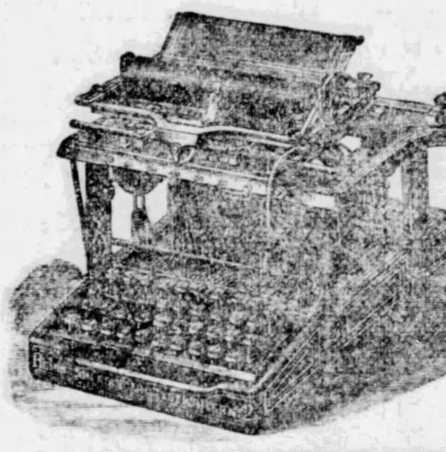
The Regular Price is $23.00.

Call and See It.

E. A. EVERSMAN,

Cor. Broadway and Logan Sts.





TYPEWRITERS FOR RENT.

Remington, Yost, Hammond, Munson, Caligraph, &c. For Rent.

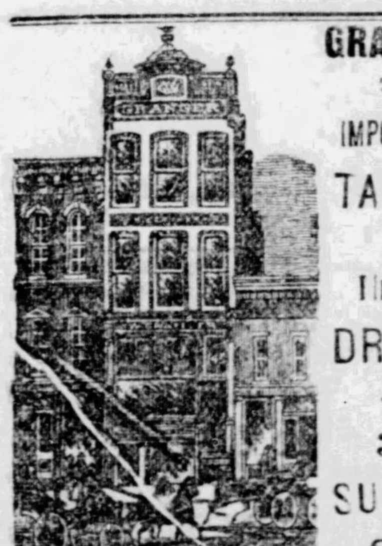
REMINGTONS FOR SALE!

TYPEWRITER SUPPLIES.

C. W. MUNSON,

336 Summit St. Transfer Building

PHONE 700



GRANGER THE IMPORTING TAILOR AND Fine Woolen DRAPER

305 SUMMIT ST.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO THE ATLANTIC PANTS CO.,

344 SUMMIT STREET,

TOLEDO, O.

City Auditor's Office.

TOLEDO, O., July 28, 1891.

THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS of the Common Council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned, invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, AUGUST 31, 1891,

at 7 o'clock p. m. for the purchase of street improvement bonds, to the amount of Fourteen Thousand Seven Hundred and Twenty-nine 56-100 (14,729 56-100) dollars, bearing date Aug. 17, 1891, and payable as follows: Twelve Hundred and Twenty-nine 56-100 ($1,229 56-100) dollars on Feb. 17, 1892, and Fifteen Hundred dollars at the expiration of every six months thereafter, to and including Aug. 17, 1896. At the office of the City Treasurer, with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place as evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said improvement bonds are issued pursuant to section 2704 to 2707 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Ohio, and also under an ordinance of the common council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, "To provide for the issue of improvement bonds to pay the cost and expense of the improvement of Superior street, from Cherry street to Elm street"—passed July 20, 1891.

The denomination of these bonds will be first payment one bond of 1,229 56, and thereafter three of $500 each payment.

The said bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, to the highest bidder.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the Bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the Bonds so bid for as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the law and ordinances. When the bids have been examined and the award made according to law, all moneys or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the City Auditor subject to his call, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered and accepted as part payment of the Bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the Bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Toledo, and shall become the property of said city in compensation for loss and expenses attending the the sale of said bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to the "Auditor of the City of Toledo, Ohio," and be indorsed "Proposals for General Street Improvement Bonds."

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

pub wed jy 29, aug 5, 12, 19, last 26

TRAVELER'S REGISTER

Corrected by William Gates, Boody House Ticket office.

All trains run on Central Standard time which is 28 minutes slower than City time.

Trains marked * (star) daily. Trains marked † daily except Sunday. Trains marked ‡ daily except Saturday.

From Pennsylvania Station

PENNSYLVANIA LINES.

Summit, Chestnut and Mulberry sts.

Depart for Pittsburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, New York } Atlantic Express, 7 20 a m. Day Express, 2 25 p m. Fast Line, *9 p m.
Arrive Toledo, 9 15 a m. 5 10 p m and *11 25 p m

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE

UNION DEPOT.

ARRIVE. NORWALK DIVISION—EAST. DEPART
*7 35 a m. Boston & Chicago Special.
1 45 a m. Boston & Chicago Accom... *5 20 p m
*4 50 p m..........Fast Mail......... *2 55 p m
*10 55 p m.....New York Express.... *9 35 a m
*1 11 a m......Chicago Mail.........
5 25 p m...Buffalo Accomidation.. 6 10 a m
2 40 p m..Norwalk Accommodation.. 3 40 p m

SANDUSKY DIVISION—EAST.
....Boston & N Y Special ... *5 00 p m
*2 25 a m..New York & Chicago Lim..*11 55 p m
*7 15 p m..Chicago & New York Ex..*10 30 p m
1 25 a m. Buffalo & Chicago Accom. 5 10 p m
......Atlantic Express...... *4 00 a m
7 45 p m ......Accommodation ...... 5 30 a m

OLD ROAD—WEST.
.Boston & Chicago Special. *7 40 a m
*10 25 p m..Fast N Y & Boston Ex..
*1 50 p m.........Fast Mail..........
*1 10 a m...Bost & Chicago Accom... *7 50 p m
5 40 p m..Michigan Accomodation.. 9 30 a m

AIR LINE DIVISION—WEST.
2 55 p m.Chicago & Boston Special.
4 45 a m.....Atlantic Express......
1 50 p m.New York & Chicago Lim. *3 30 a m
....Chicago Fast Mail.... *3 10 a m
......Chicago Express ..... *2 00 p m
........Pacific Express......*11 05 p m
4 45 p m. Buffalo & Chicago Accom. 10 05 a m
7 10 a m.Kendallville Accomodat'n. 6 00 p m

JACKSON BRANCH
9 25 a m...........Express .... 9 30 a m
5 40 p m...........Express .... 7 50 p m

LANSING BRANCH.
5 10 p m............Express........... 9 50 a m
10 25 p m............Express...........

KALAMAZOO & GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.
5 50 p m............Express............ 11 05 p m
10 25 p m............Express............ 9 30 a m

DETROIT BRANCH.
9 25 a m............Express .... 7 40 a m
5 42 p m............Express .... 10 10 a m
1 20 p m............Express .... 4 05 p m

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON
Union Depot.
*1 00 a m....Cin & Ind Express.... 10 15 a m
4 00 p m....Cin & Ind Express.... *3 30 p m
1 00 p m....Cin & Ind Express....*11 40 p m
10 25 a m....Cincinnati Express.... 6 45 a m
1 40 a m....Cincinnati Express, Sundays only.
8 00 a m Findlay & B Green Express 6 45 a m
5 00 p m Findlay & B Green Express 3 30 p m
1 00 a m Findlay & B Green Express 6 05 p m
11 25 a m Findlay & B Green Express 10 15 a m
Through solid trains between Toledo and Findlay. Through cars between Toledo, Bowling Green and North Baltimore.

WABASH RAILWAY.
UNION DEPOT.
*7 15 p m ......Pacific Express........*12 10 a m
4 35 p m....Kansas City Express.... 10 30 a m
*7 50 a m......St Louis Express...... *5 30 p m
1 00 a m......Defiance Accom ...... 4 45 p m

MICHIGAN CENTRAL.
7 20 p m.....Mackinac & Det Ex..... 4 10 p m
*7 00 a m.....N Y & Boston Express.. *7 45 a m
*1 20 p m .....New York Express..... *9 05 p m
*3 20 p m ....Detroit Express...... *5 05 a m

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.
1 25 p m..Pitts, Steubville & Mar Ex.. 7 40 a m
1 00 p m.....Through Express...... 1 00 p m
*1 40 a m....Cleveland & N Y Ex.... 4 50 p m
4 10 p m.........Mixed Local........ 6 45 a m
......Mixed Oak Harbor...... *7 45 p m
......Orrville Ex, Sunday only.. 5 40 p m

TOLEDO, ANN ARBOR & NORTH MICHIGAN
11 15 p m.......Cadillac Mail........ 6 00 a m
1 10 p m.......Clare Express......... 10 00 a m
7 30 a m.....Mt Pleasant Express..... 3 20 p m

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & KANSAS CITY.
Union Depot.
7 50 p m...St Louis Day Express.... 6 25 a m
*1 20 a m...St Louis Night Express .. *5 25 p m
7 30 a m.......Delphos Pass........ 4 30 p m

CINCINNATI, JACKSON & MACKINAW.
1 10 p m....Chicago & Toledo Ex.... 6 30 p m
*8 25 p m.....Mail and Express...... *7 35 a m
1 10 p m..........Local .... 6 10 a m
*Daily except Sunday. On Sunday these trains will run between Toledo and Addison

COLUMBUS, HOCKING VALLEY & TOLEDO
Buckeye Route.
*7 15 a m.....Columbus Express...... *6 30 a m
2 20 p m Ohio River Mail & Express 10 35 a m
*8 20 p m.....Columbus Express...... *5 20 p m

TOLEDO, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI RY.
Depot, Bridge Street, East Toledo.
1 10 a m Findlay & Kenton Express 7 20 a m
8 25 p m Findlay & B Green Express 10 30 a m
6 40 p m Findlay & Kenton Express 4 20 p m
9 10 a m Find & Kenton Ex Sunday 6 00 p m

TOLEDO & OHIO CENTRAL RY.
Depot, Bridge Street, East Toledo.
5 20 p m...Columbus & Corning Ex.... 10 20 a m
1 10 a m.......Bucyrus Express....... 5 30 p m

FLINT & PERE MARQUETTE R. R.
TIME TABLE:
Arrive *8:55 a m. Depart *12:10 a m
4:08 p m. " 12:00 noon
Trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

D&C MACKINAC TOURS!

PETOSKEY SOO LAKE SUPERIOR

By Palace Side-Wheel Steamers of the

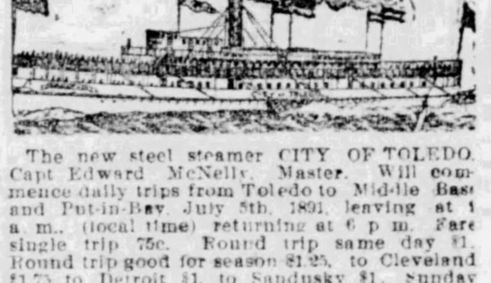
DETROIT & CLEVELAND STEAM NAV. CO.

Via Steamer Idlewild to Detroit.

The Best and Quickest Service at Lowest Rates.

A. A. SCHANTZ, A.G.P.A. WM. GATES, Agt. Detroit. Boody House.

FOR PUT-IN-BAY.



The new steel steamer CITY OF TOLEDO, Capt Edward McNelly, Master. Will commence daily trips from Toledo to Middle Bass and Put-in-Bay, July 5th, 1891, leaving at 8 a. m. (local time) returning at 6 p. m. Fare single trip 75c. Round trip same day $1. Round trip good for season $1.25, to Cleveland $1.75, to Detroit $1, to Sandusky $1. Sunday excursions 50c. Arrangements for excursions can be made by applying on board or at office foot of Monroe street. Connect at Put-in-Bay with steamers for Detroit, Cleveland and Sandusky. Eugene Knight, Agent, foot of Monroe street. Calvin Cone General Manager.

Presque Isle Time Table

STEAMERS PASTIME AND EVENING STAR.

Leave Toledo.		Leave Presque Isle.
10 a m		10:45 a m
12 m		12:45 p m
2:00 p m	Band	2:30 p m
3:30 p m	Concert	4:15 p m
5:15 Supper Boat		7 p m
8:30 Dancing		10:30 p m

Sunday boats leave every hour. Commencing 10 a m. F. N. QUALE, Manager.

GRUMMOND'S MACKINAC LINE

Passenger Steamer every Tuesday at 8 a. m., for Mackinac, Alpena, Oscoda and Lake Huron way ports. S. B. Grummond, *Owner and Gen'l Mgr.* Detroit, Mich. F. N. Quale, *Agt.*, Toledo

TIME CARD.

Str. C. B. Wallace

Formerly J V Lutts.

Will leave foot of Monroe St. as follows:

Leave Toledo	Leave Maumee and Perrysburg.
10:15 a m	7:15 a m
3:00 p m	12:15 p m
6:20 p m	5:00 p m

Moonlight ride and free dancing every Sunday night with Eagle brass band. Leaves Toledo 6:20 p. m. Leaves Perrysburg 8 p. m.

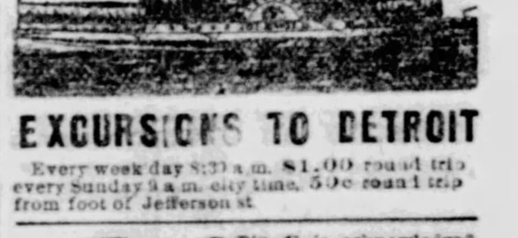
STEAMSHIP AGENCY!

Tickets and staterooms on all lines of lake and ocean steamers. For diagrams, circulars, etc., apply to Gates ticket office, Boody house, Toledo

LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSIT CO.

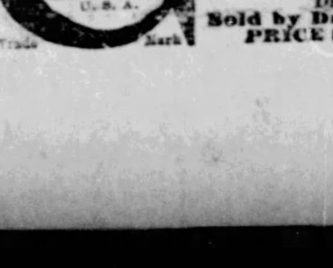
For stateroom berths and all information, address, T. H. Barkdull, Pass'gr Agt., 244 St. Clair st., Toledo, O.

Str. Idlewild



EXCURSIONS TO DETROIT

Every week day 8:30 a. m. $1.00 round trip every Sunday 9 a. m. city time, 50c round trip from foot of Jefferson st.



Big G is acknowledged the leading remedy for Gonorrhoea & Gleet. The only safe remedy for Leucorrhoea or Whites. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers. A. J. STONER, M. D., DECATUR, ILL. Sold by Druggists. PRICE $1.00.

The Bee.

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of THE BEE, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes.

Advertisements of Wants, For Rent, For Sale, Lost, Found, etc., not exceeding four lines (28 words), will be inserted in these columns for 50 cents a week, two weeks $1; one month $2. For one insertion 20 cents, two times 30 cents, three times 30 cents, and four times 40 cents will be charged. Over four lines at proportionate rates, payable in advance. Parties desiring situations will be given three insertions free.

No credit is allowed for advertisements ordered in for a certain number of times and stopped before expiration.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head: Once, 20cts; Three times, 40cts; Six times 60cts.

BARBER—White, at once; must be first-class, single, sober man; no Sunday work; $12 week; steady job to the right man. Post-office box 854, Defiance, O. 29jy6p

CUTTERS WANTED—The A D Rude New Method of Cutting will produce bright, well fitting, stylish garments without a try-on. Taught only at Cleveland Cutting School, Cleveland, O. 29jy4

WANTED—Four young men to work on trains, Penn depot. Inquire of Union News. 28jy2

WANTED—Laborers—Pipe layers and caulkers on city pipe line, wages $1.50 to $2.50 per day. Apply room 5, 2d floor Lenk block, corner Monroe and Summit, Toledo, O. Kerlin Bros, contractors. 28jy12

WIRE WORKERS—Wanted 3 experienced wire workers at the American Brass and Metal Works, Detroit, Mich. 21jy-tf

WANTED—Salesmen — Permanent paying positions for intelligent workers; write at once. Ellwanger & Barry, Mt Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N Y. jy22toaug13p

SALESMEN WANTED—To sell goods to merchants by sample; big pay for workers; new goods; permanent situation; chance to build a fine trade. Model Mfg Co, South Bend, Ind. 18jy1mp

WANTED—For the United States army able-bodied, unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35 years; good pay, rations, clothing and medical attendance; applicants must be prepared to furnish satisfactory evidence as to age, character and habits. Apply at 4th floor, Bass block, Calhoun st, Ft Wayne, Ind. 3jly6m

FEMALE HELP WANTED

DINING room girls wanted at Hotel Jefferson; only those with experience need apply. 29jy2

WANTED—Ladies who will do writing for me at their own home; will guarantee good wages. Address with self-addressed stamped envelope, Miss Edna L Smythe, South Bend, Ind, proprietor of the famous Gloria Water for the complexion. 29jy2wed2sat

WANTED—Immediately at 1715 Adams st, corner 18th, girl for general housework; must be a good cook. 29jy4

WANTED—Immediately, 2 married ladies to canvass city or towns for Dr W S Springstein's Mountain Rose, an unrivalled tonic treatment for all diseases peculiar to women; percentage No 1. For particulars address Mrs L A V Lock Box 377, Toledo, O, or call in person at 832 Ontario st, near Locust st. p

GIRL—Wanted, a nurse girl at Hotel Madison. 28jy2p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, good girl for general housework, 2105 Putnam st, corner Floyd st. 28jy6p

WANTED—Competent girl at 123 21st st, between Monroe and Jefferson; small family, modern conveniences, liberal wages; reference required. Mrs Geo K Detwiler. 23jy-tf

WANTED—Three first-class dining room girls at once; will pay $16 per month. Fountain hotel, Mt. Clemens, Mich. 15jy2wsp

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 932 Huron st, corner Lagrange. 9june-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Centrally located room for single gentleman; modern conveniences. Address C 42, Bee office. 29jy2p

GENTLEMEN owning horses that are sore with galls call on Mr Lock Barrett, 811 Erie st, for a bottle of medicine; one bottle will cure the worst sores in four days; you can work every day. $1 per bottle at Dr Allen's drug store, cor Cherry and Huron sts. 25jy6p

A C OTTO, 731 Monroe st, near Ontario, makes models and all kinds of light mechanical work; special attention to repairs on sewing machines, bicycles, lawn mowers, gasoline stoves, clothes wringers, scales, guns, etc. 25jy3w

MARENGO GROVE—Picnic parties will find covered wagon at Broadway street car barns; make arrangements by calling phone 1110; fare round trip 15 cents. 22jy1m

DR. MINGOS has returned to Toledo and permanently located at the corner of Summit and Oak sts; will attend all calls; special attention to chronic diseases and female troubles; consultation free. 2jy1mp

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? If you do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7apr1yr

WANTED—The people to know that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry st. 31janly

GEORGE W. MERRILL, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 25 Law building, corner Superior and Madison sts. jan12tf

CISTERNS of all sizes in stock or made to order, delivered in any part of city; will set in position if desired. Phone 831. The Merrell Manufacturing Co., Curtis st. 2maviy

FOR RENT ROOMS.

STORE ROOM—For rent, on Knapp st, near Union depot, 16 by 50 feet, with good dry basement, same size; $200 per year. Inquire of R. G. Fulton, Oliver house. 28jy3p

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms for housekeeping; also sleeping rooms at 132 Erie and 428 Superior sts; cheap to right parties. 27jy3p

FOR RENT—Choice of two very nice suite of rooms, furnished or unfurnished; baths and all conveniences; meals with private family if desired; references. Dr. E., 411 Superior st., 8 to 9 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. 27jy6p

FOR RENT—A very comfortable, nice sleeping room, for one or two gentlemen; house is first-class with every modern convenience; only neat reliable gentlemen wanted. 224 Huron st. 25jy6p

FOR RENT—Unfurnished rooms for housekeeping, with kitchen. Call at 712 Madison st. 25jy6p

FOR RENT—Store room, cellar and dwelling above, No 605 Cherry st, Eppstein block, fitted up for a saloon; none but good parties need apply. Inquire of M M Eppstein, Finlay's brewery, or H Weitzel, Secor block, cor Superior and Monroe sts. 20jy11

FOR RENT—Several suits of rooms in the Eppstein block, Cherry st; modern improvements. Inquire of M M Eppstein, at Finlay's brewery, or H Weitzel, Secor block, cor Superior and Monroe sts. 20jy11

WANTED AGENTS.

WE offer agents big money, in exclusive territory. Our new patent Safes, sell a sight in city or country. New agents first in field actually getting rich. One agent in one day cleared $86. So can you. Catalogue free. Alpine Safe Co., No 363-371, Clark St., Cincinnati, O. 27jne-w&sat-3mo

WANTED—Our agents make $100 to $300 a month selling our goods on their merits; want country and general agents, and will take back all goods unsold if a county agent fails to clear $100 and expenses after a 30 days' trial, or a general agent less than $250; we will send large illustrated circulars and letter with a special offer to suit territory applied for, on receipt of three 1 cent stamps. Apply at once and get in on the boom. Address Renner Manufacturing Company, Pittsburg, Pa. 11jy3m

FOR RENT—HOUSE.

FOR RENT—A new stone house just completed, with all modern improvements, on Dorr st near Lenk st. Inquire at 621 Dorr st or at Frank Forbes', 42 Market Space. 29jy6p

FOR RENT—House of 9 rooms, bath and closets, hot and cold water, natural and artificial gas; best neighborhood in city; $30. Address 2104 Jefferson st. 27jy-tf

HOUSE—For rent a house of 12 rooms with all the modern improvements, including natural gas, at 1225 Superior st; splendid neighborhood, convenient to business. Apply to V. W. Granger, 305 Summit st. 4apr-tf

LOST AND FOUND.

PURSE—Lost, July 24, p m. on Pastime, a checkered purse containing little over $8. Finder rewarded by leaving same at 1227 Monroe st. 28jy2p

DOG—Lost, brown and white pointer with leather collar. Return to 923 Erie st and get liberal reward. 27jy3p

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—On household goods pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, room 14 Worthington block, Adams and Superior sts. 16mayif

FOR SALE OR RENT

FOR SALE OR RENT—Four handsome new cottages, 6 rooms each, with modern improvements, on Starr ave, E T. Inquire of S Fran scul at Lasalle & Koch's. 29jy6p

WANTED—TO RENT.

HOTEL—Wanted to rent, hotel or boarding house; will buy furniture, etc. Address P O Box 17, Hoytville, O. 20jy2w-p

LOST OR STRAYED.

LOST OR STRAYED—A small speckled cow, red and white. Finder will please return to 1014 Elm st and receive reward. 29jy2p

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For city property, a 30 acre farm just outside the corporation under the influence of the lake air and well adapted for truck gardening and fruit. George E Pomeroy & Son, 414 Madison av. 9jy1m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A one-seat phaeton, only been used two months. 324 Summit st, upstairs. 29jy6p

FOR SALE—New restaurant and outfit in Toledo doing good business; will sell cheap for cash account; good thing for right party. Address C 41, Bee office. 28jy2p

FOR SALE—At once, gentle 6 year old bay horse, sound, weight about 1,250; price $180. Call at John Rapparlie's boarding stable, cor St Clair and Williams st. 27jy6p

BUGGY—For sale, a good, strong, double-seated top buggy and single harness, cheap. 19 East Bancroft. 27july6p

FOR SALE—Saloon and fixtures, corner Cherry st and Woodruff ave, opposite Wheeling & Lake Erie depot; reasons for selling. Address Pete Miller, 1101 Cherry st, Toledo, O. 27jujy3p

FOR SALE—New two-story frame house of 7 rooms on Missouri st near Ewing st; neighborhood good; surroundings first class; will sell on monthly payments; get our prices. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On Indiana ave near Miller st, a new residence, never been occupied; well arranged and well built; sewerage in; electric car past the door. Call for prices on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—For $1,250, house on Curtis st near Miller st, newly built and conveniently arranged. Will sell on small down payment and balance monthly. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—5-room cottage on Anna st near Curtis st, at reasonable figure; lot 30x124 with alley in rear. See us for prices. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—$950 on monthly payments will buy a very desirable cottage on South st on lot 30x122; two lines of electric cars convenient; neighborhood good. For particulars see Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Cottage on Walbridge ave with barn, well and cistern; lot 40x147. Will sell at reasonable price on long time and monthly payments. Get our figures. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Well built cottage on Gordon st near Daniels st; 5 rooms and barn; lot 40x150. Will sell on monthly payments at reasonable figures. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Cottage on Knower st near Maumee ave; 6 rooms; everything in first class condition; lot 40 feet front; price $1,6 0. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On Orchard st near Stebbins st, cottage of 5 rooms, well arranged; will sell at reasonable price; good place for investment or for home at low figure. For particulars see Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Desirable house on Western ave near Daniels st, 2-story frame of 6 rooms; good well and cistern, fruit and shade trees. Will sell on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Cottage at Air Line Junction for $1,250; well built; 6 rooms; neighborhood good; electric cars and railroad station convenient. For particulars see Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—2-story frame residence on Gibbons st, Air Line Junction, just completed; location desirable; lot 30 feet front. Will sell reasonable figure on long time. Call for prices. Irving B Hiett & Co

FOR SALE—New house on Western ave near Swan creek, 7 rooms; well built and desirable place for residence. Will sell at remarkably low price. See Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—House on Prouty ave for $950; everything new and desirable; lot 30x145, with alley in rear. Will sell on monthly payments if desired. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Good house on Boyd st, 6 rooms, new; street cars convenient; price reasonable. If you want 5th or 9th ward homes see Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—5-room cottage on Hiett ave near Walbridge ave; house in good condition; will sell cheap on monthly payments; lot large; can sell frontage to suit. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—New cottage on Park st near Boyd st, 5 rooms, nicely arranged, convenient for men employed by railroads or lumber yards of 5th and 9th wards. Price $900. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—House on Western ave near Miller st, 7 rooms, new; stores and schools convenient; electric car past the property. Will sell at reasonable figure. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Horse, cart and harness, or will sell horse separately. Can be seen at 1204 Washington st. 25jy6p

FOR SALE—Grocery store doing a good business and located in one of the best parts of the city; not over $800 or $900 cash needed. Address C 36, Bee office. 24jyif

FOR SALE—20 acres of land, 3 miles west of Monclova, and 5 miles east of Swanton, unimproved; will sell the same for $250 on liberal terms. Address Danl Utley, Toledo, O. 25jy6p

FOR SALE—House and lot, two story frame, 7 rooms, large summer kitchen, natural gas, barn, rents for $8; very cheap, two minutes' walk from electric car. Apply 1231, cor Fort and Dawson sts, Southeast Toledo. 24jy6p

FOR SALE—Two-seat surrey, extension top buggy; price $125; good as new; can be seen at Geo Kapp's, 336 West Woodruff ave. 22jy6

FOR SALE OR RENT—The stone building recently occupied by Byrul & Merick as a furniture, planing and jobbing establishment; the building is eighty (80) by seventy-three (73) feet, 3 stories in height with cellars, situate on Water st, Sandusky, in the center of the city; there are three railroads passing at the rear of the building, one within 10 feet; there is also an engine of 100 horse power, with a new steel boiler and planing machine matcher, resawing, moulding, ripping and cross-cutting off machine, all in good order for business manufacturing; the owner is going out of business; the property will be sold at a sacrifice or rented to a good tenant. James D Lea. Sandusky, June 5, 1891. 16je6w

PROPERTY—For sale, house and lot on Walbridge ave, $3,500; house and lot on Washington st $2,500; 73 ft on Collingwood, near Delaware ave, at $40; 100 ft on Robinwood, near Bancroft at $30; house and lot on Lee st, 9th ward, $1,400; 3 new cottages now being built on East Broadway for $1,000 each; small down payments, balance monthly. Irving & Russell, 16 Produce Exchange. 28augtf

LOT—For sale a beautiful lot 50x211. Call at 518 Adams street. 21mar-tf

WANTED—SITUATION.

A YOUNG MARRIED MAN would like to get good steady work; can do plumbing or gas fitting. Address or call at room 11 Evoy block, second floor. 28jy3

WANTED—Situation, by lady, as cook or chambermaid, or work of any kind to do. Address Mrs Lauch, room 11, Evoy block, cor St Clair and Lafayette sts. 28jy3

WASHING done at home. Call 656 Indiana ave. 28jy3

SITUATION—Wanted as delivery clerk or private coachman. Address C 39, Bee office. 27jy3

COOK—(Male) wants situation in hotel or restaurant; first-class; have best of recommendations. Address Cook, P O box 452, Toledo. 25jy6p

WANTED—Situation as casher, stenographer, typewriter or copyist, by a well educated young lady; best of reference if necessary. Address C 35, Bee office. 24jy9

DEBTOR AND CREDITOR.

Student A.—How you can be so indifferent with all your debts is past my comprehension! Can you sleep nights?

Student B.—Sleep! Like a top! But how my creditors can manage to sleep is something that I can't understand!—Fliegende Blaetter.

CITY NEWS.

Use Seyfang's New Process bread.

Volunteer post to-night at Pythian castle.

Matrimonial market is duller than for some time.

Infirmary directors are out in the country to-day.

Iron ore is piled mountain high on the lower town docks.

Work will begin on the Irving street improvement to-morrow.

Insurance has been adjusted on the losses sustained in the Bronson block fire of Sunday.

The Third Street M. E. church, East Toledo, is holding a picnic at Presque Isle today.

Garden party at the residence of Mrs. Frank H. Tanner, lower Huron street, to-night.

Mrs. M. Connell, of Segur avenue, will entertain the Immaculate Conception mite society this evening.

Ex-pupils of the Xenia home, of whom there are several in Toledo, will reune at the school next week, for two or three days.

Thus far the streets, sidewalks, fire and police committees have been called for to-morrow night's matinee at the city building.

Several firms about the city now close on Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Only two establishments were in at the start, July 1.

Street Commissioner Bowers' force is being paid off to-day at the city auditor's office.

Police committee meets to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Central station, and in the evening at the council chamber.

Railway Clerks' association meets this evening at Friendship hall.

The Toledo Laundry Co., 332 Summit St.

The general claim ordinance recently approved by the council will be paid, commencing to-morrow.

Work on the new quarters of the Merchants' & Clerks' Savings institution is going along nicely, and the bank will soon move "down town."

French Clocks at M. Judd's.

Meters and meter boxes are being received in large quantities by the Northwestern gas company, as witness their yard on Jefferson street.

The corporation prison fund is almost entirely depleted, hence police court officials depending on this fund for their salaries will be minus until it is replenished.

Fine Watches at M. Judd's.

Cleveland's minstrels appeared before a fair-sized audience at Wheeler's last night. The "show" was not entirely satisfactory, though there were some excellent features.

Toledo lodge of machinists' excursion to Put-in-Bay takes place to-morrow. The boys should be liberally patronized. They go down on the new steamer City of Toledo.

Young Earl Thurston ran away from home yesterday and was picked up and taken to the police station by an officer. The boy was called for at midnight by his father.

Silverware at M. Judd's.

Superior street asphalt improvement from Cherry to Madison, will be completed to-night, and be thrown open for teams to-morrow.

Arrangements are being perfected for the Odd Fellows' encampment at Presque Isle next month. There is no doubt about a large attendance, and a general good time is assured.

The Toledo Laundry Co. Phone 438.

Marshal Burns, of Napolean, was in the city last night on his way to Lancaster, taking with him a small boy who was left at the police station over night under the care of Matron Coates.

Our stock is always complete. Prices the very lowest. B. H. Broer, 606 S. St. Clair street.

You can have a delightful drive if you order a Carriage or Surrey from the Crescent Livery Co.

Battery D of the Light Artillery leaves to-morrow for McConnellsville, Morgan county, for an eight days' encampment with the First regiment.

An open air mission meeting will be held to-morrow at the fair grounds, by the ladies of St. Stephen's English Lutheran church. Those attending are requested to be at the church at 9:45 a. m.

The second Congregational Church, Fourth street, East Toledo, took out a permit this morning for the erection of their edifice. The estimate of cost is fixed at $8,000.

The funeral of Miss Lena Larson will be at Washington Street Congregational church at 2:30 p. m. Thursday, instead of at residence.

In Justice Parker's court yesterday afternoon Miss Subkninok was bound over to the grand jury, for assaulting little Pauline Szezebloski; bail $25. This afternoon the slander case of Cook against Creeger will be heard.

The Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

Memorial hall has been secured for Sunday afternoon, September 27, during the session of the Central Ohio M. E. conference, in order to allow as many as possible to hear Bishop Newman, who will preach on that occasion.

The cases against Thomas Skahill for neglecting to provide for his children, and Mr. Cahoo, for violating the sidewalk ordinance, were again continued in the police court this morning.

There is a bad hole in the Adams street pavement at the corner of Empire street, and there is another cave in just one block further out at the corner of Franklin avenue. Both should be attended to.

If you want a sure thing in pickling order Leroux' Cider Vinegar.

First ward republicans met last evening at the Bush street wigwam to organize a club, but there were too few of the guns present to do anything. A committee of three from each precinct was selected to gather the faithful for another meeting to be held two weeks hence.

The following drunks were disposed of in the police court this morning: C. Gouchee, costs; John McMahan, $5 and costs; Thos. Haggan, costs; Charlie Field, costs; Isadore Shetleroe, costs; Jos. Kimball, vagrancy, discharged.

Buckeye Paints and Varnishes are noted for their durable qualities. They are made in Toledo.

Justice Merrell was busy yesterday afternoon and this morning continuing his cases. Peter's case against the city, to recover the value of a mule which broke its leg in an open sewer, was continued until Aug. 14. The Neuport Cheese and Butter Co. against Jacob Schmitt on a promisory note of $108.21 was continued to July 31. Boos against Blossom, continued 10 days; Lewis against Kufer, continued to Aug. 3; Derian against Meither, jury drawn and case continued to July 31.

It's funny how much location counts in the success or failure of a hotel. The Sturtevant House is fortunate indeed in its location corner of Broadway and Twenty-ninth street, N. Y.

G. A. R.

Steamers Idlewild and Arundell for Detroit and G. A. R. Encampment August 1st to 6th inclusive. Fare $1.00 round trip; tickets good returning until August 20th. Leave dock, foot of Jefferson street, as follows, viz: Idlewild, August 1st, 8:30 a. m., city time; Sunday, August 2d, 9 o'clock; August 3d, 2 o'clock p. m.; August 4th, 5th and 6th at 7:30 a. m.

Arundell from same dock, August 3d, 9 o'clock a. m.

Six hours in Detroit before returning each day. Tickets for sale on and after August 1st at office of S. Canfield, Marine Building, foot of Jefferson street.

Forsyth Grand Special Train

To the G. A. R. encampment at Detroit will leave Union depot at 4 p. m. Monday, August 3. Tickets are now on sale at Union ticket office, Boody house. All comrades are expected to purchase tickets this week. Tickets good to return on any Lake Shore train.

CHAS. WITTICH, Commander.

Save money by buying your Dry Goods at LAMSONS'.

Inspection and comparison invited. We never have Special Sales.

LAMSON BROTHERS.

A stray horse entered a Brooklyn candy store the other day, to the great terror of the proprietor, picked up some candy and held it out to the young woman clerk. While she was wondering whether the animal wanted the candy wrapped up and sent home or not, the horse's owner came in and explained that the petted beast wanted some one to hold the candy while he ate it. He was used to being fed from the hand, and thought he could eat it no other way.

Syrup of Figs.

Produced from the laxative and nutritious juice of California figs, combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds and headaches, and curing habitual constipation.

Captain Stephen A. Bills, of Toms River, N. J., has a very novel set of dominoes, which he prizes very highly. They are made from pieces of twenty-eight different wrecks which have come ashore on the Atlantic coast between Barnegat Inlet and Point Pleasant. They were made by Captain Charles Tilton, of the life saving service, who was ten years in making the collection. Every particular domino has a history, and Captain Bills likes nothing better than a chance to relate it.

Do Not Miss This Chance

of attending the National Encampment, by Special train over the Lake Shore on August 3.

FOR CARPETS
FOR CURTAINS
FOR DRAPERIES
FOR MATTINGS — Go To LASALLE & KOCH

A Brilliant Affair

is what the National Encampment at Detroit will be. Members of the G. A. R. and W. R. C. should avail themselves of the opportunity offered by the Lake Shore R'y for visiting Detroit by Special train August 3, and at low rates.

Lamson Bros.' opened a bargain in the Black Goods department to-day.

No Change of Cars to Detroit

will be made by members of the G. A. R. or W. R. C. who take the Lake Shore Special Train August 3.

New Fall Fabrics in Dress Goods department. LASALLE & KOCH.

Summer Tours.

The Wabash railroad are offering round trip tourist tickets, at very low rates, to Excelsior Springs, Eureka Springs, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Butte, Helena, Ogden, Salt Lake City, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Sitka, Alaska and many other points.

They are the only line east of Chicago that have a complete line of tourist tickets, obviating the annoyance to passengers of exchanging their tickets at some point en route. Palace reclining chair cars (seats free), elegant sleepers and famous Wabash dining cars on all trains.

Through Pullman buffet sleeping cars and palace reclining chair cars to Kansas City without change.

For illustrated printed matter, maps, folders, routes and rates apply to Boody house ticket office or P. E. Dombaugh, passenger and ticket agent Wabash railway, 308 Madison street, Toledo, Ohio.

We display a few choice styles of Cloaks for early Fall wear.

LASALLE & KOCH.

Lamson Bros.' Nonpareil Shirt the best ever offered for the money; if you have not worn it try it now.

G. A. R. Special Train

to Detroit August 3, via Lake Shore R'y.

Wash Dress Fabrics; many extra fine bargains at LASALLE & KOCH'S.

Presque Isle | Is Toledo's favorite resort the free concerts given by the great military band are superb; the shade is lovely, the breezes healthful and the price of boat ride and all only 20c. Take your families and go to beautiful Presque Isle.

Do not purchase at so-called Special Sales until you have first compared prices with us. No trouble to show goods.

LAMSON BROTHERS.

Only a few Dress Patterns left of the great bargains in Black Silk Regence.

LASALLE & KOCH.

Have you seen the Great Bargains in Muslin Underwear? LASALLE & KOCK.

The Special Train

account of the G. A. R. Encampment at Detroit, runs through without change of cars over the Lake Shore.

Lamson Bros.' opened new Chenile Table Covers this morning.

Careful purchasers always buy Hosiery and Underwear at LAMSONS'.

Royal Arcanum Excursion.

Toledo Council, No. 21, R. A. Excursion to Put-in Bay on City of Toledo to-morrow, July 30. Boat leaves her dock foot of Monroe street, at 9 a. m. Every member go.

GEO. W. BOOS,
GEO. A. STOCKTON,
M. W. PLATT,
Committee.

Lamson Bros.' received new goods in the Hosiery department to-day.

See our south window; we are closing out this line of goods at about half price.

LAMSON BROTHERS.

Special Train to Detroit for the G. A. R.

For the National Encampment of the G. A. R., the Lake Shore & Mich. South. R'y will run Special train to Detroit, August 3, for which tickets will be sold at low rates. For time of trains, etc., see posters, or apply to local ticket agent for full particulars.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

MCGLYNN'S AMBULANCE SERVICE.

McGlynn's ambulance service is now the finest and most complete in the state. He has gone to a great deal of expense to arrange all details of the service so that it is on an equal with the largest cities in the country. The best horses and most careful drivers and attendants to be found are connected with the service. Those in charge are familiar with every portion of the city, and a telephone message will bring the ambulance to where it is needed in the shortest possible time. The office is centrally located so that the ambulance can reach all portions of the city in a few minutes. Phone 1035 or call at 422 Summit street.

This ambulance is the only one located on this side of the river and in the central part of the city, 442 Summit street, hence of necessity it can but give the most prompt service. Everyone employed around places of danger should get its phone number (1035) securely in their mind.

Pure California Claret,

25 cents per quart bottle at

F. BEHR,

Cor. Adams ond Huron.

Go to Strasburger Mid-Summer Clearance Sale Shoes and Slippers 341 Summit Street.

THE time to get Furniture below cost is now at Hager's Closing Out Sale.

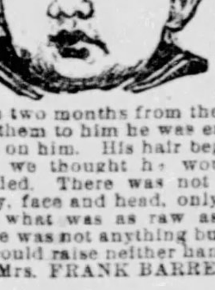
HAGER'S Closing Out Sale is no humbug; "Everything goes" below cost.

A dense school of herring has appeared in the White Sea along the Soomski settlement in Archangel. It was a godsend to the people of the whole settlement, who had been reduced to actual starvation by the dearth and want of food. The villagers netted such quantities of herring that there was not salt enough in the whole district to preserve the entire crop, and many hundreds of pounds had to be thrown back into the sea.

RAW AS BEEF-STEAK

Baby's Fearful Suffering from Skin Disease Covering Entire Body Cured by Cuticura.

My baby was taken very sick when he was three months old, and in a few days began breaking out. We employed both of the home doctors, and they could do nothing for him. Then we went for the best doctor in Eaton Rapids, Mich., and he doctored him for two weeks, and he got worse all the time; and then I took him to Jackson, to a doctor who attends especially to skin diseases and then he got worse than ever. Then I told my husband we had better try the CUTICURA REMEDIES any way; did not have any idea they would do any good, but in less than two months from the time we began giving them to him he was entirely well and not a spot on him. His hair began growing right off, and we thought he would always be bald-headed. There was not a spot on his whole body, face and head, only his nose and eyes but what was as raw as beef-steak. So poor there was not anything but bones, and so weak he could raise neither hand nor head.



Mrs. FRANK BARRETT, Winfield, Mich.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier, and greatest of humor remedies, cleanses the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements, and thus removes the cause, while CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, clear the skin and scalp, and restore the hair. Thus the CUTICURA REMEDIES cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, pimply, and blotchy skin, scalp and blood diseases, from pimples to scrofula, from infancy to age, when the best physicians fail.

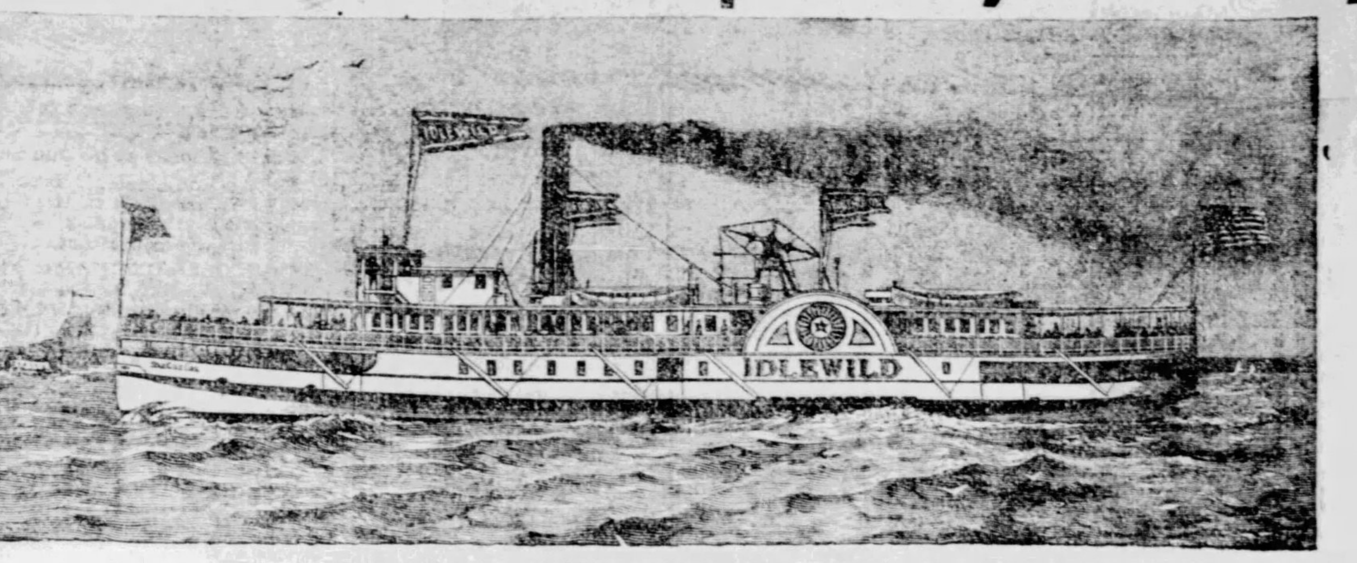
Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1; Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston, Mass. Send for "How to Cure Blood Diseases."

BABY'S Skin and Scalp purified and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP. Absolutely pure.

RHEUMATIC PAINS

In one minute the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster relieves rheumatic, sciatic, hip, kidney, chest, and muscular pains and weaknesses. Price 25c.

To G. A. R. Encampment, Detroit,



TAKE

STEAMER IDLEWILD

Tickets, $1.00 Round Trip, good going August 1st to 6th inclusive, and returning, until Thursday, August 20th.

Steamer IDLEWILD will leave Toledo August 1st and 2d on regular time. Monday, August 3, Steamer ARUNDEL will leave Toledo at 9 a. m., and Steamer IDLEWILD will leave at 2 p. m. Tuesday, Aug. 4, Wednesday, Aug. 5 and Thursday Aug. 6, Steamer IDLEWILD will leave Toledo at 7:30 a. m. city time, arriving at Detroit 11:30 a. m.; returning leave Detroit Tuesday, Aug. 4 and Thursday, Aug. 6, at 6:30 p. m.; Wednesday, Aug. 5, after the Fire-Works are over.

This will give passengers an opportunity to see the Grand Parade, Etc., on Tuesday, and the Grandest Spectacle of Fire-Works ever seen in any country, on Wednesday, and return home the same evening.

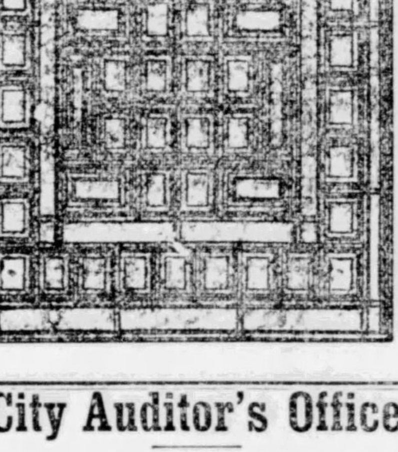
Our New Entrance

Is assuming shape and when completed, the entire remaining portion of the store front will be remodeled. Until all is finished THE ALTERATION SALE will be continued. If you have not called on us during this sale, it is to your interest to do so and convince yourself that when we advertise to give you your choice of any article from our immense stock at actual cost, we do just as we say. Carpets and Draperies included.

NEUHAUSEL BRO'S

DRINK GERMAN COFFEE

IT IS THE BEST.



Steel Ceiling!

Ask your Architect to specify the Kinnear Ceiling. It will not Crack or Fall Off.

We can furnish it in various designs. Our prices are made low so that you can afford to have it. See Boody House lobby. Write for prices.

THE KINNEAR & GAGER CO.

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

City Auditor's Office.

TOLEDO, O., July 28, 1891.

THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS of the Common Council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, AUGUST 31, 1891,

at 7 o'clock p. m. for the purchase of Street Improvement Bonds, to the amount of eleven thousand and thirty-seven 23-100 ($11,037 23-100) dollars, bearing date Aug. 17, 1891, and payable as follows: Six hundred and eighty-seven 23-100 dollars on Feb. 17, 1892, and eleven hundred and fifty dollars at the expiration of every six months thereafter to and including Aug. 17, 1895, at the office of the city treasurer, with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place as evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said Improvement bonds are issued pursuant to section 2704 to 2707 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Ohio, and also under an ordinance of the common council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, "To provide for the issue of Improvement Bonds to pay the cost and expense of the improvement of Illinois Street, from Washington Street to Division Street"—passed June 8th, 1891.

The denomination of the Bonds will be first payment one bond of $687.23, and thereafter one of $600 and one of $550 each payment.

The said Bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, to the highest bidder.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the Bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the Bonds so bid for as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the law and ordinances. When the bids have been examined and the award made according to law, all moneys or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the City Auditor subject to his call, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered and accepted as part payment of the Bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the Bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Toledo, and shall become the property of said city in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to the "Auditor of the City of Toledo, Ohio," and be indorsed "Proposals for Improvement Bonds."

W. S. WALKER,
City Auditor.

pub wed jy 29 aug 5 12,19, last 26

G. A. MUHME, home Chiropodist, office 117 Summit st, over Mr. Egley's shoe store, second floor. Removes Corns, Bunions and Ingrowing Nails, without leaving the feet sore. Positively cures Sweating and Odorous Feet. Examination free. Treats Chilblains and frozen feet. EMMA McCARTHY, Secy.

Grand Central!

A First-Class Restaurant.
MEALS 25 CENTS.

503 Monroe St., cor. Market Space

HENRY WEITZEL, Propr.

Erie Street Improvement.

Swan Creek to Logan Street.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost of Erie street improvement, can save 13 857 per cent. by paying cash—which can be accepted to close of Thursday, Au— —th proximo.

W. S. WALKER, City Auditor.

first pub sat july25,28,30aug1,3,4,6

DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS!

Merchants' and Clerks' Savings Bank

138 Summit St., near Jefferson.

CAPITAL, $150,000. SURPLUS, $50,000.

Interest allowed on Savings Deposits, payable Semi-Annually.

OLIVER S. BOND, Pres. J. E. BAILEY, Vice Pres. E. LOUIS SCHOMBURG, Treas

"Why So Successful?"

"OUR 19th BLUE TICKET SALE."

Because we are giving the People the Newest and Best Seasonable Goods with all Profits Eliminated.

These have just arrived and go into the sale without a particle of profit to us. We promised the people a 30 days' sale of the newest and most seasonable goods, with all profits cut off; that is just what we are doing. It's a Fair, Square, Profitless Sale.

These Are New. Do You Think There's Profit Here?

250 Fast Black India Linen **SHIRT WAISTS!** Back and Front Box Pleat, Belt, High Shoulder. Value, $1.35. Price, 85c.

FINE PERCALE MOTHER HUBBARD WRAPPERS Tucked Yoke, Collar and Cuff Embroidered, Raised Shoulders, Belts. Value, $3.00, Price, $1.75.

NEW WRAPPERS 100 Fine Print Wrappers, Princess Back, Value, $1.50, Price, 98c.

TWO HUNDRED MOTHER HUBBARD WRAPPERS MADE OF Fine Cambrics, Shirred Backs, Belts, Value, $2.00, Price, $1.24.

Fine 2-Ps. WRAPPERS Value, $2.25, Price, $1.24.

A Great Sale of Muslin Underwear Without Profit

BEGINS TUESDAY, JULY 28th.

THE LION DRY GOODS CO.

GEORGE M. FISHER, President.